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The Bombay Chronicle

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VOL. XXVI NO. 283 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1938 PRICE: ONE ANNA

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

France Escapes National Crisis

General Strike To Be Abandoned?

LABOUR HAS ACHIEVED ITS OBJECT

C. G. T. Has No Desire To Dislocate Life Of Nation

PARIS, November 28.

There is a possibility that Wednesday's General Strike will be called off by the C. G. T.

The Executive of the C. G. T. is now meeting and may decide that they have achieved their aim in having made a nation-wide protest and that they do not wish to dislocate the life of the nation.—Reuter.

EFFORTS OF RIGHT-WING SOCIALISTS

PARIS, Nov. 28.

The Union of Socialists and Republicans, the Rightwing Socialist Group led by M. Paul Bancour is making an attempt to get M. Daladier to summon Parliament on December 6 and the C. G. T. general strike called for Wednesday postponed until after that date.

STRIKERS RESUME

A Lille message says:

All strikers in Lille District returned to work this morning. Thirty thousand miners and 2,000 railway workers in Valenciennes and Douai Districts have also returned leaving 22,500 engineers on strike in Valenciennes District. The latter are expected to return to duty to-morrow.—Reuter.

WAR MOBILISATION LAW MAY BE INVOKED

French Govt. Measures To Combat General Strike

PARIS, Nov. 28.

The week-end has brought unmistakable relaxation in the tension and the back-to-work movement has gathered momentum in the North, though the delegates of Metal Workers' Union have ordered 25,000 men to remain on strike.

Negotiations regarding overtime are proceeding with Metal Workers who live outside Lille and hence work will continue there normally to-morrow.

In the meanwhile Government are understood to have made plans to deal with the general strike. In addition to requisitioning the railways, it is reported, the law for mobilisation of the country in the event of a war may be invoked, and if this is insufficient a state of siege may be declared under the law of 1878.

Drastic effects of the strike are likely to be greatly mitigated as a result of Government action and orders of the C.G.T. that there must be no interference with public services. Many retail shops in Paris region have informed the Ministry of Labour that they intend to remain open on Wednesday.

The National Confederation of ex-servicemen has decided to send delegations to M. Daladier and the headquarters of the C.G.T., appealing to the Government to find measures of appeasement of internal conflicts and to workers to reconsider the danger of general action.

M. Daladier, broadcasting tonight, declared: "We intend no dictatorship and no Fascism. The sacrifices demanded are necessary for the life of the country. The general strike is a challenge by the dictatorship of a minority to democracy."

He appealed to the common-sense and loyalty of all Frenchmen to ward off the peril.—Reuter.

LEFT WING PREPARES FOR GENERAL STRIKE

PARIS, Nov. 28.

Despite broadcast appeals by M. Daladier and other ministers, the Left Wing newspapers maintain an attitude in favour of a general strike, declaring that it is a lawful method of protesting against the laws.—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

'VARSITY RECTOR SHOT AT.

BUCHAREST, Nov. 28.

Two youths, believed to be students, fired several shots at the Rector of the University at Cluj. The Rector was severely wounded and he is not expected to live. The assassins shot dead a policeman who attempted to arrest them, but they escaped.—Reuter.

JAPAN WANTS TWO-POWER STANDARD

TOKIO, Nov. 28.

A two-power standard must be maintained for Japan's new armaments, according to the Vice-War Minister, Tojo, addressing a Conference of Munition manufacturers. He added whether she wants to or not Japan faces the necessity of preparing for simultaneous military operations against the Soviets and China. Consequently new armament must be built on Two-Power Standard.

War Minister, Gen. Itagaki, who was also present appealed to manufacturers for an even greater output of munitions declaring that the end of China incident was still far off.—Reuter.

FRENCH GENERAL STRIKE

PARIS, Nov. 28.

The Executive Council of the C.G.T. at its meeting this afternoon decided to maintain its order for a General Strike on Wednesday.—Reuter.

NEW JAPANESE OFFENSIVE

CHUNGKING, Nov. 28.

Chinese reports reaching here indicate that the Japanese plan shortly to launch an offensive on all fronts. A major drive, the reports say, probably will be made in Kwangsi Province when the Japanese hope to push towards Yunnan.—Reuter.

DEFICIT YEAR FOR TANGANYIKA

DARESSALAM, Nov. 28.

Tanganyika's budget statement which was tabled in the Legislature to-day revealed a deficit of £178,000 in the past financial year. In addition a deficit of 113 thousand is estimated next year.—Reuter.

ANTI-SOVIET COMPACT

New Rome-Berlin-Tokio Military Pact Ready For Signature

(From Our Own Correspondent)

LONDON, Nov. 28.

According to the "News Chronicle" a new triple pact of great military significance between Germany. Italy and Japan is ready for signature.

The Pact will enable the three contracting parties to assist one another when any one of them is menaced by any other Power or group of Powers. The pact will last for ten years.

It is stated that Herr von Ribbentrop is anxious that the Pact should be signed immediately; but Count Ciano wants to mark time in view of the present negotiations between Rome and London.

BLOW TO NAZI DESIGNS IN UKRAINE

PARIS, Nov. 28.

The Soviet-Polish Rapprochment as a result of talks in Moscow is welcomed in the Press.

"L'Epoque" describes it as a good omen and says that it can be interpreted as the first act of renunciation of the mistaken policy of raising between the Soviet and Germany a neutral state.

"L'Oeuvre" declares that the accord will displease Berlin, who will see in it a blow to the designs, which Germany might have in Ukraine.—Reuter.

CHAMBERLAIN TO VISIT ROME

ROME, Nov. 28.

Mr. Chamberlain will visit Rome in January according to Italian afternoon newspapers.—Reuter.

Huq's Charges Refuted

Dr. Khansaheb's Letter To Sarat Bose

CALCUTTA, Nov. 28.

With reference to the allegations stated to have been made against the Congress Governments by the Hon. Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq, Chief Minister, Bengal, Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, Leader of the Bengal Congress Parliamentary Party, has released for publication the following letter received by him from the Hon. Dr. Khan Sahib, Premier, Peshawar:

"Dear Friend,

Your letter of 26th October, 1938, which reached me only a few days back.

"I have gone through the letter of Chowdhury Ashraf-ud-Din Ahmed (copy received with your above quoted reference) and have to state that no such propaganda is being carried on in this Province against the Congress Government. There are a few self-interested people, who say foolish things on the platform, but we attach no importance to them."—A. P.

ARAB DELEGATION FOR R. T. C.

High Committee Members To Join

JERUSALEM, Nov. 27.

Most members of the former Arab Higher Committee are likely to be among the delegation of Palestine Arabs which will attend the London Conference, according to reports from Arab sources here.

The names mentioned include Musa Alami, former Palestine Government Advocate, who would represent the Mufti.—Reuter.

PIROW MEETS MUSSOLINI

Will Study European Situation And Submit Report To London

ROME, Nov. 28.

Continuing his European tour, Mr. Pirow, the South African Minister for Defence and Commerce, called on Sgr. Mussolini to-day and had half an hour's cordial conversation. Mr. Pirow's visit to Rome concerned principally the promotion of trade relations between South Africa and Italy.

HIS MISSION IN EUROPE.

Mr. Pirow in his interview with Sgr. Mussolini presumably discussed matters raised in his recent talks with Herr Hitler at Berchtesgaden and when he returns to London after visiting Paris, the Hague and Brussels, where also he will be conferring with heads of the respective Governments, he will be able to present his personal views on the European situation to the British Government.—Reuter.

M. C. C. BEATS ORANGE FREE STATE

BLOEMFONTEIN, Nov. 28.

The M.C.C. beat Orange Free State by an innings and 24 runs.

M.C.C. 412 for six declared (Yardley 180 not out, including 25 fours. Bartlett 100. The pair added 227 runs for the sixth wicket in two hours. H. Sparks four for 89)..

Orange Free State in their second innings made 260 (Coen 61; D. Sparks, last man in, 57 not out; Verity seven for 75).—Reuter.

Pope Has Peaceful Sleep

ROME, Nov. 28.

A bulletin states that the Pope had a good night's peaceful sleep.—Reuter.

Princes Plan For 'Life And Death' Struggle

REORGANISATION OF NARENDRA MANDAL

Efforts For Unity And Concerted Action Against Impending Issues

Efforts are being made by the Indian Princes to formulate demands for a "carefully planned and concerted action" against impending issues which are characterised as of "life and death importance" to them.

Opening the informal conference of Princes and Ministers, His Highness the Jam Saheb of Nawanagar, Chancellor of the Chamber of Princes, who presided over the meeting held at the Taj Mahal Hotel on Monday, remarked that they were meeting at a "crucial juncture in the history of the country." The need for the States standing together," he added, "is never greater than it is to-day."

ENLARGEMENT OF CHAMBER

The Conference has before it the amended report of the Reorganisation Committee and the suggestions for reorganisation schemes of the Chamber of Princes Executive and the formation of the Ministers' Advisory Committee and the report of the Criteria Committee for the enlargement of the membership of the Chamber. It is presumed that the Conference will last for two more days.

It is understood that vigorous canvassing is being made by some of the members of the Standing Committee to prevail upon representatives of what are called the "middle group" States, not to raise their voice in opposition to the proposed "paper agreement," to discuss which the Standing Committee, the Executive of the Chamber of Princes, met at the Taj on Sunday and deliberated for nearly nine hours.

Final decisions will however, be taken only at the Conference of Princes and Ministers who will meet at Delhi shortly.

It will be recalled that the Standing Committee appointed a representative Reorganisation Committee in February last to formulate a scheme whereby the bigger and the smaller States might be closely associated with the Chamber of Princes.

The Reorganisation Committee which sat in July last set up a Committee of Princes and a Committee of Ministers, each of 25 members, to advise the Chamber on matters regarding Federation. His Highness the Maharaja of Bikaner presided over the deliberations at the time.

Subsequently the Standing Committee which met in Bombay recently made further alterations and thought that "it would be possible to give effect to the recommendations amending the regulations and not the constitution of the Chamber of Princes."

Thirty rulers and 80 representatives, including those from the five 21 gun States, "from practically all the other important States and from a substantial majority of the smaller States," were present at the Conference.

His Highness the Jam Saheb of Nawanagar, opening the Conference said:—

"It cannot be denied that in the recent past, the bigger and the smaller States have tended to drift apart. It will serve no useful purpose now to post mortem the reasons or to apportion the blame for it. It is, however, obvious that this unfortunate development has detracted from the prestige and utility of the Chamber as a joint tribune of the bigger and the smaller States and, if I may state without meaning any offence, it has helped neither the one nor the other. The problems facing us do not discriminate between the bigger and the smaller States and in their solution we all sink or swim together. As such, it is a matter for genuine gratification to welcome at this Conference to-day the accredited representatives of all the 21 gun States, of practically all the bigger States and of a substantial majority of the smaller States. I can confidently assure our friends from the bigger States that they have nothing to fear from a joint plank where, on matters of common concern, they and the representatives of the smaller States may work together. I hope I can with equal confidence assure my friends of the smaller States that none of their legitimate interests need be sacrificed and in fact they should be strengthened, by their collaboration with the bigger States. Nor need this plea for unity amongst States be interpreted as an ultimatum to others.

THEIR TRIPLE OBLIGATION.

"We mean no dictation or interference to others just as we need submit to no dictation or interference from others. The Rulers and the Governments of the Indian States, I speak with full sense of my responsibility, are fully alive to their obligations to the Crown, to India and to their subjects; and God willing they shall not be found wanting in whatever may legitimately be demanded of them in the discharge of this triple obligation. No false notions of prestige or expediency need stand in the way of our redressing, where necessary, the legitimate grievances of our subjects, whose loyalty and affection, continues to be the sacred trust and the proud heritage of most of us.

The Indian States would, as in my opinion they should, co-operate within their limitations with all healthy movements for the progress of their motherland, just as they would not be found wanting to combat "effectively and strongly" any unwarranted mischievous attempts to interfere with their ordered progress.

NEED FOR UNITY.

Continuing the Jam Saheb said:—

"You will be glad to learn that the Princes at their meeting this morning have authorised me to declare that they feel that any possible differences of opinion regarding the constitution of the reorganised Standing Committee or the admission of new members to Chamber are relatively insig-

(Continued on page 7, col. 4)

PENTANGULAR SEMI-FINALS

Capt. Wazir Ali, Skipper of Muslim XI

FOUR MEN KILLED IN 'PLANE CRASH

Australian R. A. F. Machine Disaster

BRISBANE Nov. 28

Four men were killed when an Australian R. A. F. plane crashed at Albertone Ferry, thirty miles from Brisbane.—Reuter.

PARIS.—The ninth annual football match between the Racing Club de Paris and Arsenal ended in a draw with each side scoring once. Both goals were scored before half-time.—Reuter.

Muslims Meet Europeans To-day

The rival Teams are:

MUSLIMS

The following will comprise the Muslim team:—

WAZIR ALI (Captain),
DILAWAR HUSSEIN,
MAHOMED NISSAR,
AMIR ELAHI,
SAEED AHMED,
MUBARAK ALI,
NAZIR ALI,
MUSHTAQ ALI,
S. M. KADRI,
K. C. IBRAHIM,
ABBAS KHAN.
Reserves:—A. BAPORIA and Y. N. LALJEE.

EUROPEANS

The following will form the European team:—

H. L. MURRAY (Captain),
R. F. H. PHILPOT-BROOKES,
C. T. ORTON,
J. E. TEW,
R. C. SUMMERHAYES,
C. E. INDER,
R. F. MOS,
A. F. WENSLEY,
F. C. KIDD,
K. S. H. WILSON, and
P. M. DOWSON,
Twelfth man—D. A. H. WINDLE.

(SEE PAGES 4 AND 14)

H. L. Murray, Capt. of the European Team.

FLOOD HAVOC IN EAST INDIES

Sixtyfive Killed And Much Damage Caused

BATAVIA, Nov 28

In the most serious floods in local memory, 65 natives have been killed and 14 are missing in Mandar District. Isle of Celebes, Dutch East Indies Much damage has also been caused, 350 landslides occurring on one road. The authorities are taking measures to provide food, for which purpose Government assistance has been requested.—Reuter.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (upto 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25% on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE," if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL," will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle,"—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted an experienced all-round diplomaed agriculturist for a small State in Kathiawar, pay Rs. 60-2-5-100. Apply with copies of testimonials, stating age, qualifications and previous experience to Box No. 9988, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Surgeon. Apply stating qualifications, previous experience and terms, to Trustees, Seva—Ashram, Broach. (9981)

Wanted qualified Nurses. Apply stating qualifications, experience and terms, to Trustees, Seva—Ashram, Broach. (9991 A)

Wanted L.C.P.S., Lady Medical Officer for the G. R. Lakhpati Maternity Home, Surat, on Rs. 60-5-2-100 per month with free Quarters. Only private consultation practice allowed. Apply with full particulars before 10-12-38 to the Chief Officer, Municipal Office, Surat. (9975)

Wanted a B.P.N.A. experienced Nurse for the G. R. Lakhpati Maternity Home, Surat, on Rs. 40-1-50 per month with free Quarters. Apply with full particulars before 10-12-38 to the Chief Officer, Municipal Office, Surat. (9976)

Wanted Second Class Licensed Wiremen. Apply Box No. 11085, c/o "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted: An experienced Refrigerator mechanic with good knowledge of radio repairs for Iraq. Apply stating experience and salary expected to Post Box 118, Bombay. (9980)

Wanted Candidates to qualify as Sub-Engineers, Overseers by Post. British India Technical College (B.C.) Sukkur (Sind). (11069)

Wanted representative to sell silk commodities. Pay 150. Particulars free. Bilbo Silk Mills Co., Ludhiana. (10948)

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents for silk and woollen cloths. Pay Rs. 100/- P. A. extra. Have free particulars and samples. Girson Knitting Works, Ludhiana 39. (10983)

241. PROFESSIONAL ADLETS

Dentistry: Full-set American Teeth Rs. 25/-, modern Dental Clinic Yusufally Manzil, Lamington Road. Tel. 42627. (11087)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent-Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS for the work of constructing new roads with sullage and storm water drains and water mains with hydrants &c. in the Development Scheme "C" of Colaba Land & Mill Company's Estate near Arthur Bunder, Colaba, for Messrs. W. H. Brady & Co., Ltd., Managing Agents will be received on Monday the 5th December, 1938, in the Office of the undersigned.

Forms of tender can be had from, and Plans, Conditions of Contract and Specification of Works be seen at the office of the undersigned.

TARAPORVALA & CO.,
Architects, Engineers & Surveyors.
7-10, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay, 25th November 1938.
9979.

LAND AT GOREGAUM AND DANDA.

NOTICE OF AUCTION SALE.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA ..... Plaintiffs.
vs.
RAJARAM TUKARAM & ANR. ..... Defendants.
O. S. NO. 210 of 1927 Bombay High Court.

Under instructions from the Imperial Bank of India the Plaintiffs in the above Suit and pursuant to the Consent Decree therein, dated the 11th August, 1927, MESSRS. GILBERT-LODGE & CO., will put up to

PUBLIC AUCTION,

On SUNDAY, the 4th December, 1938, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) on the site at Eksar (Goregaum), near Goregaum Railway Station, the OPEN LAND at EKSAR being LOT No. 1 having an area of approximately 58 Acres and also open land at DANDA being LOT No. 2.

For particulars and conditions of sale apply to:—

MESSRS. GILBERT-LODGE, & CO.,
Patel House.
Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay.
9951.

G. I. P. RLY TENDERS.

THE GENERAL MANAGER, Bombay, invites tenders for the manufacture of Parts of Points & Crossings 82 lbs., B.H. & 100 lbs. B.H. sections, from rails to be supplied by the Railway. Tender forms obtainable from the Railway's Controller of Stores, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, on payment of Rs. 2/- per copy. Drawings Rs. 8/6/- per set, which amount will not be refunded. Payment by cheque, Postal Orders, Postage Stamps will not be accepted. Closing date Thursday, the 5th January 1939 at 5 P. M. (S. T.)
9940

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS

The Controller of Stores, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, invites tenders for:—

(1) the purchase of unserviceable wooden sleepers available for disposal at various stations on the G. I. P. Railway. Price per copy of Tender Form Rs. 2/- which amount will not be refunded. Closing date 13th December 1938 at 3 p. m. (S. T.)

(2) the purchase of (a) empty kerosene oil tins and (b) cases with two empty kerosene oil tins in each for the year 1939. Separate Tender Forms for (a) and (b). Price per copy of Tender Form Re. 1- each which amount will not be refunded. Closing date 16th December 1938 at 3 p. m. (S. T.)

Tender Forms obtainable from the Controller of Stores' Office. Payment by cheque, postal orders and postage stamps will not be accepted.
(9914)

Public Notices

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the posts of one Assistant Superintendent (Rs. 100-5-175) and three Craftsmen Instructors (Rs. 60-3-75) for the Leather Working School of the Department of Industries, Bombay.

QUALIFICATIONS:—Assistant Superintendent should have sound general education, teaching and practical experience in manufacture of footware and other leather goods. Craftsmen instructors must have five years practical and teaching experience in either footware and/or miscellaneous leather goods. Detailed particulars as to qualifications necessary, terms of appointment, etc. may be obtained from the Office of the Director of Industries, Old Custom House Yard, Bombay. The date of receiving applications is 20th December, 1938.
9993.

NOTICE

MISPLACED OR LOST

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that share certificate of the ASIAN ASSURANCE CO., LTD., Bombay, for 50 Shares bearing Nos. 18763, 16817 in the name of Padamsingh Narsinghbhai is LOST or MISPLACED. Anyone who has any claim or lien on this, should communicate with the Company within 30 (thirty) from this day after which date the Company will issue duplicate share certificate cancelling the original. The Company will not be responsible for any loss or damage caused by the issue of the duplicate certificate.

Dated this, the 29-11-'38.

THE SECRETARIES,
The Asian Assurance Co., Ltd.,
Ballard Estate, Bombay.
9990

OFFICE OF THE MINISTER WITHOUT PORTFOLIO, GWALIOR GOVERNMENT.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS for the supply of articles required for (a) Gwalior Leather Factory, Tannery and Tent Factory (b) Gwalior Water Works and (c) Press and Stationery Departments are invited and will be received by the undersigned upto 12 noon on 21st, 22nd and 23rd December, 1938 respectively.

The Tender Forms relating to the supply of articles to each concern, together with the conditions and the detailed lists of the articles to be supplied to them, can be had from the undersigned during Office Hours on any working day upto 20th December, 1938 on payment of Rs. 2 per list of every concern.

A two anna State Petition Stamp (obtainable from the Stamp Officer, Finance Department, Gwalior Government, Gwalior) will have to be affixed on the Tender.

For details regarding instructions and terms of contract, Tenderers may refer to the notice published by this Office in the issue of local weekly "Jayaji Pratap" dated 24th November, 1938.

SARDAR M. N. SHITOLE, Col.,
Minister Without Portfolio,
Gwalior Government.
9982.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

TENDERS for the supply of all or any of the following articles for one year, commencing from 1st of March, 1939, will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay on 9-12-1938 not later than 1-0 P.M. (B.T.)

2. Gram about 14,90,000 Lbs., Bran about 3,32,000 lbs., Barley about 16,600 Lbs., Rice about 6,700 Lbs., Oil Cakes about 18,250 Lbs. and salt about 9,925 Lbs.

3. The Municipal Commissioner reserves to himself the right of accepting the tender as a whole or splitting it amongst two or more tenderers.

4. Tenders should be enclosed in a sealed envelope which must be endorsed, "Tender for the supply of grain to the Municipal Cattle," addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay.

5. Forms of tender, specifications etc. will be issued to anyone on payment of Rupee one only by the undersigned who will, on application, give any further information required by the tenderer.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner

R. K. MHATRE,
Ag. Executive Health Officer.
Public Health Dept.
Bombay, 28-11-1938.
9982.

Public Notices

AMCO LIMITED.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SECOND ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of Amco Ltd. will be held on 16th December, 1938 at 4 P.M. (S.T.) at the office of Messrs. Batliwalla and Karani, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay, to transact the following business.—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors Report and Audited Balance Sheet for the year ending 30th June 1938.
2. To elect Directors in place of the following Directors who retire by rotation and are eligible for re-election.
   DIRECTORS.
   Mr. K. R. P. Shroff,
   Mr. Jivatlal Purtapshi.
   Mr. A. D. Shroff.
3. To appoint the auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.
4. To discuss any other matter which may be brought forward by the Chairman.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 1st December to 15th December 1938, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
(Sd.) K. G. PARAMESWARAN,
Secretary.
Bombay, 29th November, 1938.
9992.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act VII of 1913 and of the Chand Press Ltd. (In Liquidation).

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the creditors of the above-named Company are required on or before the 7th January, 1939, to send their names and addresses and the particulars of their debts or claims and the names and addresses of their Vakils, Pleaders or Attorneys (if any) to Mr. I. B. Banerji, the Official Liquidator of the said Company at the Central Liquidation Office at No. 1 Maude Road, Allahabad, and if so required by notice in writing from the Official Liquidator, to come in person or by their attorneys or Vakils and prove their said debts or claims at such time as shall be specified in such notice, in default thereof the creditors will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts are proved.

I. B. BANERJI,
Official Liquidator.
Dated the 26th November, 1938.
9987.

Auction Sales

WEEKLY SALE on WEDNESDAY, the 30th November, 1938, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at the Rooms of the undersigned, 123, Medows Street.

By order of the party concerned and on account and at the risk of Mr. J. N. Shroff:—

1 Fire proof and thief resisting Austrian iron safe suitable for keeping valuables, 34" high, 1" door plate, on 26" iron stand.

By order of the party concerned:—

4 Singer button sewing machines with spare parts.

Modern type furniture comprising:—dressing table, chest of drawers, teapoys, dining tables, file cabinets, almirah, roll top writing desk, Chesterfield sofa and chairs, sliding door show case, etc.

At 3-30 p. m. (S.T.)

About 500 dozen dado skirting tiles 6x6 of various colours.

About 500 dozen dado caping tiles 6x2 and 6x3 of various colours

About 500 dozen dado caping tiles 6x1½ of various colours.

25 per cent deposit at the time of sale and the balance to be paid next day against delivery.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

OSAKA SYOSEN K. KAISYA
O. S. K. LINE
REGULAR SERVICE to JAPAN via SINGAPORE.

Steamer	Arrival.	Dep.
xRyufuku Maru	3rd Dec.	..
Kwanto	5th ..	23rd Dec.
Jedmoor	20th ..	28th ..
Yeifuku	7th Jan.	23rd Jan.
Atlantic	18th ..	26th ..
Ryuun	23rd ..	8th Feb.

x Only for Import.

OSAKA SYOSEN K. KAISYA
Incorporated in Japan
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Telephone: 22084. Telegrams: 'SYOSEN'

FROM TO-DAY!
The Show of Shows
THE MARCUS SHOW
PRESENTS
AN ENTIRELY NEW PROGRAMME
AT
THE EXCELSIOR
TWO SHOWS DAILY AT 6-30 & 10 P. M.
SUN., DEC. 4TH AT 3-30, & 6-30 P.M.
COME and ENJOY
"MARCUS FOLLIES OF 1938"
"MARCUS FOLLIES OF 1938"
BRINGING YOU
NEW DANCES,
NEW SONGS,
NEW COMEDY,
NEW SPECTACLE,
NEW SPLENDOUR
DESTINE to CREATE
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YOUNG LADIES' HIGH SCHOOL

Sir Purshottamdas Congratulates Its Managers On Their Broad Outlook

On the occasion of the Golden Jubilee of the Young Ladies' High School which was celebrated at Sir Cawasji Jehangir Hall when Sir Purushottamdas Thakordas presided, the Lady Superintendent, Miss Feniwala, read the following abstracts from the reports of the School's Working.

This institution is secondary and open to Indian girls of all communities. Its course comprises primary, middle and High School divisions and students are prepared and sent up for the Matriculation examination of the Bombay University. As contrasted with most other schools English and Gujrati are taught side by side from the lowest class. Besides the subjects for the University matriculation examination the curriculum affords instruction in drawing, needlework, cutting out, and physical culture; sports are encouraged. Indoor games like badminton, ping-pong, carrom are regularly played, under the supervision of teachers. The school has three Girl Guide companies wherein about 70 girls are enrolled as rangers, guides and blue birds.

The school is conducted under the personal management of Mrs. Jer Jamshed Desai and Mr. J. K. Wadia aided by the Head Mistress Miss M. R. Feniwala M. A. and by a staff of 17 experienced and qualified teachers of whom six are graduates and 6 trained Lady Teachers and the rest experts in the subjects they teach.

The school admits girls of all communities without any discrimination and it has on its rolls to-day 407 pupils as against 285 in the year 1936. Of these 130 are Parsis, 171 Mohamedans and 102 Hindus 4 Israelites and Christians. We are proud to say that this term admitted 125 girls a unique record in the annals of this school.

It would be ungrateful on our part if we did not tender our heartiest thanks to the members of our Managing Committee especially Mr. Rustom J. J. Modi, Bar-at-Law, who have rendered yeoman's service to this institution.

Sir Purshottamdas in the course of his speech said:—

Until the last decade, the school retained its preponderance of Parsi pupils, but to-day the school has 132 Parsi pupils as against 276 Non-Parsi pupils. The noteworthy feature of the 276 non-Parsi pupils is that, of these 276, 174 are Muslim young ladies, so that to-day the Muslim community patronise this institution most. What a surprising but welcome the last 50 years may better be inferred than described.

The remarks that a spirit of friendliness is encouraged among pupils of various communities studying in the school and that the management look upon it as a matter of immense satisfaction that, in the sphere of education, communal differences are singularly absent, are statements which must stand to the credit of the institution. Whether a communal outlook does good to any community in any sphere or not may be a wider question which can be said to be mixed up with narrow politics which unfortunately prevail in India to-day. I hope it will be only for a little while but it cannot be gainsaid that it is imperative, in the interests of each community that the younger generation should be kept away from this poisonous plant, and the infection of thinking on communal lines is the one infection from which the future of woman of India requires to be effectively protected. I congratulate the pioneers of this institution on their broad outlook at the start and the successive managers of this institution on their having kept up that broad outlook.

I have, to urge on the promising material that I see before me of the womanhood of our city that, whilst imbibing all the best that the West has to impart, they must retain and not be in a hurry to reject the best that we still have in our culture and society.

The function came to an end after a vote of thanks was proposed to the chair by Mr. Rustom J. J. Modi.

IMPROVEMENTS IN BARODA CITY

(From A Correspondent).

Various schemes for improvements are in progress in Baroda.

On the Palace road leading from the L. V. Palace to the Nyaya Mandir an Ashoka Pillar (Kirti Sthambha) is to be erected with semi-circular drives. The proposal Sthambha will be entirely constructed from "Chunar" stone, specially imported and will be in style of the famous Emperor's pillars bearing the World famous edicts with lion decorations. Part of the work is already completed and the stone is now awaited.

Another addition—both from the artistic educational and utilitarian points of view is the completion of the astronomical tower and revolving Copper dome to the already existing noble edifice of the Golden Jubilee Science Institute.

This is believed to be unique in India. There are many copper domes for astronomical purposes on the continent There is an arrangement of aiding poor, thus enabling any part of the sky to be viewed. This arrangement gives full facilities for astronomical observations.

The telescope is mounted on iron cylindrical pillar carried on R.C.C. column designed to carry a load of over 2 tons. The telescope is 8in. Refractor by Cooke standard model with equatorial mounting The total height of the instrument is 14 feet to the top of the tube and is complete with counterpoise weight, dew cap Cooke acromatic objective large finder telescope and a battery of 12 astronomical eye-pieces.

Baroda is fast becoming an important Air Station and it is a welcome sign that the College observatory is being improved.

Grading Of Mosambis

(From A Correspondent)
POONA, Nov. 23.

An experimental grading station for Mosambis was opened at Rahuri in Ahmednagar District last year. The experience obtained at the above centre indicated that the grading of mosambis before marketing them would be advantageous to the producers, dealers and also to the consumers. Soon afterwards the standard grade specifications were gazetted under the Agricultural Produce (Grading and Marking) Act of 1937.

During the last fortnight Dr. M. B. Ghatge, Provincial Marketing Officer, Bombay Province, and Mr. B. P. Deshpande, Assistant Marketing Officer, with the help of local officials and non-officials carried out an intensive propaganda in the important mosambi producing areas of Ahmednagar District, for giving wide publicity to the above grade specifications and the utility of the grading of this fruit, so that such of the growers and the dealers who wanted to prepare their mosambis for the market in accordance with the above mentioned specifications could take advantage of the facilities afforded by the Marketing staff for issuing 'AGMARK' labels and seals Red, blue and yellow coloured 'AGMARK' labels are issued for attaching to the package of the First, Second and Third grades of this fruit respectively and they can only be used by consignors who undertake to grade their mosambis according to the standard specifications.

A number of growers, dealers, other local workers and officials were interviewed individually and their meetings were also arranged. A few applications for securing authorisation for using the 'AGMARK' labels for the packages of graded mosambis have already been received and the Provincial Marketing Officer, Bombay Province, Poona considers that the flow of the graded Mosambis to the important markets in India will gradually increase if the dealers and consumers in the markets also co-operate with the Marketing Staff and encourage the consignors to follow the systematic grading of this fruit.

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RAILWAY TIME-TABLE

G. I. P. Railway

(IN FORCE FROM OCTOBER, 1938)
Arrivals at and Departures from Victoria Terminus.

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Madras Mail	6 00	22 10
Peshawar Lucknow (Exp.)	6 15	23 00
Calcutta Mail (Nagpur)	7 50	17 40
Calcutta Mail (Chheoki)	9 00	0 45
Madras Express	10 10	15 00
Poona Mail	10 25	17 30
Punjab Mail	11 15	18 50
Nagpur Express	13 50	21 25
Poona Fast (Pass.)	17 00	11 50
Poona Express	19 24	8 05
Allahabad Express	20 15	7 00

B. B. & C. I. Railway

Time-table in force from 1st October, 1938.
Arrival at and Departures from Bombay Central.

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5 35	13.50
Delhi Express	6 0	22 15
Gujarat Mail	6 45	22 00
Kathiawar Mail	7 25	21 30
Frontier Mail	8 15 (Mon)	21 15 (Sat)
*The Flying Ranee Surat	9 48	15 10
The Flying Ranee, Surat	10 58	18 05
Ahmedabad Passenger	14 15	22 30
Kathiawar Express	18 45	8 45
Baroda Passenger	20 33	9 25

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday, this train will run on Tuesday.

AIR MAIL TIMINGS

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER.

	Arr.
Frontier Mail (On Saturdays only for Homeward Passengers)	8 40

The following air mail time table is in force in Bombay:—

LONDON—BOMBAY (Juhu).
Planes call at Karachi, Bhuj, and Ahmedabad.
Arrivals at Juhu: Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Saturday at 1 p.m.
Delivery: Monday (two deliveries) 8 a.m. and 3-30 p.m. Tuesday, Wednesday and Saturday 3-30 p.m.

BOMBAY (Juhu)—LONDON.
Planes call at Ahmedabad, Bhuj and Karachi.
Latest hours of posting at the G. P. O.:—Sunday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday 7-30 a.m. Departure from Juhu 10-15 a.m.

BOMBAY (Juhu)—Colombo.
Planes call at Hyderabad, Madras and Trichinopoly.
Latest hours of posting at the G. P. O.:—Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Saturday 11-30 a.m. Departure from Juhu 1-30 p.m.

COLOMBO—BOMBAY (Juhu).
Arrivals at Juhu: Sunday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday 9-45 a.m. Delivery, Sunday 12-30 p.m. Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday, 1 p.m

BOMBAY (via Calcutta)—SINGAPORE and AUSTRALIA.
Latest hour of posting:—Sunday, Monday and Friday 6-30 p.m.

AUSTRALIA—BOMBAY (via Calcutta)
Delivery:—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, 11 a.m.

BOMBAY (via Calcutta)—HONGKONG CHINA AND JAPAN.
Latest hour of posting:—Monday and Friday 6-30 p.m.

HONGKONG—BOMBAY (via Calcutta)
Delivery:—Tuesday and Saturday 11 a.m.

BOMBAY—KATHIAWAR.
Planes call at Bhavnagar, Rajkot, Jamnagar and Porebunder.
Departures from Juhu: Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday 7-15 a.m.
Arrivals:—Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, 6 p.m.

MEMORIAL TO WAGHMARE

I. L. P. Organises For Municipal Elections

A meeting of the Bombay Executive of Independent Labour Party was held on Sunday in the Party's head office under the presidency of Mr. Donde.

Mr. D. V. Pradhan, Secretary of the Party, moved that a sum of Rs. 50 be sanctioned to be given to the family of Waghmare, the second victim of the Police Firing on November 7.

The resolution was passed unanimously.

Waghmare's wife and other relatives, however, informed the Committee that they would prefer to return the money to the party on the understanding that a suitable memorial was raised in the name of Waghmare.

The Executive accepted the offer and decided to raise a memorial.

The Committee also considered the draft manifesto for the Bombay Municipal elections and the final list of candidates to be put up was decided upon. It is understood that the manifesto and the list of candidates will be released to the Press in a couple of days.

Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, who was present by invitation, advised the Executive on the line of election campaign.

A meeting of the residents of Worli was held on Saturday night, under the auspices of the Independent Labour Party to back up the candidature of Mr. D. V. Pradhan, the Secretary of the Party.

A public meeting of women of Bombay was held on Sunday last, under the chairmanship of Mrs. Faiz Tyebji (centre), to mourn the death of Kemal Ataturk.

AROUND THE COURTS

Bombay, Monday.

That death was caused by opium poisoning which she had voluntarily administered was the verdict of the Bombay Coroner's Jury, at an inquest held to-day on Gangabai Narayen (40), wife of a mill-labourer who died in the K. E. M. Hospital on November 10.

WATCHMAN ON ROBBERY CHARGE

Kalanderkhan Sherkhan, a Pathan watchman of the Bhatia Baug Garden, was arrested last night by the Palton Road Police on charges of assault and robbery.

The accused's application for bail was rejected by the Magistrate and the accused was directed to be remanded to custody.

Chagoo Ezekiel, a Jew girl of seven, was playing with another youngster aged three on Nov. 18. The boy playfully applied a lighted match to her skirt. As a result the girl received fatal burns from the spreading flames and died in the J. J. Hospital on Nov. 26, where she had been taken by her father Ezekiel Joseph, a carpenter residing at Pais Street, Byculla.

RAN INTO CAR, SAY INQUEST JURY

While walking along Lady Jamshedji Road on Nov. 26 Rajaram Chimanrao Sule was knocked down by a motor car. He received severe injuries and was removed to the K. E. M. Hospital, where he died.

The Coroner's Jury returned the verdict that death was caused by fracture of the vault and base of the skull and laceration of the brain due to his having accidentally run into a motor car.

DEATH SENTENCE CONFIRMED

The death sentence passed by the Sessions Judge of Nadiad on one Motibhai Mathurbhai was confirmed by the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Wassoodev at the High Court in appeal.

IS THIS TOO MUCH?

Thana Match Workers Demand Only Quarter Anna Increase!

(From Our Correspondent).
THANA: November 26.

Women workers, numbering about 125, from the Box Filling Department of the Thana Match Works, are on strike, since Friday last.

Since the end of 1936 they are paid one anna for filling 288 boxes. Before this they were getting one and a-half anna for the same piece of work. The immediate cause of strike was that they were given to fill up boxes containing 80 match-sticks instead of 40 or 60 as usual. Their service cards show that they could earn hardly Rs. 2-8 on an average in a fortnight of 13 working days of 9 hours.

The local Congress workers are taking keen interest in this strike and have represented the demands of the strikers to the Labour Officer, the only demand being that they want one and a-quarter anna instead of one anna. The strikers are thoroughly peaceful.

Mr. V. V. Giri has received a communication from the Government of Baroda, expressing their willingness to co-operate with the Industrial Planning Commission in its work and their preparedness to place at the disposal of the Commission the services of any of the State officers, if required.

A NATION'S HOMAGE TO KEMAL

ISTANBUL, Nov. 13.

It is announced that the funeral of Kemal Ataturk, first President of the Turkish Republic, will take place on Monday, Nov. 21, to give time for the foreign delegations to arrive.

The National Assembly will vote a law to-morrow concerning the funeral arrangements.

It is considered probable that Ataturk will lie in state in the thorne room of the Dolma Bagtche Palace for two or three days, and that the public will be allowed to file past the coffin. For the last two days crowds have assembled at the gates of the palace in the hope of being allowed a last glimpse of the leader.

This morning 10,000 undergraduates of both sexes from the Universities of Istanbul assembled at Ataturk's statue in the Republican square to pay homage to his memory. They took an oath to remain faithful to the principles of the Republic laid down by him.

Thousands of undergraduates are begging permission to be allowed to go to Angora to take part in the funeral.

At present Ataturk lies in a simple oak bed in his room in the Palace over-looking the Bosphorus. A guard of officers is mounted. The body will probably be transported to Angora on Saturday.

The battleship "Yavuz" escorted by cruisers and destroyers, will take the coffin to Ismid, where it will be entrained for Angora.

Trains for Angora are packed. Never has there been such demand for transport. Every railway carriage available in the country is being brought into use. Hotel accommodation in the capital is already exhausted. Camps will be erected for military and naval detachments.

Cinemas and places of amusement still remain closed. The streets are almost deserted after 10 o'clock at night.

Lectures On Sexology

Under the joint auspices of the Social Welfare Society and the Birth Control Research Committee a series of six weekly lectures will be delivered by Lt. V. E. Bedekar, I.M.S., (Retd.), Principal of the Indian Institute of Sexual Science, Bombay.

The lectures are open both to males and females. Time and place would be fixed according to the convenience of the majority of applicants. A nominal fee is fixed for the whole series of lectures. Number being limited, those desirous of joining should register their names early at the Institute, 166 A Vincent Road, Hindu Colony, Dadar on week days between 5 and 7 p.m. (S.T.). Bona fide students will be admitted at concession rate. If sufficient number of applications are forthcoming from women special lectures will be delivered to them.

Bombay Assembly Speaker At Sangli

SANGLI, Nov. 28.

The Hon. Mr. G. V. Mavlankar, the Speaker of the Bombay Assembly, arrived at Sangli last night from Karad to preside over the social gathering of the City High School, Sangli, to-day. Mr. Mavlankar inaugurated the introduction of the supply of milk to the children of the Bal Shikshana Mandir, Sangli. He laid stress on the value of good health and the necessity of providing milk to the children. Mr. Mavlankar was presented with a civic address by the Karad Municipality last evening at Karad.—A. P.

Move Against Poona Pact

LUCKNOW, Nov. 26.

Mr. Ram Sahay, M.L.C., and some other members of the Adi Hindu Sabha of Lucknow have submitted a representation to Col. Muirhead, Under-Secretary of State for India, praying that the Poona Pact, which was a "great blunder" be abrogated and that the federal scheme be so modified as to provide for separate electorate for depressed classes "who constitute only fourth of the population of the country."

NEED FOR BASIC HINDI

Stressed By Umashankar Dixit At Hindi School Convocation

The Certificate and Prize Distribution of the Hindi School, Matunga (G.I.P.), was held at the Ram Narain Ruia College on Sunday Mr. Begraj Gupta, President of the Marwari Chamber of Commerce, distributed the prizes and certificates to the successful Candidates numbering about 150 including over 50 women.

Mr. Begraj Gupta congratulated the students and expressed great satisfaction at the South Indians of Bombay, especially in Matunga, taking a keen interest in acquiring a knowledge of, and popularising, Hindi.

Sjt. Umashanker Dixit, in his Convocation Address, traced the origin of Hindustani which is a mixture of Urdu, Arabic and Sanskrit, and had its origin in Northern India. The need of a Basic Hindi was urgent so as to enable the people speaking a foreign dialect, to acquire a working knowledge of the language in the day to-day life. Besides the Prachar Sabhas, the Radios and Cinemas were doing great propaganda for the spread of Hindi.

Mrs. Goshi Ben Captain, Director of All-India Village Industries Association, in her speech, narrated her experience in her European Tour and said that unless there was a Common language for the whole country unifying all the people, the question of fighting a foreign Nation was a mere myth. Love for a National Language should not be in any way less than the love towards the Mother Country.

After light refreshments the function came to a close.

Mahasabha And Municipal Elections

The President, Bombay Provincial Hindu Maha Sabha, has issued the following:—

An unauthorised report has been circulated in the Press, that the Bombay Provincial Hindu Maha Sabha, has decided not to contest the ensuing Bombay Municipal Elections. But this is not correct and therefore, it is misleading.

Though the Bombay Provincial Hindu Maha Sabha will not run its own official candidates, it will certainly actively support those independent candidates who promise to protect the just and legitimate interests of the Hindus, and those who are members or office-bearers of the Hindu Maha Sabha. The names of the candidates to be thus supported will be published in due course of time.

UNFOUNDED REPORT IN PRESS

Humayun Kabir On 'Parle Conference

Prof. Humayun Kabir, who presided over the first session of the Bombay Suburban Conference, has issued the following statement:

My attention has been drawn to the report of a local paper that there was an uproar during the first session of the Bombay Suburban Conference on Saturday, November, 26. This report is absolutely unfounded and I do not understand how or where the report of the paper concerned got news. The session passed without any untoward happenings.

Keen Discussion On Wardha Scheme

(From Our Correspondent).
VILE PARLE, Monday.

The Suburban Students Conference open session met last evening at the Chhavani under the presidentship of Pro. Humayun Kabir and successfully concluded its deliberations amongst great rejoicings and unbounded enthusiasm.

The day's task began with the celebrated song of the late Dr. Iqbal "Sare Jahan Se Achha" by Mr. Najmi of Ismail College.

Thereafter, the Suburban Students Union programme for the coming year was read out by Mr. Pappiya, one of the secretaries of the conference, wherein, he discussed at great length the various aspects of the field work like Students Hostel, Study Circles, Literary Campaign, Book Clubs—etc.

In all about fifteen resolutions were tabled. The first resolution moved by the chair expressing sense of great loss and bereavement at the sad demise of Kemal Ataturk the creator of modern Turkey. The resolution was carried unanimously all standing.

Continuing further, the resolution appreciating the motive lying behind the "Wardha Scheme" but at the same time doubting its practicability evoked greatest opposition and fighting speeches by the young orators resulted in lively discussions for and against the proposition but later on the resolution was passed in an amended form.

While concluding, the President thanked all for the ready co-operation they had offered in successfully carrying out the deliberations and advised them to profit by the experiences of others and organise themselves so that they would be able to guide one day the destinies of India.

RUNNING, jumping—active little bodies burn up more energy for their weight than their parents.

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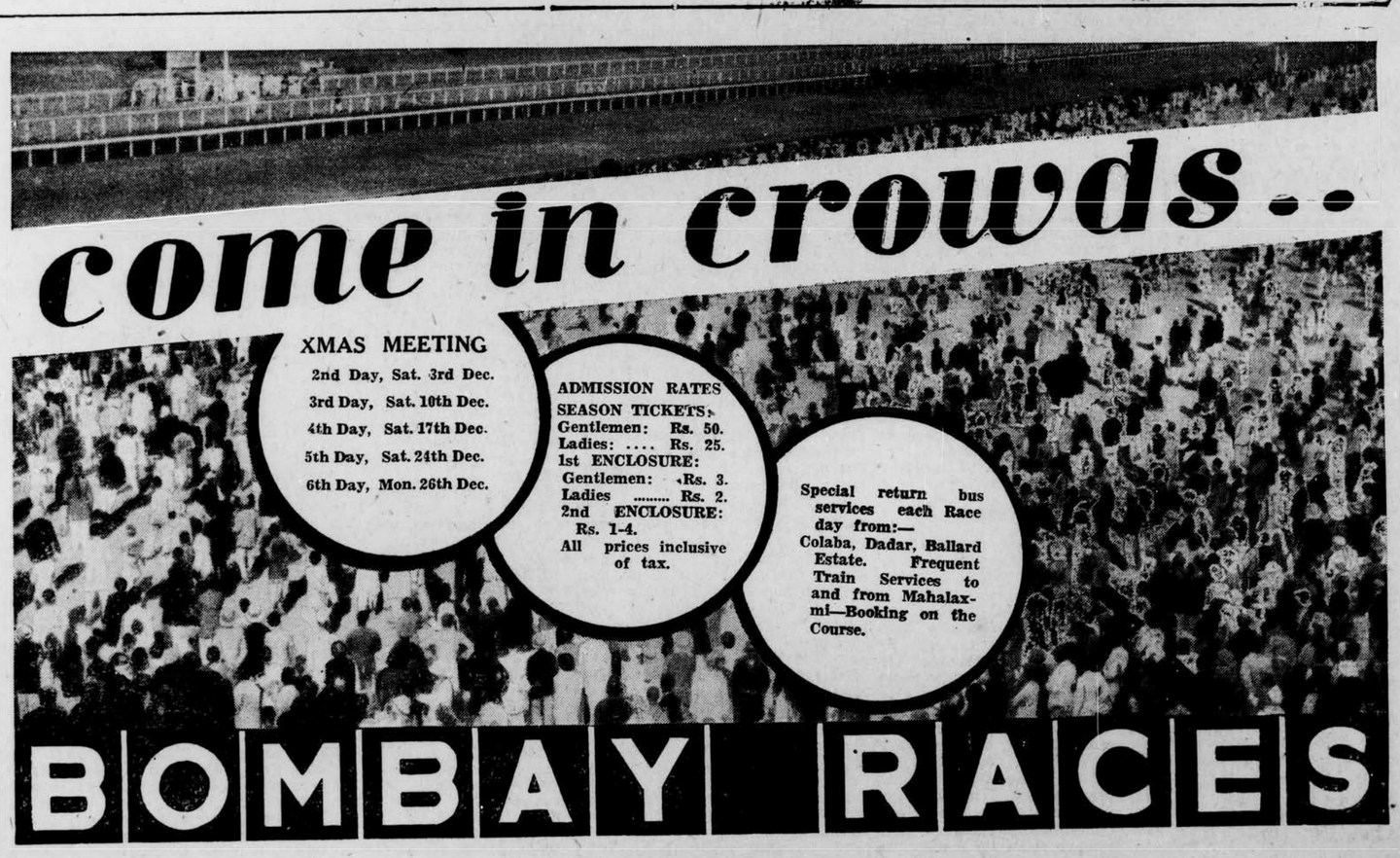
come in crowds..
XMAS MEETING
2nd Day, Sat. 3rd Dec.
3rd Day, Sat. 10th Dec.
4th Day, Sat. 17th Dec.
5th Day, Sat. 24th Dec.
6th Day, Mon. 26th Dec.
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Gentlemen: Rs. 50.
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Gentlemen: Rs. 3.
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BOMBAY RACES

Imperial Airways

LIMITED.

A YEAR OF DEVELOPMENT

THE GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCEMENT.

The 14th ordinary general meeting of Imperial Airways Limited was held on November 14th at Hotel Victoria, London, W. C.

Sir John C. W. Reith, G.B.E., D.C.L., LI.D. (the chairman), in the course of his speech said: The year under review was one of transition from one major policy to another. The company's agreements with the Government, based on the carriage of passengers, surcharged mail and freight, were due to expire between 1937 and 1939. The Empire Air Mail Scheme, accepted in principle in 1934, provided for the carriage of letter mail without surcharge.

RESULT OF YEAR'S OPERATIONS

The gross profit of £296,824 is less by £97,217 than that of the previous year. This decrease does not represent a fall in the gross revenue which for the year under review, including subsidy amounted to the sum of £1,930,000 as compared with £1,729,000 for the previous year. The Directors recommend the payment of a dividend at the rate of 7 per cent. on the Ordinary shares of the company.

As a result of unsurcharged mail more than twice the capacity was operated on the Africa route than in the previous year. Passenger traffic increased by 28 per cent., and mail loadings by 280 per cent. As to the India, Australia, and Far East services, only just over one month of unsurcharged air mail is covered, but during the year traffic from England to Karachi increased satisfactorily. Sixty per cent. more capacity was operated than in the previous year, and the same proportion of capacity offered was sold. Passenger traffic increased 43 per cent., and letter mail 75 per cent.

THE FUTURE

In conclusion, the chairman dealt with the Report of the Cadman Committee, and then read the Air Minister's announcement of last Friday regarding the proposed formation of a public corporation to acquire Imperial Airways and British Airways, and concluded by saying: At this stage there are only two observations to be made. The Minister referred to the need in this company as well as in British Airways for large additional capital for development purposes. This is a matter which has had the board's attention for some time and which in view of the assistance given the company by way of Government subsidy, has necessarily been discussed with representatives of the Government. Apart from any other issues involved any alternative to the Government's plan would entail either a great increase in ordinary share capital or the creation of shares with rights ranking in front of the existing shares.

The second comment is that the board, whatever its legal powers under the Articles of Association, will not agree to any price for the sale of the undertaking without calling another meeting of shareholders.

The report was adopted.

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OUR READERS' VIEWS

Woes Of Baroda

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Woes of Baroda are many. No one can say to-day with confidence that Baroda is in any way a progressive State or is any better than the most backward States in India. There was till yesterday a false halo round Baroda, luckily it has been completely shattered and people are disillusioned about the progressiveness of Baroda. The administrative machinery has become soulless. The services are filled with outsiders. The Gaekwar keeps out of the State for most part of the year and the royal entourage is a terrible drag on the public exchequer. There is no civil liberty enjoyed by the people. The woes of peasantry—heavy taxation on land—have a horrible tale to tell. Who then would say Baroda is an advanced State?

There are nearly fifty thousand Baroda people residing in Bombay. They enjoy all the amenities of life, they enjoy liberties that a free citizen of a free city ought to enjoy. Do they think their kith and kin in Baroda territory, groaning under the burden of a dead administrative machinery are happy? Do they feel the urge for their uplift? Then what will they do? Has Rajkot any lessons for them? Then let them gird up their loins. The call of Bhadran is clear. Sardar Patel has delivered his message. Baroda must end its woes!

The Praja Mandal is the organisation working for the political emancipation of 24 lacs of Baroda people. Barodians in Bombay are as well the citizens of Baroda, and are equally affected by the good or bad government over there. They must share in the grievances of their fellow-citizens. There is a branch of the Praja Mandal in Bombay and it is the duty of every Barodian in this city to join it to help the cause. Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel will shortly address a public meeting in Bombay. The date and place will be announced later. Barodians in Bombay will muster strong to listen to the message of the great Sardar. Meanwhile they must get themselves registered as members of the local branch with the secretaries, at the Praja Mandal Office, Yarn Exchange Office, Tramba Kanta, Pydhonie. Will they do it and respond to the call of duty?.—Yours, etc.,

RANGILDAS M. KAPADIA.

Bombay.

Film Songs

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—In response to 'Poet Astor's' request I give here a list of some of the leading film companies. Poets and musicians willing to co-operate with film producers may write to them direct.

Bombay Talkies Ltd. Malad (B. B. and C. I. Ry.).

Ranjit Movietone, Dadar, Bombay.

Sagar Movietone, Napean Sea Road, Bombay.

Minerva Movietone, Sewri, Bombay.

Krishna Movietone, Andheri, (B. B. and C. I. Rly.).

General Films Ltd., Film City, Tardeo, Bombay.

Wadia Movietone, Parel, Bombay.

Bhavnani Productions, Dadar, Bombay.

Prabhat Pictures, Poona.

Saraswati Cinetone, Poona.

New Theatres, Calcutta.

Film Corporation of India, Calcutta.

Bharat Lakshmi Pictures, Calcutta.

Metropolitan Pictures, Calcutta.

—Yours, etc.,

OSMAN SOBANI.

Esplanade Road,
Bombay, Nov. 25.

Truth About Vile Parle Election

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—You published a statement, some time ago, which refers to the roentgenographic impression of 'discerning eyes' and to Mr. Kalbag getting elected in the recent Vile Parle Municipal election in virtue of his alleged past services.

Permit me to say, in the interest of truth that this is not a fact. The two other persons who got in are freshers—so the past-services criterion is exploded.

Mr. Kalbag got in because Mr. Keskar and Mrs. Indumati Naik preferred to have their chances of election wrecked by standing on the Congress ticket. The warlords of the Lokmanya Seva Sangha interpreted this as a challenge and an affront to themselves and saw to it that the Maharashtrian vote was cast to avoid the 'catastrophe.' Every man, woman and child in 'A' ward knows that Mr. Kalbag took advantage of this situation and cut in with a split vote.

Permit me also to congratulate Mr. Keskar and Mrs. Indumati Naik for their vindication of Maharashtra's honour in gamely accepting defeat and facing a contest in which they knew that the petty-minded attitude of the L. S. Sangh had established formidable handicap. It is certainly the greatest and most intolerable insult to the Lokmanya's memory that an organisation which associates itself with his name should be engaged in such a stupid vendetta against the Congress party which, after all, is carrying on the political action that the Lokmanya formulated and launched with his courage and his incomparable suffering and self-sacrifice.—Yours, etc.,

VERITAS.

Vile Parle,
Nov. 28.

Prof. Karve & Birth Control

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—It has been brought to my notice that your Special Correspondent has mentioned my name in his report of the Assembly debate on Birth Control. He says in your issue of the 12th instant: "The Minister then read out a passage from a book written by Prof. R. D. Karve on birth-control to show that birth-control devoid of self-control was a sign of barbarity and not civilisation."

Considering that I have been advocating birth-control by modern scientific methods for the last eighteen years, such unmitigated nonsense can only be attributed to me by mistake. I hope however that you will publish this protest for the information of readers who do not know me. Those who do will of course not believe anything of the kind.—Yours etc.

R. D. KARVE.

The Rest Go Down Fighting

HINDUS WIN BY BIG MARGIN

A Word Of Caution To Nayudu

(BY J. C. MAITRA).

As was expected, the Hindus have won by a heavy margin. An innings and 16 runs separated the victors from the vanquished. It might have been bigger still, but for the number of catches dropped and some slack fielding especially on Sunday. The handling of the bowling stock by the Hindu skipper came in for a certain amount of criticism. Major Nayudu laid himself bare to the charge of not trying Banerjee and Mankad more often especially when the Rest batsmen were taking easy liberty of the other bowlers. Some people go to the length of blaming him for shouldering too much of the burden himself and laying a lot of it on his brother. There is no doubt that there is some amount of justice in all the above complaints. Otherwise the Rest could never have compiled such a tall figure as 349 in the first innings.

HARRIS DESERVES PRAISE

The Rest batsmen, particularly Harris and Shaw, batted fearlessly yesterday. But they were missed in the slips off Banerjee thrice before they got going. Nonetheless, Harris deserves high praise for scoring a century against bowlers of all-India reputation. Shaw had 53 runs to his credit. C. S. Nayudu carried the bowling honours by capturing 5 wickets for 99 runs. His analysis might have been more attractive had the fielding been up to the mark. Amarsingh had 3 wickets to his account at the cost of about 28 runs apiece.

IT WAS ESSENTIAL

The Hindus having secured a lead of 211 runs in the first innings Major Nayudu enforced the follow-on. In the interest of Hindu bowling and fielding this was very necessary—much more than the honour of gaining an outright victory over the Rest. The Muslims are putting up a very strong combination on the field. If the Hindus bowl and field against them in the final in the same manner, they could not hope to succeed. I am not really predicting the result of the Muslim-European match. From what appears on paper from the names on both sides, there does not seem to be much room for doubt. In any case, the Muslims will be an exceedingly stiff proposition for the Hindus, should the former meet them in the ultimate round.

WELL-GROUNDED COMPLAINT

A marked improvement was noticed in the bowling and fielding of the Hindus in the second innings of the Rest. Banerjee had the good fortune of bagging the first two wickets as no mistakes were made in holding the catches offered by the batsmen. If he had been given one or two more spells before and after tea, perhaps the Rest would have been dismissed for a smaller total than 195. And Harris and Hazare would not have scored 43 each as they ultimately did. I do not wish to detract from or diminish the merits of these two batting performances. What I wish to emphasise is that the Captain should have placed greater reliance on his bowlers than he did. Nayudu gave a long spell of bowling to Nimbalkar at last in the afternoon which he repaid by capturing a wicket. But I was rather surprised to see him forgetting Vinoo Mankad altogether throughout the day.

SMART FIELDING INDEED!

The younger Nayudu had the distinction of claiming 4 more wickets—making 9 in all—for 73 runs. But what evoked greater appreciation from the spectators was his smart returns to the wicket-keeper which caused the dismissal of de Mello and Fernandez. Major Nayudu was heartily applauded for a magnificent one-handed catch at silly mid-off which Harris offered him off C. S. It was unquestionably the best catch seen this season. I am sorry that I had to criticise the leadership of Major Nayudu in one or two respects. If he ponders over them a little, he is sure to find them well-grounded. If he avoids them in future he has every chance of benefiting by it. As for the Rest though they were defeated by a huge margin, they were by no means disgraced. As a matter of fact they have fully justified their claim for inclusion in the great Cricket Festival of Bombay. It may be confidently expected that they will do what others have done with greater experience and opportunities. Well done, de Mello!

(SEE PAGE 14)

MISS MASCARENE FOR SESSIONS

Second Charge Of Sedition Against State Congress Leader

TRIVANDRUM, Nov. 28.

Miss Anne Mascarene, a member of the Working Committee of the Travancore State Congress was committed by the District Magistrate, Trivandrum, today for trial at sessions on a charge of sedition, in respect of a speech delivered by her at Kattakada recently.

Miss Mascarene was similarly committed last week for trial on a charge of sedition in respect of another speech delivered at Sharkara.—A. P.

HUNGER-STRIKE OF KALSIA PRISONERS

Sequel To Non-Redress Of Demands

LAHORE, Nov. 23.

According to telegraphic information received by Baba Rur Singh, a member of the Punjab Legislative Assembly, from the Secretary of the Kisan Committee, Moga, one hundred political prisoners at Chhachrari in Kalsia State have been on hunger-strike since November 25 as a protest against non-compliance of their demands, namely medical aid and supply of clothing.

Telegrams have also been sent to the leader of the Opposition Party and the Agent to the Governor-General in this regard.—A P.

JAWAHAR TO PRESIDE

A. I. States' People's Conference At Jullundar

LAHORE, Nov. 28.

The Reception Committee of the All-India States' People's Conference met yesterday at Jullunder under the presidency of Sardar Hari Singh, M.L.A.

The Committee decided to hold the All-India States' People's Conference at Ludhiana on February 4, 5 and 6 under the presidency of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.—A. P.

SATYAGRAHIS JAILED

HYDERABAD (Dn.) Nov. 28.

Twenty-five Satyagrahis, of whom 16 were Congressmen and the rest Arya Samajists, were sentenced to various terms of imprisonment by the city courts today. The accused, who were charged under the Public Safety Regulation as well as under the Penal Code for offences of forming an unlawful association and constituting an unlawful assembly, as well as for contravening the Public Meetings Rules, were awarded terms ranging from eighteen months' rigorous imprisonment to one month's simple imprisonment.

Five were bound down to keep the peace.—A. P.

SARDAR PATEL OFFERED PURSE AT MATHERAN

MATHERAN, Nov. 28.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, who has come here for a brief holiday was given a purse by the residents of Matheran for use in Rajkot peoples struggle for responsible government.

The Hon. Mr. K. M. Munshi and Sardar Patel visited the Matheran Hospital and the Municipality today.

Presiding over a public meeting held here this evening to mourn the death of Maulana Shaukat Ali Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel paid a tribute to the services and sacrifices of the late Maulana in the cause of India's struggle for independence. Mr. Munshi also spoke in appreciative terms of the Maulana's contribution.—A. P.

TEN LAKHS DAMAGE

Huge Stock Of Groundnuts Destroyed At Bandar Port

MASULIPATAM, Nov. 27.

About 10,000 tons of groundnut stocks or roughly about 1,20,000 bags have been drenched or submerged as the result of a cyclone on Saturday night at Bandar Port, Masulipatam, causing a loss of about ten lakhs of Rupees. Three boats full of cargo sank near the wharf. Bander Port and the surrounding hamlets have been subjected to severe loss, over a hundred cattle, having perished in the storm.

RELIEF MEASURES

A public meeting was held yesterday in the premises of the City Central Congress Committee to concert measures for the relief of the poor and the labouring classes in the town, who suffered heavy losses. About a dozen people are reported to have been killed in the town by the fall of trees and walls during the storm. Hundreds of cattle also perished during the cyclone.—A. P.

THE TRIUMPH OF ORGANISATION

When we read in the newspapers the information that is regularly given about the daily progress of the reorganisation of Abyssinia under the direction of the Italian government, we cannot help associating this progress with the idea of the war in Ethiopia, which is still quite recent history.

There is no need to go into the details of this war in which half a million white soldiers took part from October 3rd 1935 to May 10th 1936, but we should like to refer to the medical and statistical report drawn up by the adviser on hygiene to the Italian Army, Mr. Aldo Castellani, which quotes some particularly interesting facts.

As a matter of fact, the Italian soldiers had to fight not only against the Abyssinian troops, but also against endemic maladies, and we can unhesitatingly speak of the triumph of organisation when we see that the number of victims of epidemic maladies was restricted to 516,516 men out of a total of 500,000!

How was this result obtained? The severe disciplinary rules of the Italian Army contained prescriptions that were carefully carried out. As it was known that quinine was an efficacious remedy for malaria, both from the preventive as well as the curative standpoint, each soldier was obliged, in conformity with the prescriptions issued by the Malaria Commission of the League of Nations, to take a daily dose of 6 grains of quinine and the officers were ordered to see that these instructions were carried out each day.

For dealing with bouts of malaria, the Malaria Commission recommends that 15 to 20 grains of quinine should be taken daily during 5 to 7 days. The results of quinine treatment fully came up to the expectations of the military authorities, and of all the prescriptions affording useful results, one of the most outstanding will be that applied during the Ethiopian War. "Malarial fevers were constantly in evidence"—states the report—"but the Abyssinian Expeditionary Force was immunised against this malady. The rules observed in an exemplary manner, saved the Italian Army from disaster."

DO YOU SUFFER FROM NERVES?

Many of us who live in the busy world of to-day are suffering from some slight nervous strain of one sort or another. This is unavoidable because of the speed at which we are expected to live. Modern diets do not always provide the Vitamins and other necessary nerve foods without which Doctors tell us we cannot hope to keep fit. People in this condition need a tonic, something which will nourish and revive the nerve cells, enrich the blood, stimulate the appetite and tone up the whole constitution so that it can quickly return to normal. Stearns' Tonic supplies the Vitamins A and D which are essential for the normal growth of the human body. If you have not been feeling "up to scratch" lately try a bottle of Stearns' Tonic—a dose before each meal and before going to bed. You will be amazed at the difference in your view of life. You will sleep well and wake refreshed, your energy and vitality will return. All good chemists and stores stock Stearns' Tonic.

STEARNS' TONIC

S.T.4.

Fields and Factories

TEXTILE LABOUR INQUIRY COMMITTEE

To Commence Official Sittings On December 7.

The Secretary, Textile Labour Inquiry Committee, writes:—

The public sittings of the Textile Labour Inquiry Committee will commence in Bombay on 7th December 1938. It is expected that the sittings in Bombay will continue up to the X'mas holidays. While at Bombay the Committee will visit cotton mills and inspect the housing conditions of textile workers.

The Committee will reassemble in Ahmedabad after the X'mas holidays where also they will inspect some cotton mills and also endeavour to make themselves familiar with the living conditions of textile workers. The evidence for Surat and Broach will be taken by the Committee on their way back to Bombay.

It is expected that the Committee will return to Bombay from Gujarat on or about the 20th January. Thereafter the Committee will take stock of the evidence collected and examine certain expert witnesses.

ORAL EVIDENCE IN FEBRUARY

Early in February the Committee will again start their tour and visit textile centres in Khandesh and in the Southern Mahratta Country. The Committee expect to complete their touring and the collection of oral evidence by about the middle of February.

The Textile Labour Inquiry Committee, are anxious that all the interests concerned should have an opportunity of placing their views before them. The Committee have framed a very comprehensive Questionnaire which has already been sent to employers' associations, individual mills, trade unions, chambers of commerce, etc. The Questionnaire asks for information on various subjects, important amongst which are the definition of a living wage standard, the adequacy or the inadequacy of wages, the establishment of a minimum wage, night shift working, rationalisation, standardisation and automatic adjustment of wages, etc.

INVITATION TO ACTUAL WORKERS.

No doubt, so far as the workers are concerned, their organisations will place before the Committee such evidence as would enable them to understand the point of view of labour. At the same time it is possible that those actually engaged in the industry may have something to tell the Committee which it might not be possible for their organisations to do. Workers who wish to reply to the Committee's Questionnaire can obtain a copy of it from the Secretary, who can be approached during office hours either in his office in the Town Hall or in the Labour Office, but those who are not in a position to reply to the Questionnaire, but are desirous of placing their view point and their experience at the disposal of the Committee should intimate to the Secretary of their desire to do so.

It is important that as the Committee are commencing their public sittings very shortly, those desiring to appear before them should get into touch with the Secretary as early as possible.

GENEVA'S SEND OFF TO DR. BUTLER

To Be Principal Of Social Research College

Warm tribute to the work of Harold B. Butler as Director of the International Labour Office was paid by members of the Government Body of the I.L.O. at their regular Autumn meeting, which was held this year in London at the invitation of the British Government.

Mr. Butler resigned recently to head a new college of social research endowed at Oxford University by Lord Nuffield. When his resignation takes effect at the end of the current year, he will be succeeded by John G. Winant, former Chairman of the Social Security Board in the United States.

Speaking on benalf of the Government Group of the Governing Body, Justin Godart of France declared that in the history of the International Labour Organisation "very striking pages" would be devoted to the achievements of Mr. Butler.

Hans C. Oersted of Denmark, Chairman of the Employers' Group said that Mr. Butler left in that Group "many sincere friends and not a single enemy." He added.

"We have very often been in disagreement with him about the ways and means of promoting the objects of our Organisation, but those disagreements have left no bitterness and we know that he has always understood our attitude and respected our convictions."

Corneille Mertens of Belgium, Chairman of the Workers' Group, said that in these difficult times of hostility and of chaos, the Office, under Mr Butler's guidance, "has remained like a steadfast lighthouse to which the workers of the world could look as their hope of help and haven"

Carter Goodrich, U. S. Government representative, recalled the warm appreciation of Mr. Butler expressed at the International Labour Conference last June by Secretary of Labour Perkins.

"Her words were memorable", Mr. Goodrich said. "There is nothing I can add to them. But I am very happy to echo and reaffirm them".

Mr. Butler, after thanking the members of the Governing Body, declared that he felt no doubts as to the future of I.L.O provided it continued to follow the line laid down by Albert Thomas his predecessor.

"That line," Mr Butlerexplained "was not to compromise with its ideals, to keep them alive, never to forget them; at the same time to pursue them in a realistic spirit with care, with prudence, with energy, but also with discrimination, realizing that one cannot always run, that sometimes it is necessary to walk, at any rate for periods."

Next Meeting Of I. L. O. To Meet At Oslo

The Governing Body of the International Labour Office, at its regular Autmn meeting held recently in London on the invitation of the British Government, decided to accept an invitation from the Norwegian Government to hold its next Autumn meeting in Oslo.

PATHE
The FINEST Theatre in Bombay
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m. 'Ph. 41501

Sonja HENIE Don AMECHE in happy landing
ROMANCE, THRILLS SONGS AND LAUGHTER!
A Musical of Superlative Splendour!

EROS
Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p. m.
Breath Taking Action!
Deep Love! Terrible Hate!!
Mighty Dangers!!! Loud Laughs!!!
Adventures in the untamed land of Alaska where no man knows what fate the morrow may bring him!
"SPAWN OF THE NORTH"
(Paramount's Spectacular Drama)
A savage land where ruthless men and women rip for times from the ice-choked seas captured in this greatest of all action romances by Henry Hathaway who produced "LIVES OF A BENGAL LANCER" and "SOULS AT SEA"
Also latest Universal British News!
Plans Open. Book your seats. 'Phone: 22519.

Special ZENANA Show for Ladies
TO-MORROW, Wednesday at 1-30 p.m.
Rates: Rs. 2-4, 1-8, 1-2, Annas 14, 9 & 4.

"Royal" Jewel: HUNS
Picture in MARATHI
ब्रह्मचारी
'BRAMHACHARI'
(The "Bachelor")
Starring: VINAYAK and MEENAKSHEE
Triumphant Thirteenth—13th Week
Daily: 5-15, 8 & 10-45 p.m.
MAJESTIC Cinema Girgaum.

METRO
TELEPHONE: 31045
Daily at 3, 6-30 & 10 p. m.

2½ CROWDED HOURS OF ENTERTAINMENT!
NORMA SHEARER brilliantly returns to the screen . . . as the glamorous girl-queen
TYRONE POWER as the man she loved but could not have
Beyond belief! Sights to see! M-G-M's Hit!
MARIE ANTOINETTE
with
JOHN BARRYMORE • ROBERT MORLEY
ANITA LOUISE • JOSEPH SCHILDKRAUT
Directed by W. S. Van Dyke II
Produced by Hunt Stromberg

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Magsar Sud 8, 1995
Muslim: Saval 6, 1357
Parsi: Khordad 25, 1308
Hightide: 3-59 16-16
Lowtide: 10-34 21-45
Sunrise: 6h 54m
Sunset: 6h 6m
Pentangular Cricket Tournament, Brabourne Stadium, 10-30 a.m.
Municipal Standing Committee, 3-40 p.m.
Port Haj Committee, 5 p.m.

POSTAL NOTICES

Registered and unregistered correspondence other than letters and postcards for Australia, New Zealand and all correspondence for Colombo per s.s. 'Narkunda' will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5 and 6-30 p.m. respectively on Thursday, the 1st proximo.

Registered and unregistered correspondence, other than letters and postcards for Straits Settlements, Hongkong and all correspondence for Shanghai via Negapatam will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5 and 6-30 p.m. respectively on Thursday, the 1st proximo.

ENGLISH MAILS

The outward P and O mail steamer 'Narkunda' with the mails from London of 17th instant arrived at Aden at 7 a.m. on the 27th idem and left there at 10 a.m. the same day.

In ordinary course she should arrive in Bombay at 7 p.m. on Thursday the 1st proximo. She will sail from Ballard Pier at midnight the same day for Australia.

The extra steamer s.s. 'Viceroy of India' is due here from London at noon on Monday the 5th proximo.

ADULT EDUCATION ASSOCIATION

Prof. Lavande and Mr. Balkrishnarao will meet their classes in Plato's Republic and Hindustani in the University, South Wing, to-day (Tuesday) at 6-30 p.m. Dr. Venkataraman will meet his class in Indian Currency and Finance in Ruia College, to-day at 7 p.m.

EASTBOUND SERVICES

Information has now been received from Karachi that the Eastbound Services due in Karachi on 26th, 27th and 28th are now expected to arrive on the night of the 28th. In the ordinary course these mails are expected to be received in Bombay to-day (Tuesday). The delivery will be issued as usual the same day.

THE GATHA SOCIETY

A meeting of the Gatha Society will be held to-day (Tuesday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) at the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute, 134-136, Apollo Street, Fort, when Ervad Jamshed C. Katrak, B.A., will read a paper in Gujarati on "The Downfall of the Sassanian Empire and the real causes for the advent of the Zoroastrians in India."

RENT INQUIRY COMMITTEE

The Rent Inquiry Committee meets at the Council Hall, Bombay, on Tuesday (to-day) at 1 p.m. (S.T.) and on Wednesday, the 30th instant at 1 p.m. (S.T.) to record the oral evidence of a select number of representatives who have submitted their written statements to the Committee, the meeting is open to the press.

MOGAVEERA YUVAKA SANGHA

The members of the Managing Committee and the Mogaveera Yuvaka Swayam Sevadal of the above Sangha treated Sjt. S. B. Kotiankar to a Tea Party on Sunday at 56, Cowasji Patel Street, Fort, on his retirement from the active services of the Mogaveera community.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

BROADWAY—"Bluebeard's Eighth Wife" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"My Son" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Law of the Underworld" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"The Marcus Show" Daily at 3-30 and 6-30 p.m.
EROS—"Spawn of the North" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Postman" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Poornima" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
METRO—"Marie Antoniette" Daily at 3, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"Street Singer" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Room Service" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Industrial India" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
PATHE—"Happy Landing" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PLAZA—"Gopal Krishna" Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m.
REGAL—"Three Blind Mice" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Adhikar" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
SUPER—"Double Cross" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
WELLINGTON — "King Solomon's Mines". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS CAMPAIGN

To-day's Public Meeting

Under the joint auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee and the Congress Municipal Election Committee, the first meeting of the Municipal Election campaign will be held to-day (Tuesday) at 9 p.m. (S.T.) at Dana Bunder (Mandvi). Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel will make the inaugural speech.

Volunteers are requested to be present at the meeting in uniform at 7-30 p.m. (S.T.) sharp.

Loud speakers will be installed and special seating arrangements for ladies will be made.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The Clan Line steamer 'Stuart' left Suez on the morning of 26th instant.

Steamer 'Murray' left Liverpool on the morning of 26th instant.

Steamer 'Clancolquhoun' left Liverpool on the evening of 25th instant.

SCINDIA OFFICES CLOSED

The Scindia Steam Navigation Company's Haj Department was closed on Monday in memory of Shaukat Ali.

MOGHUL LINE OFFICES CLOSED IN HONOUR OF SHAUKAT ALI

The Moghul Line Offices were closed yesterday and their ships flew flags at half mast in respectful memory of Maulana Shaukat Ali.

AMERICAN COLLEGE OF JOURNALISM

As a mark of respect to the memory of Maulana Shaukat Ali, the American College of Journalism was closed yesterday and will remain closed to-day (Tuesday).

CONGRATULATIONS TO DR. GILDER

The Bombay Medical Association have passed the following resolution congratulating Dr. Gilder:—

"That this meeting of the Managing Committee of the Bombay Medical Association, Indian Medical Association, Bombay Branch, congratulates the Hon. Dr. M. D. D. Gilder, the Minister of Health and Excise, on his successfully piloting the Medical Practitioners Registration Bill, through the Bombay Legislative Assembly. The Bill, it is hoped, will add to the dignity and honour of the Medical Profession and will be a boon to suffering humanity owing to the gradual suppression of quackery."

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN)

During the last week-end owing to the Pentangular Cricket Tournament nearly every suburban activity was suspended. Most of the Suburban cricket fans were at the Stadium and those that were at home spent the whole day in front of a radio. In nearly every corner of the suburbs radios were kept switched on throughout the day and those in restaurants got a crowded audience, the restaurants making a rise in their income.

Juhu and other suburban pleasure resorts that during the weekends usually saw crowds of picknickers were only haunted by a few solitary souls. At Bandra the Church of Our Lady of Mount Carmel, on Sunday celebrated the annual feast of Thirteen Hours' Adoration. The Blessed Sacrament was exposed throughout the day and in the evening a large congregation went in procession which was a very impressive sight wending through decorated streets.

SCHOOLBOYS' QUADRANGULAR

With the Pentangular Tournament so much in the air I must tell you of the revived suburban schoolboys' cricket tournament. A few years ago this tournament was quite a craze amongst suburban schoolboys but for unknown reasons the tournament was dropped.

In order to develop cricket among schoolboys in the suburbs, Mr. E. D'Silva, Prefect of Sports of St. Andrew's High School, Bandra is reviving the Suburban Schoolboys' Quadrangular under the auspices of the said school The matches will be played on their ground which is said to be the best cricket field in the suburbs.

Teams are now being selected amongst, Muslims, Catholics, Parsees and Hindus. The draw is as follows: Muslims vs. Catholics Saturday December 3, Hindus vs. Parsees December 8.

DRAINAGE OPERATIONS

Bandra's drainage operation works are now nearly completed, the last stretch, I think, is the portion of Hill Road joining Mount Mary's Road which has now been dug up.

In a few months' time the entire plant in the Bandra area will be put into working and a change in health conditions in this place is expected.

Khar has now commenced its drainage scheme and the linking Road has been taken in hand.

The Hon. Mr. Justice Lokur, the new Judge of the Bombay High Court.

L.S.G.D. EXAMINATION RESULTS

March 1938—September 1938 Session

The following students have passed satisfactorily the L.S.G.D. Examination held at the end of the session. The names are given in order of merit:

1. Vishnu Ramchandra Jambhekar
2. Purnanand Chhaganlal Pandya
3. P. D. Wani
4. K. G. Raghavan Nair
5. N. K. Kotais
6. Richard Mathias
7. M. N. Joshi
8. Kantilal Motiram Rawal
9. C. A. Jani
10. Joseph Reuben
11. P. S. Sathe
12. R. B. Mulay
13. Joseph Mathias
14. Navnitprasad Champakprasad Vohra.
15. R. Mahendra
16. K. P Shah
17. J. R. Khan
18. S. L. Trivedi
19. K. Rangrao
20. Kareen Prasad
21. P. S. Deshpande
22. Ramanlal Mohanlal Patel
23. Kantilal Somnath Shah
24. K. N. Naik
25. Hafeez Ahmed
26. L. T. Dave
27. R. V. Dwivedi
28. L. G. Pitale
29. Amulakrai P. Raul
30. V. D. Deshpande.

V. J. T. Institute Golden Jubilee

To mark the Golden Jubilee of the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, which will be celebrated from December 15 to 21, a grand benefit performance will be held at the New Empire Cinema, Bastion Road—thanks to the courtesy of its Managing Director, Mr. K. M. Modi—on Sunday, 4th December, at 10 a.m. when 'David Copperfield' will be screened.

The occasion provides an unique opportunity to past and present students

Ruth Vernon who appears in Marcus Show at the Excelsior.

of the Institute and to everyone interested in the industrial progress and prosperity of the Presidency to express their appreciation of the valuable work the Institute is doing by taking as many tickets as possible for themselves and their friends.

Tickets can be had in advance from the Principal and Secretary, V. J. T. I., Matunga; Mr. Thos. Ed. Ferro, Moos Building, Kalbadevi and at the booking office of the New Empire.

Nazi Conquest No. 1 At Regal Theatre

An added attraction this week at the Regal is the latest issue of "The March of Time" presenting an episode in modern politics which will be of outstanding interest to all people entitled "Nazi Conquest No. 1".

The film makes clear that Hitler's annexation of Austria was no recently conceived idea, but the first step in the realization of a plan set forth in his book "Mein Kampf" fourteen years ago.

There he wrote "Austria's destruction is a necessary condition for the security of the German race", and the film describes his various unsuccessful attempts to crush Austrian independence which culminated in the murder of Chancellor Dolfuss in 1934.

At the invitation of Mahatma Gandhi, the life President of the Dakshina Bharat Hindi Prachar Sabha, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu has consented to deliver an address at the eighth Convocation of the Sabha to be held here on December 17 next.

Bombay Corporation's Tribute To Shaukat Ali

HOUSE ADJOURNS WITHOUT TRANSACTING ANY BUSINESS

BOMBAY, Monday.

"He never spared himself in his efforts to serve his mother land to the best of his ability."

This was the tribute paid by Mr. Sultan M. Chinoy, the Mayor, while making reference to the death of Maulana Shaukat Ali, on Monday. A number of councillors also paid their tributes to the memory of the departed patriot and the Corporation adjourned without transacting any business for the day.

The Mayor after signing the minutes of the last meeting made reference regarding the sad and untimely death of Maulana Shaukat Ali and said:

We were all grieved to hear the sad news of the sudden death of Maulana Shaukat Ali which took place in New Delhi yesterday. The late Maulana was one of the outstanding figures in Indian politics to-day. Like his brother, the late Maulana Mahomed Ali, Maulana Shaukat Ali had devoted himself to the cause of the country. The late Maulana was always in the forefront of every movement for the good of India. Patriotism and service to his country were the key-notes of his public career. He never spared himself in his efforts to serve his motherland to the best of his ability. He was a fearless worker and no sacrifice, however, great, could stand in his way or deter from serving and standing by his country in critical moments. Though sometimes it was difficult to see eye to eye with him on several questions, yet one could not help admiring his dynamic personality, his zest and enthusiasm for the cause he espoused. Communal unity was the mission of his life. I came in personal contact with the late Maulana in 1911. He was extremely popular amongst the poorer classes of his countrymen, whom he tried to serve with unflagging zeal throughout his life. He was a champion of Islam and the guiding spirit of the Khilafat movement. He also took keen interest in the progress of education. His death leaves a great void which it will be very difficult to fill.

Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta then moved:

That the Corporation have learnt with profound regret of the sudden death in New Delhi on 27th November 1938 of Maulana Shaukat Ali, whose ardent patriotism and great self-sacrifice and devotion to the cause of the motherland had won for him esteem and affection of his countrymen and by whose death, at this juncture, the country has lost the services of one of its most enthusiastic and sincere workers in the cause of its freedom.

That a copy of this Resolution be forwarded to the family of the deceased with an expression of the Corporation's sympathy in their sad bereavement.

That as mark of respect to the memory of the deceased, the Corporation do suspend the work before the meeting for a period of 15 minutes.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta said he knew the late Maulana Shaukat Ali for the last 20 years. He was an earnest worker in the cause of the country and courted jail many times. He was detained during the last great war under the Defence of Realm Act and after the war made common cause with Mahatma Gandhi on the Khilafat question and went from village to village to educate the public with his brother Maulana Mahomed Ali. During the civil disobedience movement the late Maulana Shaukat Ali encouraged him when he took up the lead from Thana district. The late Maulana died in harness which gave a lesson to every Indian to emulate.

Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas seconded the resolution and spoke on the genial nature of the late Maulana Shaukat Ali who, he said, was loved by his friends and foes alike.

Rao Bahadur R. S. Asavle, Mr. B. N. Karanjia, Mr. A. Soares, Mr. Mathuradas Tricumji, Mr. Osman Sobani, Mr. Nagindas T. Master and Mr. M. E. Serang supported the proposition which was carried standing in solemn silence.

After fifteen minutes when the House met again, Mr. Mathuradas Tricumji moved that the House do adjourn without transacting any business. Mr. Haji Hassan seconded the proposition which being put to vote was carried unanimously.

The Mayor then adjourned the House till Thursday.

ALL ROUND FREEDOM FOR WOMEN

Hansa Mehta Shows The Way Of Achieving It

Mrs. Hansa Mehta, read a paper on The Indian Woman's Way to Freedom, on Monday evening at the Nagpada Neighbourhood House, Mr. John Barnabas presided.

She said that the question had to be studied simultaneously in the Political, Social and Economic spheres.

What little Political freedom there was in India Women enjoyed equally with men. To attain complete Political freedom, women had to work side by side with men, so long as men did not depart from the creed of Non-violence.

In social life woman suffered from invidious discriminations. The law that sanctioned child marrriage, Polygamy, and did not provide protection for woman from man's cruelties, could not be considered to be a rational law separaton and dissolution of Marriage were not provided. Woman should make a united effort to change the law, and exercise her vote in her true interest. She should marry only under the Special Marriage Act, which provided, the Hindu, Sikh, Jain and Buddhist with greater rights.

The law of inheritance for the Hindu woman, was an anachronism, considering that the joint family system under which it became operative, was disintegrating.

The position of the Parsee, Mohamedan and Christian woman was better though there was room for improvement.

Only through universal education and a mere intelligent exercise of her franchise could woman attain her goal.

Arya Samaj Volunteers For Hyderabad

Bombay, Monday.

Mr. Vijayshankar Prasad writes:

A meeting of the Executive Committee of International Aryan Conference was held yesterday in the Arya Samaj Hall, when Mahatma Narayanswami presided. It was resolved to collect Rs 1,50,000 volunteers before Sholapur session of the Conference.

The Bombay members promised Rs. 25,000 on the spot and Punjab also promised an equal sum. Large number of volunteers is being rolled for Satyagrah in Hyderabad.

ALLEGED BREACH OF TRADE MARK

Injunction Under Consent Decree

Mr. Justice Kania at the High Court heard the suit filed by Eastern Chemical Co. Ltd. against Ratansingh Raising and Co. claiming an injunction for alleged breach of trade mark.

It appears that the plaintiffs were manufacturers of disinfectant known as Pureccoll. They complained that the defendants had been selling another disinfectant of their own manufacture under labels which, they alleged, were a colourable imitation of their own labels.

At the hearing of the suit, the parties came to terms and his lordship passed a consent-decree under which the defendants submitted to an injunction and agreed to pay the plaintiffs Rs. 1,750 by way of costs of the suits.

Amar Nath Leaving To-night

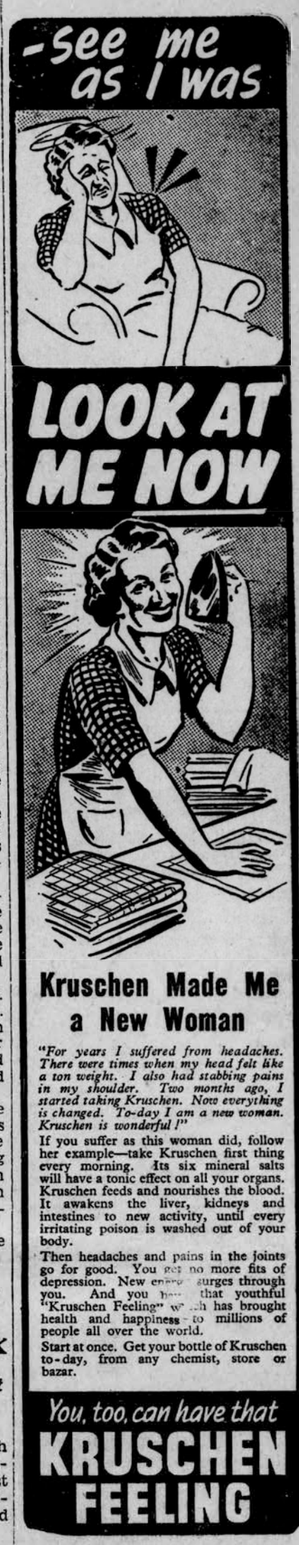
L. Amar Nath, the Indian Test cricketer, who due to unfavourable circumstances was compelled to postpone his departure from Bombay on Monday night, is leaving for Lahore to-night by the Frontier Mail.

Change Of Programme At The Wellington

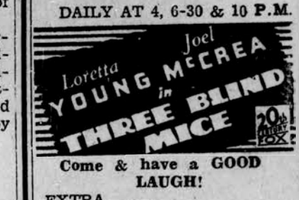
There will be a change of programme at the Wellington from to-day (Tuesday), when the brilliant Rider Haggard's magical romance "King Solomon's Mines" with the celebrated Paul Robeson and a mighty cast, is being screened. It is a story of thrills and laughter in darkest Africa.

CHILDREN'S VARIETY PROGRAMME

The Eros theatre was fairly crowded on Sunday morning when a Children's Variety and Cinema Show was held under the auspices of the Society for the Protection of Children in Western India in aid of the Home for Destitute Children at Matunga. The programme was arranged and produced by Mena Silas and Prof. Forjiniar and catered to a variety of tastes. Music, dances, magic, acrobatics—all followed each other in quick succession and the show was rounded off by a few coloured screen shorts. The performance was held under the patronage of Lady Lumley and must have handsomely benefitted a deserving institution.

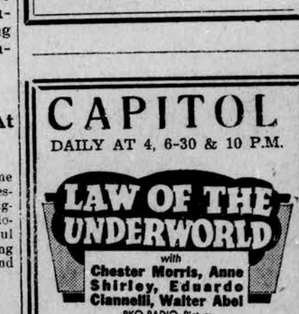

-see me as I was
LOOK AT ME NOW
Kruschen Made Me a New Woman
"For years I suffered from headaches. There were times when my head felt like a ton weight. I also had stabbing pains in my shoulder. Two months ago, I started taking Kruschen. Now everything is changed. To-day I am a new woman. Kruschen is wonderful!"
If you suffer as this woman did, follow her example—take Kruschen first thing every morning. Its six mineral salts will have a tonic effect on all your organs. Kruschen feeds and nourishes the blood. It awakens the liver, kidneys and intestines to new activity, until every irritating poison is washed out of your body.
Then headaches and pains in the joints go for good. You get no more fits of depression. New energy surges through you. And you have that youthful "Kruschen Feeling" which has brought health and happiness to millions of people all over the world.
Start at once. Get your bottle of Kruschen to-day, from any chemist, store or bazar.
You, too, can have that KRUSCHEN FEELING

REGAL
DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.



Come & have a GOOD LAUGH!
EXTRA——
"NAZI CONQUEST NO. 1"
The inside story of Hitler's Conquest of Austria!

CAPITOL
DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.



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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1938

GROSS INJUSTICE

It is unfortunate, indeed, that the Viceroy has refused his consent to the moving of amendments to clauses 4 and 53 of the Income-tax Bill abolishing the unfair advantage they give to foreign interests. The refusal shows in what spirit the new Constitution will be worked by him where British interests are involved. If special advantages to Indian industries are demanded, the anti-discrimination clauses of the constitution are pleaded as a bar to any such advantage. And when it is proposed to abolish actual discrimination in favour of the British, the very consideration of such proposals is prohibited by the Viceroy, abusing the discretionary powers vested in him in such matters. Probably the Viceroy, while purporting to use his discretion, is only accepting dictation from the British Government. But that makes no difference to the Indians whose interests are sacrificed. We do not know what precisely will be the reaction in the country to the Viceroy's decision. But we do not think it will be such as to promote love of British enterprise in this country. One thing, however, is quite clear, that since Indian business interests cannot be adequately safeguarded through legislation, they must be promoted by more self-reliant methods.

Question Of Principle

As regards the merits of the proposal to delete clause 53 on relief from double taxation, we briefly indicated some of these yesterday. We shall here consider the main objections urged against the proposal by the Finance Member in the general debate on the Bill in the Assembly. In his opening remarks on the Bill he challenged the figure of Rs. 130 lakhs quoted by the Opposition as being the average annual amount payed annually to Britain by way of double taxation relief. He said that at present the amount was only Rs. 85 lakhs, out of which only Rs. 60 lakhs would be available to the provinces. Even if these lower figures are more accurate, they are certainly not small sums to be lightly waived. As Mr. Bhulabhai Desai pointed out, they mean much to a poor country like India whereas they are negligible to a rich country like Britain. Moreover, whether the amount paid to Britain is Rs. 130 lakhs or only Rs. 85 lakhs, the amount paid by Britain to India by way of "reciprocity" is only about Rs. 2 lakhs, a figure which the Finance Member did not challenge. And the disparity between the two amounts reduces the reciprocity to a farce. Finally, this is rather a question of principle than of amounts involved. The British investors' income in question is earned in India out of Indian business. If the investors deserve relief from double taxation, the relief should come from Britain and not be at the expense of India.

Finance Member's Fallacies

In his concluding remarks on the Bill the Finance Member attempted to show that the continuance of double tax relief to the British investors was necessary in fairness to them for supplying capital to India when she needed it most and to prevent that capital being diverted to other countries. This plea is a bundle of fallacies. British investors in India have earned fat dividends in India and it is grossly unfair and selfish for them to insist on an endless obligation on India even to exempt the dividends from the normal tax thereon. Secondly, when the capital was invested, there was no guarantee of freedom from income-tax. The State guarantee of a dividend on most of the capital was more than fair. Finally, India no longer needs foreign capital, a fact which even the Finance Member admits. On no ground can the continuance of the relief to the British at India's expense be justified. It was granted in the past by an unrepresentative legislature. Its injustice is now so patent that the Viceroy dare not leave it to the vote of the Assembly. Officials have failed to secure the support of Muslims in general to clause 53 and to clause 4 as it stands. It is decidedly better to throw out the Bill than to pass it as it is.

The Root Cause

In his address to the Indian Railway Conference held at Delhi during the week-end Sir Thomas Stewart, Member of Communications, extenuating, if not justifying, the poor amenities provided to the third class passengers, said: "The humanitarian who, to-day criticizes our treatment of the travelling public is apt to-morrow to turn into a financial expert who condemns our extravagances. Too little is it realised that the provision of amenities for the public is not merely a matter of humanitarian sentiment but is governed by financial considerations and circumscribed by financial necessity." Now the amenities or rather the decencies needed by the third class passengers are certainly not beyond the means of the Railways. But so long as the Railways continue to be managed by a Board from which Indians are studiously excluded and which is not responsible to the legislature and so long as higher appointments in the Railways are made more on grounds of race than of efficiency, the interests of poor Indian passengers will continue to suffer.

In his presidential address at the same Conference Mr. A. F. Harvey, General Manager of the Eastern Bengal Railway, made some damaging admissions. Among other things he said: "Furthermore, the public have cause to complain about railway employees expecting—if not actually demanding—illegal gratifications for carrying out efficiently the duties for which the railway administration pays them." The question may be asked why the aggrieved persons do not bring up specific complaints and support them with evidence. Mr. Harvey, at any rate, is not unaware of the reasons. One reason, he frankly admits, is that the aggrieved persons are afraid that the result of complaining would be "that they would not get wagons for loading when required, that their consignments would be deliberately delayed, and that they would be put to trouble in many ways by the railway employees." The very fact that numerous businessmen are deterred from complaining by such a fear is itself a sad commentary not merely on individuals but also on the departments concerned.

Meherally's Visit To Mexico

(From Our London Correspondent).

A visitor who will soon be with you is Yusuf Meherally. He came back from the United States looking very fit indeed. He had nothing but enthusiasm for America and has given us glowing reports about that country. He travelled South as far as Mexico, a country the peasantry of which are in as parlous a state as our own peasantry in India. Meherally visited not only Mexico City, the capital, but several of the provincial towns and was thus able to see something of the real life of the Mexican country side. He met a large number of educationists, leaders of thought and political and working class leaders. Everywhere, he told me, he was received with the utmost cordiality. Everywhere he found the most ardent sympathy with the anti-imperialist struggle in India and everywhere they confessed to him that the first hand and upto date news he gave them of India came as a revelation to them I gather from Meherally's talk that he was particularly impressed by the Negroes he met there. He had an opportunity of contacting not only Negro intellectuals in towns like New York and Boston, but also some of the most backward Negro elements in the Southern State. They are not only backward but as Meherally soon discovered they are treated in much the same manner as "untouchables" are in those parts of India which have not yet felt the full effect of Mahatma Gandhi's crusade. Gandhiji, Meherally says, is about the only Indian who is universally known in America and also universally venerated. He added, however, that the Left Wing people had all heard of Jawaharlal and Subhas Bose and recognised their significance for the future of Indian politics.

India And Spain

G. M. Huddar, who has the distinction of being the only Indian to have enlisted in the International Brigade and fought against Franco returned to London the other day. He was captured by the Fascist forces and finally released when an exchange of prisoners took place between the two sides. The Republican Government, as is well-known, has now disbanded the International Brigade and all its former members have been sent back to their respective countries. Huddar was able to meet Jawaharlal for a few minutes before the latter's departure for London. And I understand that Jawaharlal showed the greatest interest in what Huddar had to say about the conditions in Franco's territory. Of Republican Spain, Jawaharlal has, of course, first hand knowledge and it was no news to him to learn that the masses of the Spanish people are filled with an indomitable spirit and that they will never consent to be ground under by a Fascist tyranny Even if through the active intervention of Chamberlain and Daladier, added to that of Hitler and Mussolini, the Republican Government should be temporarily driven to the walls, their revival and the recommencement of their struggle would not be long delayed. Huddar had an opportunity of meeting the Spanish Foreign Minister. I understand that Del Vayo conveyed to him his great appreciation of the message that Senor Negrin had received from Mahatma Gandhi. Del Vayo had met Jawaharlal in person while the latter was in Spain and I believe he expressed unstinted admiration for the Indian Socialist leader.

Indian Mayor

Indians have been very much in the news of late. The name of Dr C. L. Katial must be familiar to most of your readers. He is the first Indian to become deputy mayor of a London borough and was installed on 9th November as the Mayor. Finsbury is the borough concerned and of the Labour majority in the Borough Council Dr. Katial is one of the leading figures. He is also Chairman of the Public Health Committee and in that capacity he had initiated and carried through a project which is earning well-merited praise from all quarters. This is Finsbury Public Health Centre which was declared open the other day by Lord Horder. The Centre is efficient and businesslike in character and has been specially carefully planned for the purposes envisaged.

WORLD SHOULD UNITE TO SAVE THE JEWS

Charity Is Not All We Can Offer Hitler's Victims

By H. N. Brailsford

Germany has set us two problems by her outbreak of barbarism against the Jews. An urgent practical duty confronts us; somehow her victims must be liberated and established elsewhere.

But we have also to consider our future attitude towards a Power that can use all the resources of civilisation to destroy its spirit.

The first difficulty that confronts us in the work of rescue is that Pharaoh has hardened his heart and will not let this oppressed people go.

Hitler's conduct looks like the aberration of a sadistic neurotic, but there is in it an element of calculation. It is his conviction that the Jews inspire and control the Liberal and Socialist forces the world over, and these he believes to be the inveterate enemies of Germany.

He argues that if he retains his 600,000 Jews as hostages, he can terrorise his enemies into submission, or at least compel them to desist from active hostility. If criticism confronts him, he increases the torments of the victims on his rack.

This may be the logic of a perverted mind, but it is not without effect. Leon Blum said the other day in a speech that it would be wrong for a Jew or even for a Socialist to provoke Germany by accepting the office of Prime Minister in France. That was a spiritless utterance, but there are many leaders of the Left in our own country, as in France, who think silently what he has said. The fear that this barbarian Power inspires is robbing both democracies of their independence.

Pay Up Pressure

It is now Hitler's practice to strip every Jew, before he escapes, of every shred of property he owns. The refugee arrives naked, if he can find an asylum that will welcome the destitute.

But the new decrees have doomed him to starvation if he stays. No doctor or lawyer may practise his profession. No shopkeeper may retain his shop. All stocks and shares owned by Jews must be surrendered for some more or less nominal compensation.

Robbed in this way, the Jews must next pay their fine of £80,000,000. It is not clear whether any humble trades are still open by which the destitute victims of this brigandage may earn their bread.

Is charity the only expedient by which the effects of this brutality can be alleviated?

Germany is a debtor who has received exceptionally considerate treatment from her creditors in this country and in America. Hitherto reliance has been placed on sweet reasonableness to convince her that she ought to allow citizens whose life she renders unendurable at home to go free and carry their possessions with them.

The experts of the Treasury should be asked to devise more adequate means of persuasion. Germany's debts may offer a suitable lever. Tariffs also are capable of manipulation.

That preliminary step might well be accompanied by the withdrawal of the British Ambassador from Berlin for a prolonged period of "consultation."

Our Debt

We have next to shoulder our own debt to a race which, for its numbers, has made in our age a nobler contribution to civilisation than any other. It is not enough that private individuals should give; Governments also should aid the settlement of these Jews elsewhere.

It is probable that work could be found for many of the younger scientists, doctors and technicians in the less advanced countries that have some ideal of toleration—Turkey, for example, and a great part of Latin America.

Suggestions are being made for the settlement of big colonies in many places. Some, like Alaska and British Guiana, have unfriendly climates. In others, like Kenya, the natives have a prior claim to the land.

The best hope is, perhaps, that with financial assistance the Dominions and the less backward countries of South America should each take their share of settlers who are commonly above the average in talent and adaptability.

Planned Outrage

This problem is being studied by the dwindling minority of Governments that represent civilisation: but a bigger political issue faces us.

Here is a Power that commands a formidable military machine and the most advanced industrial equipment in Europe, which has chosen to defy every ideal of civilised behaviour.

This was no accidental outburst of rage. The pogroms in which synagogues, hospitals and shops were smashed were manifestly planned. The imprisonment of 40,000 innocent men, the execution of hundreds in the camps and the savage decrees were the work of the German Government.

This brutality is more than the peculiarity of Hitler's personality; it springs from the Nazi view of life, which confounds law and justice with the dictator's will, glorifies ruthless force, and regards the humanity and rationalism of our Western democratic tradition as proofs of decadence.

Where this Power plants its feet, all the higher values of civilisation are doomed to perish. The task of our generation is to mobilise all who still cherish

(Continued on page 11, col. 4)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

AMERICA AND NAZIS

It is very gratifying to note that the United States of America has taken up the German challenge in so far as the Jewish question is concerned. An influential committee has been formed to fight anti-Semitism inside America and it is composed of leaders of all schools of thought. What is more important is the fact that the American Ambassador to Germany has been summoned back for an indefinite period. American attitude has made itself felt in Nazi Germany as is evident from the Press comments. How much more effective the world protest against Jew-baiting would have been if America's lead had been supported by Britain?

POLAND AND GERMANY

Poland has made a gesture to Germany, an indirect display, as it were of teeth. The Polish-Russian talks have achieved nothing new. But the very fact of reiterating the desire to arrange relations on a basis of existing agreements is significant. The reasons are, of course, the trouble over the question of Polish Jews and an old grievance about propaganda for an independent Ukraine. But the more important point is that Poland has defied Germany. Colonel Beck's move cannot, however, be welcomed with too much optimism. He and his colleagues are a reactionary rump with well-known leanings towards Germany. And it is quite likely that they mean nothing more by their rapprochement than a temporary blackmail of Germany

A LESSER EVIL

It is not fair to insinuate that the C. P. Government intervened in the affairs of the Nagpur Municipality on party grounds. In their communique they make it clear that they intervened not because the President and the Vice-President of the municipality had disobeyed the Congress Municipal Party's mandate to resign their posts, but because they had lost the confidence of the majority of the Municipal Council and a complete deadlock had followed the conflict in the absence of a two-thirds majority necessary under the rules for their removal. When urgent work was held up and even a normal meeting of the Council was made impossible, Government could not help intervening and the only way open to them, short of superseding the municipality, was to avail themselves of the discretionary powers vested in them so to vary the rules as to make the officers removable by bare majority and not necessarily a two-thirds majority. If the change in the rules to deal with a particular case was an evil, it was a lesser evil than the supersession of the Municipality. But a fresh election or even a threat of one would probably have been a wiser remedy.

STUDENTS' DUTY

Presiding over the Bombay Suburban Students' Conference, Professor Humayun Kabir struck the right note when he appealed to the students to harness the forces that have been released from the student movement and to canalise them in fruitful and purposive activity. Enthusiasm is in the very nature of youth; it is its privilege. But sustained and single-minded efforts at constructive work are its duty. And this is all the more true and even urgent in the conditions of present-day India. For, in the case of our country it is more than a truism that the destinies of a country are in the hands of its youth. The students have their National and social duties. And the success with which they discharge that duty will be the sole test of the success or failure of their movement. Let not their enthusiasm

HEARTFELT HOMAGE

It is altogether an unusual event for Indian women to gather together for paying homage to a foreigner, however eminent. But the meeting which was held at the Kaiserbag on Sunday to honour the memory of Kemal Ataturk is not only an index of the reverence in which the Father of Modern Turkey is held in this country but also of the present day outlook of Indian womanhood. Kemal was not merely a conqueror but a builder. He not only won national freedom but also made the very spirit of his people free. No wonder then that Indian women should have a warm corner for him for did he not free their Turkish sisters from the shackles of supersition? None but a Kemal could have been able to recreate the life of Turkish women within the span of a decade and much as India has progressed, there is need of a Kemal in this country yet It was significant that one of the resolutions passed at the Kaiserbag meeting demanded the compulsory abolition of Purdah. India cannot better revere Kemal's memory than by quickening the pace of progress whether in the political or the social sphere.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Fools have an abundance of vanity.

If love is blind how can there be love at first sight?

Most people neglect doing to-morrow what they put off doing to-day.

There is no insurance against the flames kindled by a woman's eyes.

We blame our faults on our ancestors just as they blamed their faults on their ancestors.

Up to date no man has been able to discover a satisfactory method of giving friendly advice to a woman.

WITHOUT COMMENT

LONDON, November 26.

Japanese troops crossed the Shumchun River and occupied the British outpost on the Hong Kong border, but the British officers eventually persuaded them to return to Chinese territory. A British platoon had a narrow escape when shrapnel splinters struck their dug-out near Shumchum.—Reuter.

* * * *

The Maharaja of Patiala who was recently in Bombay has hurried "back now because a part of my state is stricken with famine. I must be amidst my people in their distress and do my bit for them."

The subjects would be profoundly grateful to His Highness.

* * * *

"It is", says our Delhi correspondent, "considered strange that the Governor-General did not consider it expedient to grant sanction for even a single amendment" to the clause (in the Income Tax Bill) relating to foreign interests

But why "strange"?

* * * *

AND HEIL HITLER?

A condolence resolution passed at Lucknow in honour of the late Moulana Shaukat Ali hailed him as the "Hindenburg of Islam."

"Who was later eclipsed by Herr Hitler", the Lucknow League artists might have added since they were so fond of picturesque, yet however absurd, analogies.

* * * *

Most members, says a Jerusalem message, of the former Arab Higher Committee are likely to be among the delegation of Palestine Arabs to the London Round Table Conference.

Just as most members of the former Indian National Congress were members of the first Indian R. T. C.?

* * * *

In a message to the Jat Pat Torak Conference President Bose observes that "the birth of New India presupposes a new society based on principles of equality and justice.

On behalf of Messrs. Jinnah and Munje we emphatically repudiate this heretical prophecy.

* * * *

EAT MORE FRUIT

Drive in Rural Areas

Reminds us of the French Queen who on being told that people had no bread to eat, asked why they shouldn't live on cake.

* * * *

"We intend no dictatorship and no Fascism" declares M. Daladier.

Of course not. On the contrary he and his colleagues intend

(1) Rule by the democracy of High Finance and Big Business and

(2) Friendly submission in the interests of the people of France to Hitler and Mussolini.

* * * *

Russia proposes shortly to send to Spain 5,000 tons of wheat, 10,000 tons of milk and meat, 80 tons of sugar and 16 tons of butter.

The Great Democracies must effectively non-intervene when this despatch of foodstuffs follows, as it probably would, an ideological class war between the ship that carries them and General Franco's (?) aeroplanes.

* * * *

The Spanish rebels—sorry they ought to be called "Nationalists" since they are composed of Moors, Italians, Germans and a few Spaniards—are bitterly disappointed that the Anglo-French talks failed to bring belligerent rights nearer.

Yes, the fact that they have not pushed Italo-German aid any farther either can constitute neither compensation nor excuse.

Chamberlain must, we do think, apologise. And he will in some useful way.

* * * *

FLYING BOAT MISSING

—Headline.

Seems to have flown away alright.

* * * *

JOHANNESBURG, Nov. 24.

Thirty persons were injured in a street battle to-night when Fascists attempted to break up an anti-Fascist meeting. Police reinforcements were called to the scene and they used tear gas to disperse the crowd. Of the injured persons, two were shot and one was stabbed with a bayonet.

—Reuter.

* * * *

He: 'Are you aware, my dear, that it takes three-fourths of my salary to meet your bills?'

She: 'Good gracious! What do you do with the rest of your money?'

What Transpired At Paris Parleys

Chamberlain Stresses Anglo-French Policy Of Preservation Of Peace

LONDON, Nov. 28.

THE PRIME MINISTER IN A STATEMENT IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS ON HIS VISIT TO PARIS SAID: "WE FOUND OURSELVES IN COMPLETE AGREEMENT ON THE GENERAL POLICY OF THE TWO COUNTRIES, WHICH, IN BOTH CASES, FINDS ITS MAIN OBJECTIVE IN THE PRESERVATION AND CONSOLIDATION OF PEACE."

Exchange Of Views

MR. CHAMBERLAIN ADDED AS THE PURPOSE OF THE MEETING WAS TO EXCHANGE VIEWS RATHER THAN TO TAKE DECISIONS HE WAS NOT IN A POSITION TO MAKE A MORE DETAILED STATEMENT ON THE CONVERSATIONS.

APPRECIATION OF PARIS WELCOME

Mr. Chamberlain expressed warm appreciation of the very gratifying welcome they had received from the French Government and people. Views were exchanged on principal questions of common concern, including methods of defence as well as diplomatic action.

IT IS NOT IN MUNICH PACT

Mr. Chamberlain twice intervened when questions were asked in the Commons concerning the decision of the Czech Government to concede a corridor to Germany for the purpose of building a motor road connecting Breslau and Vienna. The Premier declared that the subject was not raised at Munich and he did not think that the road altered the Munich position or the attitude with regard to the British guarantee.—Reuter.

WORK OF FOREIGN PARTIES IN INDIA

LONDON, Nov. 28.

In the House of Commons Mr. R. W. Sorensen asked whether the Under-Secretary of State was aware of the activities of foreign political parties in India and what steps were being taken to counteract propaganda.

Col. Llewellyn replying on behalf of Lt. Col. A. J. Muirhead, Under-Secretary of State, declared that activities of this nature in India hitherto had not been such as to call for special notice. The matter was the subject of careful observation. If Mr. Sorensen had any information he would be glad to make an enquiry.

Mr. Sorensen asked whether Col. Llewellyn had seen specific allegations made in the Indian Press. Replying in the negative Col. Llewellyn said that if the matter were brought to his attention he would look into them.

Col. Llewellyn did not reply to a query by Mr. Herbert Williams asking whether the propaganda was Communist or Fascist.—Reuter.

NO ADVICE TO PRINCES ON FEDERATION

LONDON, Nov. 28.

In the Commons Col. Llewellyn replied in the negative when asked whether the Secretary of State had made any communication or tendered any advice to the forthcoming meeting of Princes in Bombay on the question of Federation or otherwise.

Asked whether the Anglo-Indian and Domiciled European Association was being consulted respecting Bangalore, Col. Llewellyn replied that the Government were awaiting the Resident's proposals as regards retrocession in the light of discussions now proceeding with Mysore. The Resident was in touch with the residents of Bangalore and their views would be taken into account both by the Resident in formulating proposals and by the Government in considering them.

Jute Goods From India

In the House of Commons Miss Horsburgh asked the Post-Master General why when ordering jute goods his Department asked for quotations of cloth spun and woven in Calcutta and why they did not adhere to the practice of other departments in specifying cloth spun and woven in the United Kingdom.

Replying, the Post-Master General said that contracts were allotted after consideration of all circumstances including a substantial preference favouring United Kingdom goods.

Replying to a supplementary the Post-Master General declared that he would have to give a preference of over 200 per cent. in order not to give the order to India.

Home For Jews In Colonies?

Communications are being addressed to a number of Colonial Dependencies other than those mentioned on November 21 asking them whether there are areas available for refugees, declared Mr. Chamberlain in the House of Commons. The Premier added that one of the officers addressed in this connection was the High Commissioner for the Western Pacific.

SPANISH ISSUE

No new decision on the question on granting belligerent rights to Gen. Franco was reached as the result of the Paris conversation, declared the Prime Minister.

Mr. Chamberlain replied in the negative when asked whether Britain was committed to send an expeditionary force to France or whether as the result of the Paris visit there had been any increase in her commitments.—Reuter.

Chamberlain's Visit To Mussolini

LONDON, Nov. 28.

A visit of Mr. Chamberlain and Lord Halifax to Sgr. Mussolini early in January is foreshadowed in an official announcement which states "at Munich Sgr. Mussolini suggested to the Premier that he should at some future date pay a visit to Rome. As an opportunity for making such a visit might occur during the parliamentary recess, inquiries were made as to whether a date in the first half of January would be suitable to Sgr. Mussolini. The latter has stated that he would in principle welcome a visit from the Prime Minister and the Foreign Secretary at the same time."

The visit is a further step in the Prime Minister's policy of personal contacts in the interests of European peace and good relations, says Reuter's Diplomatic Correspondent. As made clear in the official announcement the visit arises directly out of the Munich Conference. Moreover, it is putting into effect the Prime Minister's thesis that peace cannot be got by sitting and waiting for it. No details of the discussion are yet available but, generally speaking, it is expected the visit will result in further cementing Anglo-Italian relations, following the recent enforcement of Anglo-Italian agreement.—Reuter.

World Achievement.

Logs

No schoolboy who happens to read this will be thrilled by it. He will wish to goodness that the man who invented logs had never lived—or will pretend to do so, though of course, if he is really an intelligent fellow, he will know well enough that the world's progress would have been sadly hindered if stern old John Napier of Merchiston had never invented logarithms.

It is over 300 years since he prepared his first table of logs—at a stroke giving the world an entirely new short-cut to calculations. For little sums our heads are good enough (some of them!) and for fair-sized sums a paper and pencil and a score or two of figures are all we need. But when we come to intricate calculations involving big numbers and many processes and complicated principles and multiplyings and dividings we thank heaven for John Napier. With his table of logarithms by us we can do in a tenth of the time what we should probably have got wrong in any other way.

There is in the South Kensington Science Museum a little box which must for ever fascinate all who know anything of science and mathematics, a little box which enshrines one of the most amazing of all world achievements. Hardly bigger than a postcard, this flat box, so innocent in appearance, has ten rollers about the size of pencils. On each are number in order from 0 to 9. It was on these very rollers that John Napier, who lived in Shakespeare's day worked out his original logarithm tables, as he explains in his own little book about them.

Here, then, in this box is the cradle of some of the biggest and most startling and vital calculations ever made.

Flying Boat Crashes

Four Missing In Tragedy On Lake Habbaniya

RUTBAH, Nov. 28.

It is reported here that the Imperial Airways east-bound flying boat "Calpurnia" has been missing between Rutbah and Habbaniyah since last night.

The flying boat "Calpurnia" left England on Nov. 25 carrying mails. There were no passengers, but there were crew of five. The aircraft is a sister machine to the "Caledonia."

FOUR MISSING

A Baghdad message says:—

It is stated "Calpurnia" crashed while attempting to alight on Lake Habbaniya during a sandstorm.

It is now ascertained that the Radio Officer and three members of the crew are missing and believed to be drowned and two injured.

"Calpurnia's" mail was solely for Australia and New Zealand.

"CALPURNIA" LOCATED

An Alexandria message says:—

The "Calpurnia" was located by R.A.F. 'planes in the South-west corner of Lake Habbaniya, where she had made a forced landing. One crew is believed to have been injured. Others are safe.—Deuter.

Fate Of 'Calpurnia'

LONDON, Nov. 28.

The Imperial Airways flying boat "Calpurnia" eastbond, carrying mails but no passengers, which was reported to be missing, was located by a rescue party on Lake Habbaniya, where she made a forced landing. The machine was wrecked. The Radio Officer is dead and two of the crew have been injured. Two are missing. The "Calpurnia" is lying in eight feet of water.—Reuter.

CRASH IN MESOPOTAMIA

KARACHI, Nov. 28.

The Imperial Airways eastbound flying boat "Calpurnia" which left England on November, 25, with mails is believed here to have crashed near Rutbah in Mesopotamia, at 11 a.m. this morning.

The 'plane carried no passengers.—A.P.

FATALITY AT CINEMA SHOW

LISBON, Nov. 28.

One was killed and 107 were seriously injured in the village Friamunde near Oporto, when a wooden platform, from which a thousand people were watching a free cinema show collapsed. The film was a cultural one, exhibited under the auspices of the Government Propaganda Department.—Reuter.

U. S.'s RELATIONS WITH ITALY AND GERMANY

Roosevelt Confers With Ambassadors Of Rome And Berlin

WARMSSPRINGS (Georgia), Nov. 28.

President Roosevelt, who is holidaying at the 'Little White House" here is conferring at length with Mr. Hugh Wilson and Mr. William Phillips, the ambassadors from Germany and Italy.

"The New York Times" correspondent says that President Roosevelt reviewed with them every phase of the United States' relations with Germany and Italy and adds President Roosevelt's staff did not frown at the suggestions that the President might delineate in clearer terms the United States' attitude towards all foreign nations, among whom racial and religious intolerance are prevalent.—Reuter.

Martial Law In Bulgaria

SOFIA, Nov. 28.

Virtual martial law has been enforced throughout Bulgaria today in order to prevent demonstrations in favour of revision going beyond control of authorities.

During the past few days demonstrators have gathered in thousands and authorities have dealt with them as gently as possible. Last night, however, it was necessary for police and fire brigades to use hoses on fifteen thousand people outside the Prime Minister's office before the crowd could be dispersed.—Reuter.

PRINCES PLAN FOR 'LIFE AND DEATH' STRUGGLE

(Continued from Page 1).

nificant compared to the imminent need for unity at this juncture. As such, we have decided that after a free and frank exchange of views at this Conference, any scheme which carries general agreement will be loyally supported by us "all, and that whatever happens we are determined to emerge united from this Conference. And this task we feel confident that we can rely on the advice and assistance of our tried and trusted Ministers who are present at this Conference. We invite you the Ministers, therefore, to assist the States by bringing us together, and to point out to us frankly not only your difficulties and differences with the various proposals before us—where necessary—but also to suggest ways and means to get over them.

NO HUMAN SCHEME IS PERFECT.

"No human scheme can be perfect, and perfection is not claimed for the recommendations placed before you. Arguments for and against any scheme can be advanced, but it is for us not to seek amendment of any proposals unless we can substitute therefor something better and more acceptable to the States concerned. It is in this spirit that I appeal to you all to apply yourselves to the problems before us. In particular, I would request the speakers from the bigger States to have due regard for the legitimate claims and susceptibilities of the smaller States and vice versa. We are not here to score debating points but to evolve the largest measure of agreement amongst the bigger States as well as the smaller States.

THE AMENDMENTS.

"After full consideration of the various reports and with a view to meet, as far as possible, some of reasonable criticism so far advanced, the Standing Committee have made certain amendments with a view to foster the cause of unity. The various recommendations as amended by the Standing Committee have been made available and are now open to discussion. I regret that the relevant papers could not be distributed earlier but you will doubtless show indulgence in view of the fact that it was late yesterday evening that final decisions of the Standing Committee were recorded. I would further request that no unauthorised report should be issued regarding our proceedings and that as in the past a carefully drafted communique will be released at the end of every day's sitting.

"I would be failing in my duty if I were not to offer my appreciation here for Their Highnesses of Dholpur and Panna who, at my request associated themselves with these meetings and on more than one occasion made contributions expected of them in the interests of unity at this juncture."

A MIRACLE.

The chancellor of the Chamber of Princes was supported by His Highness the Maharaja Sahib of Bikaner who made a plea for unity and remarked that he was an optimist and hoped that just as the Reorganisation Committee, despite pessimism and misgivings in the beginning, had performed a miracle in reaching agreed solutions, this Conference would also repeat that miracle.

The Conference thereafter adjourned till 11 a.m. to-day when it will discuss the recommendations of the Standing Committee of Princes regarding the proposals for the reorganisation of the Chamber of Princes.

U. S. Plan To Train Civilians For Air Defence

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.

A plan to train a 100,000 civilian pilots and 125,000 mechanics at the Government's expense to supplement the Air Defence is being forwarded to President Roosevelt by the Army Air Corps and Civil Aeronautics authority.—Reuter.

Polish Officer Shot Dead

Slovak Frontier Incident: Czech Govt. Express Regret

WARSAW, Nov. 27.

A Polish officer was shot dead and a corporal severely wounded on the Slovak frontier in a clash between Czechoslovak and Polish troops, according to the Polish official version.

Fighting occurred when Polish troops occupying Joworzno region met armed resistance. Polish Government have instructed their Minister at Prague to request immediate enquiry and severe punishment of the guilty.

The official version adds that Czech Government expressed profound regret and ordered an enquiry and measures befitting the gravity of the occasion.

A Polish communique states that all the territory which remained to be occupied on this border was occupied to-day. Final delimitation of the frontier will be completed on Wednesday.—Reuter.

GIRLS MUST STICK ON TO FARM WORK

Nazi Minister's Appeal At Farmers' Congress

BERLIN, Nov. 28

An appeal to girls for help to solve the German agricultural problem was made by the Reich-Minister of Agriculture, Dr. Walther Darre, addressing the annual Congress of Farmers at Goslar.

Dr. Darre said that steps would have to be taken to solve the problem of flight from land. Germany had 400,000 fewer farm labourers than in 1933. When members of their families were taken into consideration, the total loss was about 750,000.

"I appeal to the girl workers on land not to desert the flag, leaving their mothers in difficulties. Girls belonging to old farming families who flee from the land, seeking more comfortable lives in towns, are running away from their duties to the farming community and acting like soldiers, who desert the front to assure themselves of a more comfortable and safe position in the rear."—Reuter.

FRANCO-GERMAN NEGOTIATIONS

PARIS, Nov. 28

According to agency "L'Economique et Financiere" the Franco-German negotiations will open in Paris on December 2 for an economic and financial agreement and settling of commercial questions arising from Germany's acquisition of the Sudetenland.—Reuter.

JAPANESE CLAIM VICTORY

Chinese Forces Leave Thousand Dead

TOKIO, Nov. 28.

The Japanese have completed their mopping up campaign on the borders of Hongkong, according to a telegram from Canton.

The main body of the Japanese forces proceeded yesterday in the direction of Canton. The Japanese claim that a thousand dead were left by the remnants of the Chinese forces.

Shumchun is reported to have been occupied by the Japanese and also Shatow to the north of Kowloon.—Reuter.

CHINESE TROOP BOATS BOMBED

TOKIO, Nov. 27.

Ten Junks carrying Chinese troops were bombed and sunk by Japanese 'planes at Yingyak 70 miles to the north of Canton, according to a Press despatch which also claims that the 'planes heavily bombed a thousand Chinese troops at Tamshui.—Reuter.

Peace-Time Forces Will Do For New Zealand

WELLINGTON, Nov. 28.

The New Zealand Government has no intention of returning to Compulsory Military Training, declared Mr. Jones, Minister of Defence. He said that the force at present in training was adequate. It was peace time force, which could be rapidly expanded in the event of an emergency. The Government had a substantial basis for the view that an attack upon Australia and New Zealand could not be more than a raid. That was the view of the last Imperial Conference.—Reuter.

Arrests Galore In Rajkot

Parishad Contradicts Reports About Outside Volunteers: Maniben's Poser For Cadell

RAJKOT, Nov. 28.

About eighty arrests are reported to-day from the different villages.

Thirteen volunteers were arrested in Kankot, twenty in Chibhada, sixteen in Madri, twelve in Hadmatia and eight at Golida. The arrested persons according to reports received here are alleged to have been taken to far off out-of-the-way places and released at night.

HOUSE-BREAKING BEGINS

Seven cases of house-breaking have been reported so far from Chibhada.

The picketing of the Darbargarh was without incident.

The Azad Chowk meeting was held despite the fact the ground had been watered earlier. Mr. Janardhan Baxi, a prominent Advocate, and Mr. Manubhai Dave, were arrested at the meeting.

The Parishad has contradicted Press reports that the Parishad does not want outside volunteers to come for "Satyagraha."

The Parishad requests the public to treat as authoritative only official communications issued on its behalf.

Poser For Cadell

Miss Maniben Patel, was greeted with rousing ovations at one of the biggest meetings held today at the Gandhi Chowk where she related the sufferings of the rural folk and the eccentricities of the officials detailed to put the movement down in the rural areas.

The meeting had to be held at the Gandhi Chowk as the Karanpara maidan and the Azad Chowk, the two public places where the usual daily meetings in connection with the Satyagraha are held, were found to be heavily watered and rendered muddy and unusable. These tactics are attributed to the State officials who are alleged to have resorted to them in order to prevent the public meetings being held there.

Dr. Gajjar who also spoke at the meeting drew pointed attention to these tactics and criticised the mentality of the officials. He declared that the officials were sadly mistaken if they thought that they could curb the spirit of the Satyagrahis in this way. These tactics would not prevent them from holding meetings. If necessary they were even prepared to face bullets.

POSER FOR CADELL

Miss Mani Ben in the course of her address made an appeal to the Thakor Saheb not to be led by eccentric advisers but weigh issues for himself. The Congress and the Sardar were being misrepresented as hostile to the Princely order as such and the Thakor was being taught to treat both of them as "outsiders" which she declared they were not. She asked Sir P. Cadell on what grounds he called Sardar an outsider, while he was himself a rank outsider not only to Rajkot but to India and Indians. She asked him if he could feel for the subjects of Rajkot as their fellow Indian Sardar Patel could feel.

She concluded by appealing to the Thakor Saheb that if he really wanted peace and a settlement of the present impasse he should send away Sir P. Cadell and send for Sardar Patel.

Don't Pay House-tax To State

At the Karanpura Chowk public meeting Messrs. Balkrishna Shukla, of Bhavnagar, Jagjivandas Mehta of Amreli and Amulakhrai Khimani were arrested.

Miss Maniben Patel left to-night for village Chibhda.

The Praja Parishad has appealed to-day to the public not to pay to the State any sum of house-tax that is Conservancy Tax.

Jetpur has sent to the Parishad Rs. 508.

MASS DEFIANCE OF BAN ON PAPERS

RAJKOT, Nov. 28.

There was a mass defiance of the States' ban on certain newspapers by Parishad volunteers. Miss Maniben Patel and some volunteers hawked over 2,000 copies of the banned papers.—A. P.

Br. STEAMERS DAMAGED

Sequel To Air-Raid On Barcelona Port

BARCELONA, Nov. 28.

The British steamers. "Stangrove" and "Stanwell," are reported to have been seriously damaged in an air-raid on the port and district of Barcelona this morning. There has been apparently, no British casualties.—Reuter.

FOODSTUFFS FOR SPAIN

Big Contribution From Russia

MOSCOW, Nov. 26.

Funds collected on behalf of the children of Republican Spain will be used by the Soviet Union Central Council of Trade Unions to buy 4,820 tons of wheat and 1,00,000 tons of milk and meat, 80 tons of sugar and 16 tons of butter which will be sent to Spain.—Reuter.

NINE WOUNDED IN HAIFA

HAIFA, Nov. 28.

Nine Jews were wounded, seven seriously, when a bomb exploded here to-day. This follows a warning issued on Saturday by Major-General Montgomery, commanding the eighth Division in Palestine that drastic action would be taken if attacks on persons did not cease and if the population did not assist the authorities.—Reuter.

LUCKNOW, Nov. 28.—Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru arrived here this morning. He is again leaving for Allahabad to-night.—United Press.

GET READY TO FIGHT FEDERATION

LUDHIANA, Nov. 27.

Mr. Subhas Bose reached here by car from Kurali.

A large gathering collected at the Bhadaur House where Mr. Bose addressed them in Hindustani. Mr. Bose said that the country should now be ready for the struggle against the imposition of Federation. He emphasised the importance of "Swadeshi". He urged the villagers to join the Congress and strengthen it.

He then left by train for Hissar. At every station he was greeted by large crowds.—A. P.

BERLIN-TOKIO FLIGHT

BERLIN, Nov. 28.

The Condor Aeroplane and crew which flew to New York and back last August left Berlin to-day on a long distance flight to Tokio. The route will be Busrah-Karachi and Hanoi. It is hoped to cover a distance of 9,300 miles in fifty to fifty-five hours.—Reuter.

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Assembly Party Leaders' Tributes To Late Maulana

Touching Speeches By Bhulabhai Desai, Jinnah And Aney

NEW DELHI, Nov. 28.

As soon as the Assembly met to-day Sir N. N. Sircar, Leader of the House, requested the President, Sir Abdul Rahim to convey to the proper quarters the deep sense of loss felt by the House at the passing of a very prominent figure in Indian politics, Maulana Shaukat Ali. Sir Nripendra said that in the Select Committees and in the House generally they greatly appreciated the late Maulana's presence and services.

Mr. B. J. Desai on behalf of the Congress Party paid a tribute of respect and admiration to the memory of the Maulana. He said, "The sudden and sorrowful death of the most vital figure in this House has robbed not merely this House but has left India poorer indeed. Magnificently endowed in mind, emotions and physique, he was cut out for the larger life which he chose for himself with his brother Maulana Mohamed Ali." One of the pioneers of the freedom movement in this country, his greatest quality was the directness and simplicity of faith both personal and spiritual, with which he threw himself into his work. With all his abounding energy, he was a man of peace and would never break the bounds of human equality and brotherhood.

MR. JINNAH'S TRIBUTE

Mr. M. A. Jinnah said that his very close and intimate association with the Maulana naturally made the loss a deeply personal one. "He was a friend and we knew each other now for more than thirty-five years. His sudden and unexpected death has given a blow which I personally find it difficult to get over, a blow to the Mussalmans of India and a blow, if I may say so, to the people of India as a whole. By his actions he demonstrated that no sacrifice was too great in the service of his community and his country. He had a loving nature, full of action and large-hearted with no room for malice to anyone. In him, I personally have lost a dear friend, a colleague and a staunch and loyal co-worker. In him, the All-India Muslim League has lost one of the strongest pillars of the organisation. In him, India has lost a great, big man, a great soul. This loss is irreparable and I wish and pray that his soul may rest in peace."

MR. ANEY'S TRIBUTE

Mr. M. S. Aney associated himself with the tributes. He had had the pleasure of coming into contact with the Maulana since 1921. Some people would perhaps be surprised, said Mr. Aney, to be told that when differences arose between him and Mahatma Gandhi over the question of boycott in 1921, the Mahatma chose the Maulana to go to him (Mr. Aney) and argue with him. That indicated the great confidence that the Mahatma had reposed in the Maulana. On later occasions, when he came in contact with the Maulana, he had always found in him a genuine and burning desire to find a permanent solution of the communal problem. His name would be remembered in this country as one of those who created the awakening and the yearning for freedom among the people, especially among Muslims. He was big in every sense of the term. There was a bigness in his mind and in the magnificent physique beside which he (the Speaker) looked a dwarf. A real son of this country, he had an affection for the speaker which remained unaltered by superficial differences.

Mr. A. Aikman, Leader of the European Group, expressed profound regret and sense of loss not only to this House but to India. His group appreciated and enjoyed his great personal charm, his geniality and sincere open-mindedness. In him India had lost a son of great qualities, courage, sincerity of purpose and generosity of mind.

The President Sir Abdur Rahim associated himself with all that had been said by Leaders of the Parties and the tributes of respect to the memory of the Maulana who was with them only the other day and whom they would all greatly miss. He had a charming and arresting personality but was at the same time a great fighter in the political world of the country and his services in various directions were such as all would remember.

In accordance with the desire of members generally, he adjourned the House till to-morrow, as a mark of respect to the memory of the Maulana.

"SHOCKED AT DEATH OF BELOVED BROTHER"

CUTTACK, Nov. 28.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu has sent the following wire to Begam Mahomed Ali on the death of Maulana Shaukat Ali:

"Shocked and deeply grieved at death of our beloved big brother."—United Press.

ORISSA PREMIER'S TRIBUTE

CUTTACK, Nov. 28.

Interviewed by the "United Press" on the death of Maulana Shaukat Ali the Hon'ble Mr. Biswanath Das, Premier of Orissa, said: "I mourn the loss of Maulana Shaukat Ali as one of the foremost Indians destined for service and sacrifice. At one time he was one of the best exponents of the Gandhian ideology. His subsequent leaning to communalism was a distinct loss to India and Indian nationalism. It has, however, to be admitted that the national outlook of the Ali Brothers is different from the outlook of many other Muslim leaders, who adorn the Muslim League to-day".—United Press.

AHMEDABAD MOURNS LOSS OF SHAUKAT ALI

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 28

The city observed hartal on account of the sad demise of Moulana Shaukat Ali. Almost all the mills, bazars, markets and shops remained closed in view of the appeal issued by the President, City Congress Committee. Public meetings will be held under the auspices of the City Congress Committee and District Muslim League in memory of the late Moulana.

BUSINESS CLOSED IN COLCUTTA

CALCUTTA, Nov. 28.

Muslims of Calcutta are observing hartal this afternoon in obedience to the mandate of the Calcutta Khilafat Committee, to mourn the death of Maulana Shaukat Ali.

The Offices of the Calcutta Corporation, the Muslim Chamber of Commerce and several other Muslim institutions were closed at 2 p.m. as a mark of respect to the memory of the patriot.—A.P.

HARTAL IN MUSLIM AREA

All Shops Closed: Schools Join In Mourning For Shaukat Ali

BOMBAY, Monday.

A complete "hartal" was observed to-day by the Muslims of Bombay, as a mark of respect to the memory of Maulana Shaukat Ali.

All the shops in the Mahommedan localities such as Mohamed Ali Road, Bhendy Bazaar, Pydhoni and Null Bazaar were completely closed

Black flags were flown across streets and alleys.

The Anjuman Islam High School and other educational institutions were closed for the day. The offices of the Port Haj Committee were also closed and the Muslim Crescent was half-mast.

The police had made preparations to meet all emergencies.

Contingents of lathi police patrolled the locality and batches of police officers were posted in front of the Mandvi Post Office, the J. J. Hospital junction and other strategic points.

TRAM SERVICE SUSPENDED

No trams were running along Mohamed Ali Road. It is gathered that the tram service between Bhendy Bazaar and Crawford Market and between Jacob Circle and Parsi Statue were suspended.

The Route Five tram running along Mohamed Ali Road was diverted along Kalbadevi. No adequate explanation is available for this precaution. The BEST buses, however, are running as usual along the Mohamed Ali Road.

HORNIMAN'S TRIBUTE

Mr. B. G. Horniman, who was associated with Maulana Shaukat Ali so closely in his political life and other interests, and whose political career in this country commenced at the same time as the Maulana's desires to express his deep grief at the sad expiry of a man whom he regarded as one of the greatest servants of India of this age and who was also a personal friend of very great regard. The Maulana leaves a gap in the lives of all Indians which nothing can fill.

Mr. Horniman deeply regrets that his serious state of health prevents him from attending the ceremony in connection with Maulana's death

STOCK EXCHANGE CLOSED

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Indian Stock Exchange remained closed on Monday for one hour from 1-15 p.m. to 2-15 p.m. in memory of the late Maulana Shaukat Ali.

Id Dinner Becomes Condolence Meeting

Members of the Anjumane Ittehade-Muslamine Surtaine of Bombay held an Id Dinner at the compound of Haji Usaf Bottawala Musaferkhana near J. J. Hospital on Sunday evening. The sad news of the sudden death of Moulana Shokatali, the leader of Indian Muslims was heard the proceedings were curtailed. Karl Saheb of Nawab Masjid recited several portions of the Koran and prayers were offered standing for the late Mustufa Kamal Pashah and the late Moulana Shokatali. Nawabzada Meer Sultanalmakhan, Sahebzada of Nawab of Bellah proposed two resolutions for the sad untimely deaths of late Mustafa Kamal Pashah and late Moulana Shokatali. Both resolutions were unanimous'y passed.

Similar I'd greetings gathering of ladies of Surat residing at Bombay was held at Mr. Shaikh Amin's residence at the Retreat Bungalow the same day.

Young Men's Muslim Association

The Young Men's Muslim Association had invited a large number of guests for Id dinner on Sunday evening. As arrangements for the dinner had been completed before the organizers learnt about the death of Maulana Shaukat Ali, the dinner could not be cancelled but the music programme was cancelled and after the dinner Mr. M. M. Killedar, M.L.A. on behalf of the Association paid a tribute to the memory of Maulana Shaukat Ali.

Congress Nationalists' Tributes

NEW DELHI, Nov. 28.

The following resolution was passed by the Congress Nationalist Party:—

"This meeting of the Congress Nationalist Party places on record its deep sense of sorrow and profound loss at the sudden and sad demise of Maulana Shaukat Ali who rendered valuable services to the country. This meeting further offers its sincere condolences to the bereaved family in its hour of sorrow and trial."—A. P.

ORIGINATOR OF KHILAFAT MOVEMENT

Bombay Public's Tribute To Late Shaukat Ali

The signal services rendered by the late Maulana Shaukat Ali to the nation at large and to the Muslim community in particular were enumerated by speakers at a public meeting held on Monday evening at Azad Maidan with Maulana Irfan in the chair.

The meeting was organised under the auspices of the Khilafat Committee and the Bombay Presidency Muslim League. A big procession started from the Khilafat House at 1-30 p. m. and passing through Muslim localities reached Azad Maidan before the meeting commenced.

A resolution passed on the occasion referred to the death of Maulana Shaukat Ali as a great loss to the Muslims not only of India but of the whole world. The resolution also expressed sympathy to the bereaved family.

Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas, Maj. Paymaster, Capt. Wazirali, Mr. Edwi. Munshi Fatehkhan, Sir Currimbhoy Ibrahim, Messrs M. I. I. Chundrigar, M.L.A., Mahomedali Allabux, M.L.A., Yusuf Ahrari, Maulvi Fazalullah and several others paid tributes to the great qualities of the departed leader.

Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas said that he knew the Ali Brothers while they were in internment and as such came into close contact with them.

Maulana Shaukat Ali firmly believed that Swaraj for India was not possible till Hindu-Muslim unity was achieved.

The speaker said that the Ali Brothers had made history in the progress of the Indian nation.

KHILAFAT MOVEMENT

Maj. Paymaster, the Roumanian Consul in Bombay, praised the qualities of simplicity, conviction, and moral courage of the Maulana, who he said had been the originator of the great and dynamic Khilafat Movement in India. Shaukat Ali would always live in their memories and they should never let him die.

Capt. Wazirali, the Muslim skipper paid a tribute to the departed patriot. He said his loss at the moment was a great calamity for the Muslim community.

LESSON OF HIS LIFE

Sir Currimbhoy said that Maulana's life should inspire every Muslim to do his duty by Islam, whatever the odds might be.

Maulvi Faziullah appealed to the gathering that they should not rest content by mourning over the great loss, but should carry on the unfinished task of organising the Muslim masses, which was started by the late Maulana and was his one ideal, while he lived.

U. P. Assembly's Tributes

LUCKNOW, Nov. 28.

The U. P. Legislative Assembly adjourned today as a mark of respect to the memory of Maulana Shaukat Ali and Mahatma Hansraj.

The Premier Mr. G. P. Pant, Nawab of Chattari, Nawabzada Liaqat Ali Khan, Sir Maharaj Singh, Sir J. P. Srivastava and the speaker, Babu Purushotamdas Tandon joined in paying tributes to the late Maulana.—A. P.

PUNJAB ASSEMBLY'S CONDOLENCE

LAHORE, Nov. 28

Glowing tributes were paid to the late Maulana Shaukat Ali in the Punjab Assembly, when it met after the Id recess.

The leader of the House, Sir Sikander Hyat Khan, said that it was with deep regret that they had heard of the sudden death of the Maulana. He was a well-known and popular figure throughout the country both in the social and political sphere. The Maulana was a pioneer of Progressive Movements in the country. He had known the Maulana since his Aligarh College days and he was sure he was voicing the feelings of Punjabis in placing on record their deep sense of sorrow at the Maulana's death

OPPOSITION TRIBUTES

In the absence of Dr. Gopichand Bhargava, the Leader of the Opposition, Deputy Leader Dewan Chamanlal associated himself with the expressions of sorrow at the sad death of Maulana Shaukat Ali "whose bravery, patriotism and self-sacrifice were unmatched." He made special mention of the part played by the Maulana during the non-Co-operation days.

Begum Rashida Latif also associated herself with the sentiments of previous speakers.

The speaker, Sir Shahabuddin promised to convey the condolence of the House to the bereaved family.—A. P

EDUCATION REFORM

Plans To Be Shortly Announced

Important reforms in the educational system, particularly in primary education, are understood to emanate from the Conference between representatives of the Government and some of the leading educationists of the Presidency, which ended at the week-end.

Government recommendations on the report of the educationists who attended the Conference will it is understood be issued shortly.

The following persons attended the Conference.

Mr V. V. Atitkar, Mr. R. R. Divekar and Mr. Narharibhai Parikh. They were assisted by Mr. L. R. Desai, specially deputed to study the Wardha scheme and Mr. P. S. Gandhi of the Educational Department to the Government of Bombay.

It is further understood that three 'centre schools' will be opened in the near future and, as far as possible Government may hit upon such places which are surrounded by a cluster of villages, commanding a central position but without the concomitant congestion. The places will be such, it is understood, which have not enjoyed the benefit so far of having any educational institutions serving Government purpose.

It is also learnt that Government has already sanctioned a fairly good amount of grants to encourage private enterprise in starting schools which may go a long way in implementing Government's scheme for furthering their educational programme, changes in which are expected to be made public before the curriculum year begins.

The policy which governs reforms in the educational system is that any system which precludes vocational or technical aspects, is not of much use and consequestly of little value to those who get such education.

It is understood that Government has already deputed some teachers to study the methods obtaining in the "Vidya Mandir" scheme started in the C.P.. Their reports, it appears, are already before Government.

DRIVE FOR RURAL DEVELOPMENT

Reshuffling Of Bombay Cabinet Portfolios

As a first instalment for uniformly inaugurating the rural development programme, the Governor of Bombay, it is understood, will transfer shortly all departments under the head of the Rural Department under one Minister. So far they have been divided under several Ministers.

A Government notification in this connection is expected very shortly.

It is further learnt that the Department will be under the administrative charge of one of the three Commissioners for the Divisions. The Commissioner will be under the direct control and supervision of the Minister, holding the broad portfolio and it is expected that the Hon. Mr. A. B. Latthe will be in charge of the same.

The following departments, so far distributed under several Ministers, will henceforth come under one head:

(1) Agriculture, (2) Co-operation, (3) Rural Development (4) Debt Conciliation and (5) General Village Improvement.

It will be recalled that the "Chronicle" exclusively forecasting the above-mentioned change in portfolios stated that it was freely mentioned that Mr. J. A. Madan, I.C.S., would be entrusted with the administrative charge of the new department.

It was further mentioned at the time that Mr. Morarji Desai Revenue Minister who also held most of the portfolios at the time, would, after the proposed change take charge of the Motor Vehicles' Department.

The Hon. Mr. Latthe and the Hon. Mr. Desai have, in the meanwhile, left for Delhi to attend the meeting of the Marketing Board.

This joint attendance to the meeting of the Marketing Board is indicative of the proposed change and foreshadows efforts to prepare the ground for the subsequent transfer of portfolios, which evidently involves, for a satisfactory appraisal of the problems connected with Marketing, much spadework to be done.

PREMIER KHER AND MINISTER MUNSHI

The Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, will arrive at Bombay on December 1 and the Hon. Mr. K. M. Munshi, Minister for Law and Order will arrive on Tuesday (to-day).

A SHORT STORY

Impulsive Romance

BY BARBARA ANN BENEDICT

They had been children together. They first met in dancing school at the age of six. Later they attended the same grammar school. When Lon was a college senior, Celina was a sophomore. Their acquaintance was casual. They were then not what one would call close friends. They saw other only once or twice during summer vacations for almost seven years.

When Lon got his degree he looked for a job with a Philadelphia mining engineering concern and got one. He used to drive back and forth from Riverside in his coupe.

One day he saw a girl hurrying toward the railroad station, and recognized Celina. He stopped and asked her if she would like a ride into the city.

Celina was twenty-one then. She had outgrown the rather awkward scrawniness of her childhood. He was amazed at the transition that had taken place.

She told him she was private secretary to a junior partner in a law firm. He asked her why she didn't discontinue riding in on the train and let him drive her each morning. She had to accept; there was no reason for her to refuse.

So it became a habit. They found much of common interest. Each considered the other an old, old friend. They talked of everything from books and drama to war and philosophy. Occasionally they talked of love. They studiously kept all remarks impersonal, exchanging views with the freedom of two old friends.

"Of course," Celina told him, laughing, "I have my ideas on love. Real love. It happens the minute a boy and girl see each other. All other love is false, for it is the type that is the result of effort."

"Well, well!" declared Lon.

"Recognition of this love at first sight," continued Celina, her face now serious, "gives birth to impulse. And impulse is the only means of getting a genuine thrill out of courtship."

"Be kind enough to elucidate," urged Lon.

"Well, it's like this: Cut and dried, matter-of-fact courtships and marriages rob love of its glamor. I mean, if things happen quick and fast, without forethought and prearranged plans, there's an undeniable kick in it. Soon enough a newly married couple have to settle down to the accepted routines and patterns of life. Why deprive them of the cherished memories of a glamorous courtship?"

"It's O. K., by me," Lon assured her.

Curiously, during that day and the few days that followed, Lon was depressed. He didn't dare analyze his feelings. But he knew without analyzing. He knew that he had fallen in love with Celina Cook, and now that he had become cognisant of her theories about this and that, he felt that he didn't measure up. Good night! He had known her since she was knee high to a stunted duck. Did she think he should have declared ardent love to her then? Apparently, according to her ideas on this love at first sight business?

And this business of impulse, of doing things quick and fast and getting a kick out of it and then settling down to accepted patterns and routine. Lord! What were accepted patterns and routines anynow? And what did she expect a man to do? Throw his joo overboard and say, "Come on, Toots, we're off to the South Seas and to hell with the consequences? Fine thing, all right, but when you work three years trying to establish yourself in your chosen field, it wasn't easy. If he had thought about it at all he would have favoured the idea of an engagement, a simple ceremony and a relaxing honeymoon at the seashore.

It was a most discouraging outlook, and the unfortunate part was that now he knew how Celina felt, he loved her more and wanted her more than ever before. He found himself in a quandary, groping hopelessly. Then on Monday of the next week Mr. Deering, president of the firm for which Tom worked, called him into the office.

"Lon, there's an opening for a young and ambitious man down in South America, representing our firm. If you'd like the chance, you can have it. You'll have to decide now. The boat sails at seven to-night. How about it?"

"I'll take it!" cried Lon, before he had time to consider anything except that opportunity was knocking and he'd better grab hold.

"Splendid! It's a fine chance. Go home and pack your things. I'll make your reservations."

Lon didn't think of Celina till he was half way down in the elevator. A terribly depressed feeling assailed him. This meant he'd probably never see her again. It meant that while he was gone some adventurous youth would come along and—Lon's train of thought suddenly stopped and began again along new channels.

Celina was just closing her desk preparatory to going to lunch when a wild-eyed youth whom she recognized as Lon Cabot burst into her office.

"Look, all that stuff you were telling me about impulse, about things happening quick and fast you meant it didn't you?"

"Why, yes, Lon, but——" Startled, she stared at him in wide-eyed wonder.

"Good! Swell! Look, I'm in love with you, see! I've been in love with you since you were six. Now, look. I'm leaving for South America at seven o'clock to-night. You'll have time to pack. And this is the opportunity you've talked about. I mean, here's your chance to chuck your job and get a bang out of impulsive romance. How about it?"

Celina glanced at her watch, then at Lon. Her eyes were sparkling. "Darling! To think that if you hadn't been given this opportunity you might never have proposed. Oh, you sweet, handsome, romantic dumbell, I'll be at the dock at six!"

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ONLY PANACEA FOR FEUDALISM

Swaraj Alone Can Better Lot Of Peasants, Says Subhas

CHAMBELLPUR, Nov. 27.

An enthusiastic reception was given to-night to Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose on his visit to this town. Accompanied by Dr. Gopichand Bhargava and Mian Iftikhar Uddin, M.L.A., by car from Rawalpindi, he was taken in a procession through the Civil Bazar, which was tastefully decorated.

In an address of welcome read by Nawabzada Mahmud Ali on behalf of the District Congress Committee mention was made of the lot of the peasantry in the district and the demands made on ceremonial occasions by landlords.

ONLY PANACEA.

Mr. Bose replying to the address said that the only panacea for these feudal dues and taxes was the attainment of Swaraj.

Refuting the charges that the Congress was a Hindu organisation, Mr. Bose affirmed that the plea could well be met by the Muslims joining the Congress in the Provinces, where they were in majority.

The speaker detailed the programme to be adopted by the Congress in opposing the introduction of Federation.

Soon after the conclusion of his speech, at about 11 p.m. Mr. Bose along with the others of his party, left for Rawalpindi.—A. P.

MUTT AND JEFF—Anyway You Figure It, the Score Is Six to Six So Far

By BUD FISHER

HEY, YOU DUMB CLUCK, YOU'RE RUNNING THE WRONG WAY AGAIN! THIS AIN'T YOUR GOAL LINE!
? ? ? ?
THERE, HOW DOES THAT SUIT YOU, YOU OLD FUSSPOT!
11-5

Threat Of Disciplinary Action Against Trade-Unionists?

MASANI CHALLENGES RIGHT OF B.P.T.U.C. AND REFUTES CHARGES

Mr. M. R. Masani has sent the following letter to the Bombay Provincial Trade Union Congress in reply to their demand for an explanation:—

The resolution which you forward condemns me for an article which I wrote for the *Congress Socialist*, on 16th October and charges me with conduct which is disloyal and disruptive and a betrayal of the interests of the working class. The resolution concludes by asking the B.P.T.U.C. to take such action against me as it may consider necessary.

Before answering the utterly ridiculous charges contained in that resolution I would like to make one thing clear. I have seen the constitution of the A.I.T.U.C. and I do not find anything in it which gives it authority to take any disciplinary action against a member of an affiliated Union. Much less than can a provincial Committee arrogate to itself such a right.

ONLY MATTER OF COURTESY.

I am a member of the General Council of the All-India Trade Union Congress, elected to it by the Annual Conference of the A.I.T.U.C., and if any organisation has a right to take any action against me it certainly cannot be any organisation subordinate to the A.I.T.U.C. If, therefore, I am replying to this letter I desire to make it perfectly clear that I am doing so as a matter of courtesy and not for a moment accepting your right to demand an explanation from me or to take any action whatsoever against me.

I am sorry that the B.P.T.U.C. should have thought fit to ask me to reply to such a resolution, which shows much confusion quite apart from the ridiculous charges it contains. The resolution refers to me as a member of the B.P.T.U.C. The B.P.T.U.C. has no members. It is constituted of Unions affiliated to the A.I.T.U.C. in Bombay.

The article objected to by the Council of Action was not written by me either as a member of General Council of the A.I.T.U.C. nor as an office-bearer of the affiliated Union to which I belong, but it was written by me as a member of the Congress Socialist Party for the "Congress Socialist," which is the organ of the All-India Congress Socialist Party.

It appears to me that for the T.U.C. to try to deny the right of a political worker to express his views on a decision of the B.P.T.U.C. in the organ of his own party for the benefit of members of his Party is to fail to understand the very elements of political science. It betrays a lack of understanding of what a political party is and what a Trade Union or a Trade Union Congress is.

A Trade Union is an organisation of the workers in a particular industry or trade. The Trade Union Congress is the central organisation into which such Trade Unions are federated. It is one of the elementary principles of Trade Unionism as understood throughout the world that members of different political parties and organisations should have free scope to work in such Trade Unions. It is inevitable that on such decisions as the call for a 'political' general strike against a Bill of a Congress Ministry there should be difference of opinion among those who to-day work in the Trade Unions in this country. If the trade union movement is to develop or even survive in the united form which it attained at Nagpur early this year, the very first thing that must be safeguarded is the right of members of different political groups to hold their own views and at the same time to place their services at the disposal of the organized Trade Union movement.

That is the lesson of the disastrous splits which took place ten years ago and which resulted in the formation of three centre Trade Union organisations in India. I must confess to a fear that if the tendency manifested in this resolution of the Council of Action is allowed to persist we may see the undoing of the unification which we have so laboriously achieved.

If the Trade Union Congress is going to develop a discipline as strict as enforced by a political party, it will in course of time become a political party and cease to be a broad-based movement of all the industrial workers of the country.

As regards the facile charges against me of disloyalty, disruption and a betrayal of the interests of the working classes, let me remind you that I am a member and an office-bearer of the Congress Socialist Party, which has from the moment of its birth in 1934 loyally stood by the All-India Trade Union Congress. At a time when there were two other Trade Union organisations in the field, the Congress Socialist Party decided to stand by the central organisation and to strengthen it. Our Party used all its influence to secure the merger of the "Red" T.U.C. on the one side and the National Trade Union Federation on the other in the A.I.T.U.C. and I think it can claim that the happy results achieved were in part due to the way in which the Congress Socialist Party strengthened the A. I. T. U.C. and raised its prestige in the country.

Our Party has also worked to bring the Congress and the T.U.C., closer. I happen to be a member of the Labour Sub-Committee of the Working Committee of the Indian National Congress. I have tried there to place the point of view of the All India Trade Union Congress on questions as they have arisen from time to time. Recently I gave notice of a resolution for recognition of the A.I. T.U.C. for the meeting of the All-India Congress Committee and actually moved such a resolution in the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee only two or three months back. All these I suppose, are evidences in the eyes of the Council of Auction of disloyalty to the T.U.C. Or perhaps it is contended that one article, critical of a particular decision of the B.P.T.U.C., is more than sufficient to undo years of loyal work for the All-India Trade Union Congress!

As regards the offending article, I send you a copy herewith. I have gone carefully through it before writing this letter and I cannot find there a single misstatement or false allegation with which it is supposed to be "bristling." Nor do I find any incitement to workers to flout the decision of the B.P.T.U.C. as alleged.

It is an article written for members of the Congress Socialist Party and other readers of this political journal giving the background against which the decision for a strike was taken, pointing out where the B.P.T.U.C. was going wrong and how unfortunately the anti-Congress bias of Dr. Ambedkar and the Communists was jeopardising the policy of close and friendly relations with the Indian National Congress. The article also explains the point of view of the Bombay Congress Socialist Party and justifies it.

To-day, looking back at all that has happened I can unhesitatingly reaffirm every word of that article which stands vindicated by subsequent developments. All that has happened in the last few days,—the nature of the propaganda carried on at meetings preparatory to the strike, the anti-Congress turn which the whole demonstration developed, the predominence of Dr. Ambedkar, the violence which unfortunately manifested itself, the shooting on workers by the Congress Government and above all the inadequate response to the strike call,—all these have thoroughly justified by fears and my criticisms.

Since the decision of the Council of Action was reported in the press, I am sending this letter to the press also.

TRIBUTES TO MALWAN MUNICIPALITY

The following is the reply of Sir Roger Lumley, the Governor to the address of the Malwan Municipality.

We are very glad indeed to be able to call at Malwan and we have taken the earliest possible opportunity of visiting Shivaji's coast fort, which I believe is sometimes referred to as the cenotaph of that great Warrior-Statesman. We thank you very sincerely for the warm welcome you have given us.

What you have told us of Municipal activities is in keeping with trade developments. I congratulate you on the provision you have made for medical relief, and trust that electricity may shortly be added to the amenities of your town. I am glad also to know that you intend to construct a municipal office, markets and residential quarters for your Staff.

I cannot fail to refer to the remarkable facts which you have placed before me regarding both primary and secondary education. Briefly, I find that you have ten schools in all, accommodating 1,850 boys and 550 girls. For a town of 16,000 inhabitants, I regard this as an outstanding demonstration of zeal for education amongst the people of the Konkan and particularly of your town and neighbourhood.

Your keenness to introduce compulsory primary education and physical training is commendable, and I am glad to know that on these matters you are eager to promote two important parts of the educational policy of the present Ministry. The results you have achieved by voluntary means indicate that compulsion will touch a very small proportion indeed of your citizens.

I welcome your references to the actions of my Government in putting the composition of local bodies on a more democratic basis and I am confident that, with the greater spread of education, the elected representatives of the people will discharge their responsibilities faithfully and impartially.

Bombay Governor At Vengurla And Malvan

The Malvan and Vengurla Municipalities presented addresses of welcome to Sir Roger Lumley to which he made suitable replies on Monday morning.

To the Vengurla people he frankly told that he had not undertaken the tour out of a pure sense of duty. He wanted to see the Konkan Coast with its surpassing beauty and historic importance.

(Continued from col. 7)

freedom's army and he was placing his services at their disposal to be utilised by them for what they were worth. He concluded by appealing to the peasants to create leaders from their own ranks. He drew their attention to the lessons of the Russian revolution where peasants of yesterday were managing the affairs of the country as capable administrators and victorious generals.

After Mr. Roy's speech Mrs Ellen Roy also addressed a few words appealing to the audience to bring into existence a strong, stable organisation to fight for their rights.

Feudalism And Exploitation Must Go

States' People Must Take Initiative In Their Fight Against Rulers: M. N. Roy's Speech

(From Our Correspondent)

FATEHPUR SIKRI: (By Mail).

The first session of the Northern India States Peoples' Conference was held at Fatehpur Sikri on Nov. 21, under the presidentship of Mr. M. N. Roy.

A large number of delegates from Dholpur, Indore, Merwara, Alwar, Jaipur, Jodhpur, Karauli and Bharatpur attended the Conference.

The open session of the Conference was attended by over 5,000 people, who were accommodated in a specially erected pandal, near the Station.

The Conference was declared open by Mr. A. K. Pillai, President of the Madras branch of the Travancore State Congress. In his inaugural address Mr. Pillai gave an account of the struggle of the Travancore people and emphasised on the unity in the struggles of all the peoples of the States spread throughout the length and breadth of India.

The Chairman of the reception committee Thakur Desh Raj, welcomed the delegates in a short and eloquent speech. He referred to the impending federal scheme and urged upon the states' people to fight shoulder to shoulder with the people of British India for wrecking the same.

When Mr. Roy rose to deliver his presidential address there were tremendous demonstration and loud shouts of "Inquilab Zinda bad."

Mr. Roy said that he would not dilate on the misery and hardships of states' people. It was useless to reiterate them again and again, but what was necessary was to think out a plan of action for ending them.

Mr. Roy expressed his disapproval of the policy of the leaders of states' people in merely looking to the Congress and appealing to the Congress leaders to pass resolutions of sympathy for the states' people.

Continuing he said that states' people must fight their own battle. He added that battles could not be fought merely by passing resolutions or by lobbying for the support of big national leaders. If the states' people once sincerely decided to fight against the native rulers and to destroy their despotism, no power on earth could ever stop them from obtaining their objective.

Why should states' subjects, wait for the permission or the sanction of the Congress leaders he asked? He advised them to start their struggle. In the long run, he observed, the Congress was bound to come to their support.

The only difficulty, Mr. Roy, said was that people of India lacked self-confidence. Self-confidence was the primary requisite in the success of all political struggles. The people who had self-confidence and organising capacity were bound to succeed, he said.

The struggle of the states' people was not merely against their rulers, who were merely pawns in the imperialist game, but also against British imperialism. The real fight was against foreign imperialism.

People seemed to be nervous about the supposedly mighty power of British imperialism. Repression, he remarked, could never crush a people's movement. The experience of the Congress is a proof of this fact. Repression instead of weakening the Congress had strengthened it.

He ridiculed the idea of regarding the rulers as the fathers of their peoples. The princely order, he said, is based on the feudal exploitation of the states' people. The total money value of this exploitation is over a hundred and eighty crores of rupees. Unless this exploitation was stopped, there could be no improvement in the economic and social conditions of states' people.

Mr. Roy said that he was neither a leader nor a big personage. He was an ordinary soldier in the

(Continued in col. 5)

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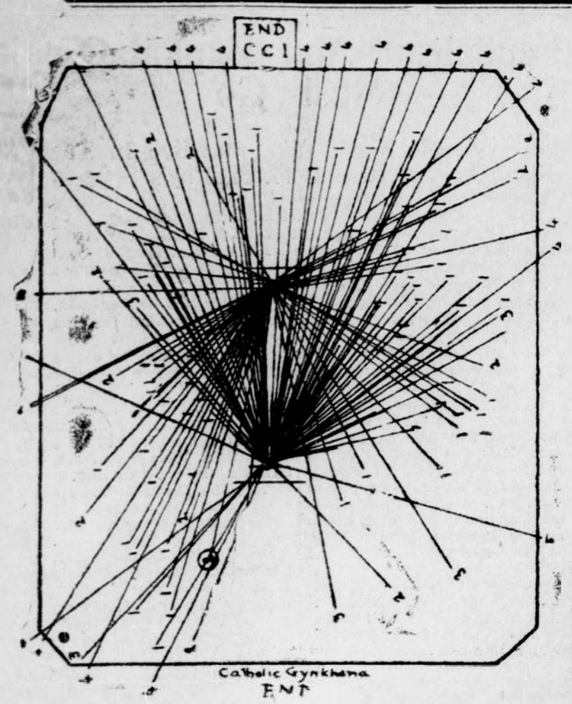


How Amarnath's record of 241 runs were bagged.

Rest Struggle Heroically

(Continued from page 14)

caught by Nimbalkar, in the slips, off C. S. Nayudu, the outgoing batsman having contributed 53 runs to his side's total, after occupying the crease for 72 minutes. Shaw's half century included 5 fours. (331—9—53).

GOOD PARTNERSHIP.

Harris-Shaw partnership proved a lot fruitful for the 'Rest' XI, they having contributed 115 runs in a fine stand.

Pereira and D'Mello formed the last association. The last pair carried the total to 349, when Pereira, due to his captain's fault, was run out and the 'Rest' XI came to a close at 10 minutes past mid-day, D'Mello remaining not out with 13.

C. S. Nayudu claimed the largest number of wickets, his bag being 5 for 99; while the next was Amarsing with 3 for 83.

With a lead of 211 runs in the first innings, the Hindu captain enforced the follow on and D'Mello sent Cohen and Gonsalves to open the 'Rest' second innings at 25 minutes past noon.

2 runs after the first decade was put up, Bannerjee claimed his first victim of the match, when Cohen was caught behind the speech-merchant's third over, (12—1—9).

Bhaskar entered on his innings at the first wicket fall.

Bannerjee was taken off after he had bowled 4 overs, Amar Nath being put in his place from the

MERCHANT, WHO WAS ATTACKED BY CRAMPS BEING CARRIED OFF THE FIELD ON SATURDAY AFTERNOON.

wicket by Hindlekar in Bengal pavilion end, while the Hindu skipper took over the opposite end from Amarsing.

At lunch Gonsalves and Bhaskar were together with 11 and 2 respectively, out of a total of 23 for 1 wicket.

Gonsalves and Bhaskar continued their innings after the lunch interval, the former facing Bannerjee from the pavilion end while Amar Nath was put on from the opposite side. Amarsing did not come in after the interval, S. R. Godambe taking his place on the field. Godambe dropped Bhaskar in the slips off Bannerjee, but a similar catch offered to the same fieldsman off the same bowler was accepted by Godambe and Bhaskar went back with 6, (33—2—6).

Gonsalves was joined by V. Hazare. The former, with a stroke for 3 off Amar Nath, got his individual 20. At 44, C. S. Nayudu took the ball from Bannerjee. 50 of the innings was reached in 69 minutes.

Nimbalkar replaced Amar Nath from the North end and succeeded in taking a wicket in his first over, Gonsalves having gone out leg before wicket to him. The outgoing batsman contributed 35 to his sides' total, (69—3—35).

McCarthy now partnered Hazare and before he could break his duck he was dismissed, having been out leg before to C. S. Nayudu, (70—4—0).

P. A. D'Avoine filled the vacant crease and opened his account with a four off Nimbalkar.

At 94 D'Avoine was clean bowled by C. S. Nayudu for 13, (94—5—13).

J. Harris was sent in at the fall of the 5th wicket.

100 UP.

100 of the innings was signalled after the 'Rest' batsmen had batted for 112 minutes. Hazare and Harris had now 40 and 30 to their respective names, while the total was raised to 140. The pair carried the total to 154 before they were separated, Hazare being caught by Nimbalkar, in the slips, off C. S. Nayudu. The Indore batsman contributed 48 runs to the 'Rest' total, (155—6—48).

P. P. Fernandes now got associated with Harris but the latter's innings were cut short, when C. K. Nayudu brought off a brilliant one-hand catch off his brother. Harris added 48 runs to the 'Rest total, (164—7—48).

E. Shaw next joined Fernandes and at tea were together with 2 and 4 respectively, out of a total of 170 for the loss of 7 wickets.

Fernandes faced C. S. Nayudu after the tea interval, while the Hindu captain took the bowling himself from the North-end.

At 179, C. K. Nayudu got his first wicket in the second innings, when Shaw skied a delivery off the Hindu captain near the Hindu Gymkhana stand, where Vinoo Mankad made no mistake, (179—8—9).

A. S. D'Mello, who came in, was out at the same total, in attempting to take a run, the 'Rest' captain was run out, when C. S Nayudu sent a smart throw to Hindlekar and the Hindu wicket-keeper did the rest, (179—9—0).

Pereira with Fernandes formed the last association. The latter lifted 'C. S.' to where Bose was fielding but the Calcutta man instead of catching the ball threw himself flat on the ground but Fernandes was later run out, Hindlekar doing the job smartly and the 'Rest' second innings terminated with a total of 195.

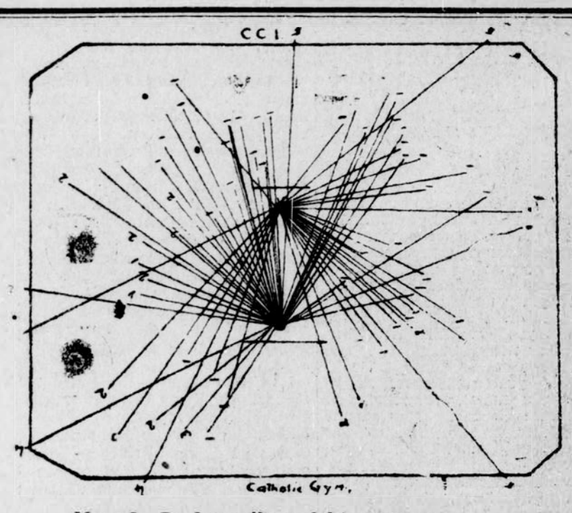
HINDUS (1st Innings) for 7 wickets declared ... 560

REST XI (1st Innings)

M. Cohen, c Hindlekar, b Amarsing	0
O. Gonsalves l.b.w. Amarsing	6
Bhaskar, b C. K. Nayudu	88
V. Hazare l.b.w. C. S. Nayudu	14
P. A. D'Avoine, b C. S. Nayudu	0
McCarthy, b C. S. Nayudu	37
J. Harris, b C. S. Nayudu	100
P. P. Fernandes, b Amarsing...	12
E. Shaw, c Nimbalkar, b C. S. Nayudu	53
A. S. D'Mello, (not out)	13
G. Pereira, (run out)	6
Extras	20
Total	349

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Bannerjee	10	3	19	0
Amarsingh	27	6	83	3
Amar Nath	6	1	28	0



How L. P. Jai collected his 103 runs.
By N. L. Banerjee

Bunny Austin's New Role

Sportsmen's Front Formed To Fight World's Selfishness

LONDON, Nov. 28.

The famous tennis star Bunny Austin appeared in a new role when he spoke at a crowded meeting of "The Oxford Group" in Eastham Townhall to-day.

The gathering which was arranged by nine M. Ps. was mainly a rally of youth, but all classes and condition were represented, including wealthy businessmen, dock workers, dons, undergraduates and unemployed.

Bunny Austin declared, "For many years tennis was the only world I cared about. Then came a crisis. I read Lord Baldwin's letter about moral rearmament and realised that the world's trouble was selfishness, and I formed with others sportsmen's front to support moral rearmament."

The meeting lasted from the afternoon till late at night. Messages supporting the movement were received from many countries.—Reuter.

C. S. Nayudu	29	5	99	5
C. K. Nayudu	18.3	2	82	1
Vinoo Mankad	5	0	18	0

FALL OF WICKETS.

1 for 1; 2 for 20; 3 for 48; 4 for 48; 5 for 129; 6 for 174; 7 for 215; 8 for 330; 9 for 331 and 10 for 349.

FALL OF WICKETS

1 for 12; 2 for 33; 3 for 69; 4 for 70; 5 for 94; 6 for 155; 7 for 164; 8 for 179; 9 for 179 and 10 for 195.

'REST' XI: (2nd Innings)

M. Cohen, c Hindlekar, b Bannerjee	9
O. Gonsalves, l.b.w., b Nimbalkar	35
Bhaskar, c Godambe, b Bannerjee	6
V. Hazare, c Nimbalkar, b C. S. Nayudu	48
McCarthy, l.b.w., b C. S. Nayudu	0
P.A. D'Avoine, b C.S. Nayudu	13
J. Harris, c C.K. Nayudu, b C. S. Nayudu	48
P.P. Fernandes (run out) ..	21
E. Shaw, c Vinoo Mankad, b C. K. Nayudu	9
A. S. D'Mello (run out)	0
Pereira (not out)	0
Extras	6
Total	195

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Bannerjee	9	1	21	2
Amarsing	4	0	9	0
Amar Nath	8	3	16	0
C. K. Nayudu	9	3	35	1
C. S. Nayudu	20.4	3	73	4
Nimbalkar	12	2	35	1

BOMBAY TO HELP SATYAGRAHA MOVEMENT IN HYDERABAD

Committee Formed To Collect Funds

At a public meeting held in the Congress House compound to help the Hyderabad satyagraha movement, a committee consisting of the following members was appointed to collect funds and to do their needful work:—

Sjt. Nagindas T. Master, Sjt. S. K. Patil, Sjt. D. S. Babrekar, Sjt. D. R. Gharpure, Sjt. M. V. Godbole, Sjt. K. L. Borkar, Sjt. Raghavendra Sharma and Sjt. S. L. Silam.

Messrs. D. R. Gharpure and M. V. Godbole will act as Hon. Secretaries.

The public are requested to send contributions to the following address:—

Messrs. Godbole Bros. Mugbhat Lane, or Messrs. Hari Keshav Gokhale, Mugbhat Lane.

NAZI RAGE AGAINST BRITAIN

Amritsar Massacre Recalled

(From Our Own Correspondent).

LONDON, Nov. 15.

The German controlled newspapers and radio to-day unite in launching a bitter attack on Great Britain and her record as an Imperial Power.

They speak in language of unrestrained violence about Britain's "inhuman methods." The Voelkischer Beobachter calls all British history "an example of incessant bloody terror."

INDIA: NAZI JIBES.

The Zwoelf-Uhr Blatt devotes its entire front page, in heavy black type, to the attack, saying:

"In London it is thought necessary to express horror at the fact that Germany has effected atonement for the murder by a Jewish hand of a German diplomat. In this connection the term 'barbaric methods' was being used.

"We do not know from what motive this latest impertinence has been born. But if the English want a discussion on humanitarianism they can have it with pleasure.

"We need to cite only a few examples from many."

AMRITSAR SHOOTING.

The newspaper then prints in juxtaposition the following items:

"In Paris a German diplomat was shot by a Jew. Germany did not shoot anyone as a reprisal. Not a single Jew was harmed."

Side by side with the above is the following:

"In Amritsar, the holy city of the Sikhs, two Englishwomen were molested in the streets on April 12, 1920. As a reprisal the English General Dyer had 500 Hindus killed and 1,500 wounded. A British newspaper gave the general reward of £14,000 for his 'courageous attitude.'

"Germany, for the murder of a diplomat, imposed a fine on the Jews who in Germany are living in the most excellent economic conditions.

"A shot was fired at a British officer in Palestine which wounded him. The British answered by blowing a village to bits, exacting a high contribution from the poor population, court-martialled and shot three Arabs for 'probable culpability,' and arrested about 400 Arabs.

"Germany answerred a crime by Jewry by excluding the Jews from its cultural and economic life.

"In India England's reply to incidents was to make 150 Hindus crawl along the streets on hands and knees, to have 200 Hindus flogged.

"It would be well if England were to consider its own shame, rather than to hurl phrases of insincere humanitarianism against a people which has proved that it possesses a sense of justice and human pity greater than that of those very Englishmen who are so loud in their condemnation of us."

KILL THE LOT THREAT.

The Schwarze Korps, organ of the Black Guards, says to-day: "We shall use our Jewish hostages in a systematic way, no matter how shocking some people may find it.

"We shall use the principle proclaimed by the Jews—an eye for an eye, and a tooth for a tooth, but we shall take a thousand eyes for one eye and a thousand teeth for one tooth.

"Woe to the Jews if another helper is paid, or incited, by them, and raises his murderous hand against a German. Not one will answer for the murdered or wounded German, but all."

MYSORE AGAINST HYDERABAD

Latter Succeeds In Cricket Match

The first match in the Southern Zone Inter Provincial Cricket Tournament between Mysore and Hyderabad resulted in a victory for the latter on their first innings score. Hyderabad scored 382 in the first innings and 236 for seven wickets in the second inning (declared) Mysore made 285 in the first innings and 111 in the second innings for two wickets.

Baroda Sports Competitions

Considerable progress has been made in connection with the preliminary arrangements of the Hind Vijaya Gymkhana Olympic Sports and Athletic Tournaments to be held at Baroda under the patronage of Their Highnesses the Maharaja and Maharani Gaekwar and their Government.

The contests will be held from the 16th to 24th December, 1938.

There are more than 100 items offered for competition, prominent among them being Athletic and Aquatic games, Wrestling, Boxing, Weight-lifting, Malkhamb, Cycling, and team events like Kho-kho, Tug-of-War, etc. Ladies Sports also include similar items and will be managed exclusively by the Ladies' Committee on similar lines.

There are about 40 trophies, challenge cups and shields of the aggregate value of Rs. 5,000 offered for competition, and prizes are awarded to the extent of Rs. 2,000.

A full list can be obtained by a reference to the Secretaries, Hind Vijaya Gymkhana, Baroda.

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This question is fully answered in an interesting Booklet, which explains in simple language the Elasto method of *curing through the blood.* Your copy is Free—see offer below. Suffice it to say here that Elasto is not a drug, but a vital cell-food which must be present in the blood to ensure complete health. It restores to the blood the vital elements which combine with the blood albumin to form organic elastic tissue and thus enables *Nature* to restore elasticity to the broken-down and devitalised fabric of veins, arteries and heart, and so to re-establish normal, healthy circulation, *without which there can be no true healing!* The health of every organ and tissue of the body depends upon healthy cellular activity, and to ensure this, vigorously circulating, oxygen-rich blood is absolutely essential. NINE TIMES OUT OF TEN THE REAL TROUBLE IS BAD CIRCULATION.

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'The swelling from ankles to thighs has entirely gone, and I can do a full day's work keeping on my legs all day.'

'Completely cured my varicose ulcers.'

'The stinging sensation I used to get in my left arm and leg (arterio-sclerosis) is quite gone, and my general health has much improved.'

'Suffered for years from a weak heart, but Elasto cured me.'

'Elasto has quite cured my eczema.'

'My piles are gone, my legs are better and I feel fitter in my general health.'

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CONGRESS AFFAIRS IN AJMER-MERWARA

Severe Indictment By Deo: Workers Promise To Sink Differences: Working Committee's Intervention Deferred

Syt. Shanker Rao Deo, member of the Congress Working Committee, who on the representation of the P. C. C. was deputed by the A. I. C. C. Office to study Congress state of affairs, issues the following statement to the press:—

I have tried to study the state of Congress organisation in Ajmer-Merwara during the last four days. In this connection I have interviewed personally a host of Congress workers and a few others interested citizens of Ajmer in order to understand the exact nature of differences which exist amongst them.

PERSONAL DIFFERENCES

The workers here do not seem to be divided on fundamental political issues and their disagreement is not ideological. If we can say with reference to the whole of India that the level of consciousness must be raised before the masses can appreciate and understand the internal party alignments and fight in an organisation without injuring the cause for which it stands, we can say it with greater approximation to truth about Ajmer-Merwara, because this Province labours under a peculiar handicap of still being governed by an irresponsible bureaucracy and of being surrounded by feudal relics in the form of Native States.

It is therefore necessary that with whatever strength the Congress has, it should forge ahead resolutely maintaining unity in its ranks. Unfortunately this has been absent in this province and the Congress workers are divided into groups which are identified in the public mind with one individual or another. These personal differences have assumed such overwhelming importance that most of the Congress workers are engaged in this fatricidal war consciously or unconsciously, and the Congress work has suffered.

Even the public at large seems to be sick of this and are anxious to preserve intact the fair name of the Congress Those who have been mainly responsible for this degeneration have not unfortunately thought it worthwhile to remain within the bounds of decency and fairplay and they have come out openly in the public to throw mud on their opponents in the most objectionable manner.

UNHEALTHY ATMOSPHERE.

Attacks of a personal nature have been common and the most filthy charges are made which have spread an atmosphere most unhealthy for any sort of public activity. It is my opinion that this must be immediately stopped and I am glad to say that the persons involved have agreed to put a stop to it forthwith. This cannot be achieved without the active co-operation of the public and they must accept the responsibility and do nothing to encourage this kind of propaganda by any individual or group.

This according to me is the first necessity and without this no improvement seems to be possible. Public life in India demands a high personal standard and public workers must develop integrity of character if they want to serve the masses best.

COMMON PLAN OF ACTION.

I am glad to announce that Congress workers amongst whom friction exists at present have agreed to sit together and evolve a common plan of action. Let us hope that they succeed in resolving their differences. It is but fair that they should be given a chance to make a genuine and sincere attempt at reconciliation. Congress workers and public generally should welcome such a step and help to create a congenial atmosphere which would make common action possible and fruitful. The situation demands tolerance and if this is forthcoming I am sure that nothing but good will come out of this experiment.

In conclusion I would only say that if this attempt for any reason fails, I shall be forced to report officially to the Working Committee requesting it to intervene and suggest the manner of such intervention. But I need not add that no one would be more happy than myself if such a situation does not arise and the leaders and workers settle their differences amicably evolving a scheme of work which would be acceptable to all and which would serve as a good basis in future for Congress work in Ajmer-Merwara.

AUNDH PRINCE AMONG STATES PEOPLE

Tour In Sangli And Miraj

MIRAJ, Nov 25.

Prince Appasaheb Pant Pratinidhi of Aundh State was on a tour in the Southern Maratha States from November 20 to 23. The Prince and party visited Sangli on Sunday noon.

There was an interesting discussion, on the Wardha Educational Scheme, many teachers and responsible citizens participating. The general tone of the talk was in favour of giving a fair but faithful trial to the New Experiment.

The urgency of it in the interests of the poor masses was ably advocated by the chief guest. The appeal went home, as Prince Appasaheb himself is incharge of Education in his State. He has already invited educationists from various Deccan States to his capital on December 8 and 9. for a further discussion.

In the neighbourhood of Sangli, in a village called Diraj, Mr Baburao Farate took the Prince round his village and showed the remarkable agricultural work being done there. Thereafter, a public meeting was addressed wherein the farmers were encouraged to carry on their good work The princely visitor was himself so much impressed with the splendid results of the refined methods of the agriculturists that he immediately sent for his State Agricultural adviser to collect firsthand information presumably to put it to use in his own State

Prince Appasaheb addressed a public meeting at Sangli also and visited some public institutions.

On the 21st. the prince and party went to see Kumatha village Reconstruction centre in Sangli State. In the afternoon two educational institutions, the city High School and the Pratap School were visited. Then followed the prize distribution of the 'Tarun Bahrat Mandal'.

The prince was received by the Rajasaheb of Miraj (J.) in the evening. There was a general discussion and a public lecture at Budhagaon. The party left for Malgaon near Miraj, where at night there was a grand reception and a public meeting. Syt. Pundlikji, who especially came there from Belgaon presided over the function. The princely man in the masses moved the minds of all present by his simplicity and sincerity and his appeal to improve their lot.

The third day was given to Miraj (Sr.) In the morning after visiting "Bhanu Talim"—a Gymnastic institution, the teachers and others met to discuss the Wardha Scheme. The Dewan Saheb and other officials also came and had a talk with the Prince on matters educational and others. There was a "Pansupari" in honour of the Prince in the Saraf Sangh which was followed by a visit to the Rajasahib. The Ambabai Talim gave a very interesting performance when Appasaheb went there The prince also visited the Municipal Ayurvedic Hospital.

A public meeting was held on the Town Hall ground in the evening, the president of the Municipality, Mr. Marathe was in the chair. The speaker stressed the necessity of the three-fold freedom-economic, social and political for the betterment of the humanity.

On the last day Appasaheb paid a visit to Kawathe of Miraj (Jr.) to perform the opening ceremony of a library there. Thence the party proceeded to Islampoor (Satara Dist.) in a response of a special invitation from Mr. Shankar Rao Javadekar; well-known author of the newly published "Adhunik Bharat." After a hearty talk on various subjects Appasaheb proceeded to Aundh after completing the whole programme which was successfully carried out.

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REPRESSION IN INDORE

Authorities Charged With Breach Of Agreement

(From Our Correspondent)

INDORE, (By Mail).

It is reliably understood that the Indore Government has joined hands with other premier states of Punjab, Deccan and Rajputana in demanding protection under the Princes Protection Act with a view to maintain autocracy and suppress political agitation of the people. It is also stated that a number of smaller states of Central India are also advised by the concerned political advisors and agents of Indore that they too must demand necessary protection from the Political Department; otherwise they will have to face same troubles as the rulers of Kathiawar and specially the Rajkot administration had to face to-day.

It is reported that a list of national payers which are considered to side the popular movements is also prepared and submitted to concerned parties and attempts are being made to take action against such papers through the provincial Governments, wherever it is possible, or through the Central India Agency.

The Political situation has again taken a turn for the worse and it seems that public workers are much dissatisfied with the official tactics.

The Praja Mandal had arranged for ten Political meetings, and as formerly settled, through the Gentlemen's Agreement, it was expected that the permission would be granted without any kind of hitch on the part of the Government, but to the surprise of the workers, permission for only one meeting was granted. The next time when the Prajamandal approached for permission a condition was applied that any "Outsider" should not address the meeting. This was protested by the Prajamandal workers in the meeting of the 19th instant, and it was decided that no meeting should be arranged under such restrictions. However, a petition was submitted again on the 24th in which it was made clear to the State officers that the permission should be given without any kind of condition as it was the major condition of the Gentlemen's Agreement.

The Magistrate instead of giving permission informed the workers that he would consult the higher officers. The result was that no order was received till 4 p.m. of the 24th instant, whereupon the workers had informed the public that the Government had withheld permission for public meetings, and hence the meetings of 24th and 27th had to be cancelled. The public workers and the public are much dissatisfied with such a state of affairs, and they are meeting to consider the situation.

The next important thing which is drawing public attention is the attitude of the State Officers towards the enquiry of the Prajamandal with regard to the Publicity officer's Statement. The Prajamandal had protested and asked the State officers to give a reply why such baseless and misleading propaganda was started against the public activities and against the gentlemen's agreement.

APPOINTMENT OF POLITICAL AGENTS

RAJKOT, Nov. 27.

The Resident for the States of Western India has appointed Lieut.-Col. H. M Whitewick of the Indian Political Service as the Political Agent, Eastern Kathiawar Agency, Captain L. W. Wooddrige of the Indian Political Service as the Political Agent, Sabar Kantha Agency, Mr. D. R. Norman, I.C.S., Bombay, Judicial Commissioner in the States of Western India and Gujerat States, Mr. R. W. H. Davies, I.C.S., Bombay, District and Sessions Judge of Kathiawar and Sessions Judge of the Sabar Kantha Agency and Dr. Rasiklal Dulerai Dave as the Honorary Opthalmic Surgeon of the West Hospital for one year with certain conditions imposed upon him.—United Press.

ANANTRAI PATTANI ILL

(From Our Correspondent)

BHAVNAGAR, Nov. 28.

In view of the absence of any reply to their memorandum, the Bhavnagar State Railway Workers' Union has sent a second reminder to the authority insisting on a satisfactory reply on or before December 4.

The Maharaja of Bhavnagar had gone to Deogad Baria to attend the marriage ceremony of the Prince.

Dewan Anantrai Pattani is suffering from fever for the last two days and is postponing his trip to Bombay to attend the meeting of the Princes Chambers.

WORLD SHOULD UNITE TO SAVE THE JEWS

(Continued from Page 6).

an ideal of humanity and freedom for their defence.

What Of Carol?

Mr. Chamberlain's policy of fraternisation with Germany has suffered a momentary check since these pogroms. But the reactions of the governing class deserve close attention.

The chief observable effect, in France, as in England has been the revival of resistance to the plans that were under consideration for meeting German's colonial claims.

M. Daladier, so abject in his abandonment of his Czech allies, has become almost heroic in his determination to retain the French colonial empire intact. General Smuts is ready to fight in order to keep South-West Africa. Mr. Malcolm MacDonald has given an assurance for the present, at least, as to Tanganyika.

Even the "Times", which had proposed to carve, mainly out of other people's territories, a big continuous colonial empire for Germany on the west coast of Africa has prudently forgotten this project.

With some of the reasoning advanced to support this negative attitude, Socialists can agree. The Nazi doctrine of race, which treats all coloured and some white peoples as "sub-human," is a disqualification for any colonial responsibility

Moreover, we are opposed to German "ownership" of any part of Africa, because we repudiate the whole conception of the ownership of colonies by any European Power, including the British Empire.

Some disturbing reflections, however, occur to us as we watch this imperial indignation against German brutality and anti-semitism. It coincides with the formal recognition of Italy's conquest of Abyssinia, a more brutal performance than any Nazi exploit.

Mussolini has, moreover, embraced the whole theory and practice of anti-semitism.

At the same moment King Carol received an effusive welcome in London, though this royal dictator is as much a stranger to democracy as any Duce or Fuhrer. He, too, has tolerated the oppression of his country's Jews.

People's Front

The risk lies in front of us that if Germany should eventually provoke a part of our governing class to resistance it will take the field for the defence of its colonial investments and privileges.

Before that fate befalls us it is our urgent duty to make our relationship with the colonial peoples, more especially in Africa morally defensible.

The whole tradition of ownership must go; the privileges of preferential trading must be abandoned; the marketing of native produce should be organised by disinterested trusts; the Civil Service should be international and the mandate system universal.

Such a programme will never be adopted by any Tory Government. The only safeguard against an imperialist war lies in the prompt formation of a People's Front, which will rally the forces of Democracy for the defence, not of Empire but of civilisation.

If the Labour Party delays, it may lose its proper role of leadership.

Aid For Spain

The Labour Spain Committee has now arranged for the despatch to Spain of food to the value of £2,000.

Without reckoning promises from parties, further gifts towards a second shipment have reached our treasurer, Mr. Austen Albu, 20, East Heath-road, N. W. 3, amounting to £650. They come in sums that range from a shilling upwards.

Some readers are generously sending a weekly contribution. They remember that the Republic has three million refugees to feed. Food is as necessary for its defence as arms.

We have no overhead expenses and rely entirely on volunteer workers Our thanks go to the T.U.C., the I.F.T.U. and the C.W.S. for their help in buying and forwarding the food.

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INTERNATIONAL WHEAT SITUATION

Freight To India Reduced

(From Our Commercial Correspondent)

Delhi, Nov. 25.

The current quotations of wheat against those ruling a week back in brackets as reported from the selected markets of the world are as follows:—

London:—S. Australian 22.6 (22.6) Canadian 25.3 (25.0)

Liverpool:—December 53 3/4 (53) Mar. 54 3/8 (53 1/8)

Winnipeg:—December 58 1/2 (59 1/4) May 61 1/2 (62 3/8)

Chicago:—December 62 1/2 (63 7/8) May 64 3/8 (66 1/8)

Buenos Aires:—Feb. 7.01 (unquoted).

Karachi:—December 15-15-6 (15-12) July 22-5-6 (22-1-6)

Bombay:—Jan. 3-15-0 (3-13-9) May 3-2-9 (3-1-6)

Calcutta:—May 3-3-9 (3-3-6)

Hapur:—Mangsir 2-2-11 (2-2-8) Maha 2-3-1 (2-2-10) Jeth 2-6-8 (2-5-8)

Amritsar:—Magh 2-1-9 (2-0-7) Har 2-3-10 (2-3-4)

The Indian markets have been quiet to steady during the period under review whereas the foreign markets have practically been indefinite, as is apparent from the above table of quotations. At present the country markets are moving in consistent with inland natural factors and are readily offsetting foreign advices which indicate easiness. Had not there been dry weather in India the prices would have undoubtedly run down farther. The factors responsible for such a foreign trend were: complaints of dryness from Kansas and reported negotiations for the sale of a substantial quantity of domestic wheat to U.K., reactionary dollar and higher Australian crop reports, favourable Argentine weather and absence of moisture in U.S. winter wheat belts, and the abolition of import duty under the Anglo-American entente. The freight from Australia to India has been reduced from 18s to 14s. and the imports of Rumanian and Australian wheats can now be effected at Rs. 2 and Rs. 2/4 per maund respectively. A report says that 4 steamers of total tonnage of 23,000 tons have been chartered at 14s. Jan. loading of Australian wheat to India with option of unloading at Karachi, Bombay or Calcutta. It is learnt that India have bought two more cargoes of Australian wheat, mid-December shipment, at 23.3d, London basis. The transactions amounting to about 15 lakhs bags have been put through in this wheat, until now, out of which 5 lakhs bags have already been imported. The rest will be imported till February. The existing 25 per cent rebate on wheat exports from Karachi to foreign countries allowed by N W. Railway has been extended for further twelve months ending December 31, 1939.

IMPORTS.

Imports of wheat into India during 1937-38 were 21,688 tons against 117 in 1936-37 and 13,066 tons in 1935-36. During the first five months of the current year imports were negligible, but in the last two months, September and October, they amounted to 42,302 tons. There is a demand from Indian flour mills for Australian wheat for blending purposes, owing to the larger percentage of wheat obtained from it, but the extent of the demand in any year appears to be determined by price considerations.

KARACHI MARKET.

Karachi remained partially steady under Bombay Commission Houses buying, good trade demand and firm foreign cables. It was rumoured here that 2000 tons of December shipment were sold at Rs. 19/6 early during the week, as result of which prices lost ground to an extent of about 4 annas but later on they rebounded up.

NORTHERN MARKETS

The North Indian markets have moved narrowly with unimportant fluctuations. Consumers' demand from the outlets has been sporadic with building trade showing little or no interest. Though the drought has presented a somewhat healthier tone but clouds of depression encircling could not be lifted The bear operators are reported to have been doing straddle selling in some centres and buying in others.

INTERNATIONAL MARKETS.

The international wheat markets during the week under review were marked with an uncertain and irregular tone resulting in the loss of uniformity in prices. The present low levels have attracted investment buyers and at the same time short sellers have been disheartened, but it can not be said that this factor might restrict the rates from having a further depression. In the early days U. K. evinced more or less interest in Australian and Manitobas wheat as well as Continental wheat on declining prices. Argentine and Australian new crop situations are generally the same as reported last week; but Argentine prospects are however regarded to be on the threshold of improvement whereas that of Australia they appear to be deteriorating

BOMBAY COTTON STATISTICS

Receipts from 1st September to 24th November 1938 (by Rail and sea)	274,651	
Receipts from 1st September to 24th November 1938 (By Road estimated)	27,500	302,151
Same time previous season (By Rail and Sea)		167,110

Exports from 1st September to 24th November 1938

	1938	1937
United Kingdom	7,077	2 547
Continent	38,083	39,432
China	9,836	19,516
Japan	236,291	32,819
Coast Ports	9,602	19,323
U. S. A.	.....	.....
	300,919	113,717

Total exports by rail, 1st September to 24th November 1938	75,027
Estimated Mill consumption in Bombay from 1st September to 24th November 1938	207,381
Same period last year	192,450
Estimated stock of raw cotton held by exporters, Dealers and Mills in Bombay on 24th November 1938	601,892
Same time last year	527,777

KARACHI STATISTICS

Total receipts of cotton from Up-country from 1st September to 17th November 1938	328,643
Same time previous season	196,101
Total cotton shipped from 1st September to 16th November 1938	171,870
Same time previous year	87,297

One And Half Lakh Congress Members In Maharashtra

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA, Nov. 26.

The Congress membership in Maharashtra has this year gone beyond 1,50,000.

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Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON FOUR POINTS DOWN

Sterling Recovers On Dollar Devaluation Rumours

WEEK-END DEVELOPMENTS DEPRESS PRICES ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Metals Easy

BOMBAY, Nov. 28.

NEW YORK COTTON

The easiness of securities checked the enterprise with the result that the cotton showed lower tendency with small movements. Foreign selling and December liquidation caused small decline in prices

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Markets were unfavourably influenced by weaker Wall Street advices and week-end developments in France.

Among Metals, Tin, Lead and Copper displayed weakness and prices were marked down.

Gilt-edgeds also came under selling pressure.

EXCHANGES.

Owing to rumours of impending dollar devaluation, the sterling improved and rose to 4.64.

Francs were slightly better to-day.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MARCH 1939

	New York, Nov 28
Previous closing	8.45
To-day's opening	8.43
Difference	—02
To-day's closing	8.41
Difference	—04

LIVERPOOL COTTON

MARCH 1939

	Liverpool, Nov 28
Previous closing	4.88
To-day's opening	4.86
Difference	—.02
To-day's closing	4.82
Difference	—.05

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May 1938 ..... Rs. 158-0
July August ..... Rs. 159-12

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Nov 28

The New York cotton showed lower tendency in absence of any sustaining factor while the easiness of securities further checked the enterprise with the result that movements were small and the general trend lower.

The trading in March commenced at 8.43 i.e. two points lower than the last closing. Prices declined on lower Liverpool cables and December liquidation with some foreign selling while later, the renewed liquidation further pushed back values with March fallinfi to 8.41.

BOMBAY COTTON Late Trading

Bombay, Nov 28

The trading in Broach cotton April/May began at Rs. 159-4, but the price slightly declined in sympathy with New York advices, and closed at Rs. 159-10.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Nov 28

The following were the opening ranges:—

December (8.69/8.68) 8.68/8.67
January (8.47/8.47) 8.46/8.46
March (8.45/8.45) 8.43/8.43

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Nov 28

American January (4.88) 4.85
American March (4.88) 4.85
Egyptian January (7.74) 7.66
Egyptian March (7.68) 7.60

LONDON COMMODITIES

TEAS

London, Nov 28

Indian Pekoe (0-10 3/4) 0-10 3/4
Indian Pekoe higher (1-3 1/2) 1-3 1/2
Ceylon Pekoe (0-11 3/4) 0-11 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-5 1/2) 1-5 1/2

JUTE

First Marks C I F Continent New Crop November December (£18 3/4 sellers) £18 5/8 paid and value
Dundee November (£22 1/4) £22 1/4
Lightning November (£20 3/4) £20 3/4

RUBBER

Spot (8 buyers) 7 15/16 paid and buyers
Forward January March (8 1/8 paid and sellers) 8 paid and buyers

SEEDS

Castorseed Bombay November December (£10 7/8 sellers) £10 7/8 sellers
Linseed La Plata November (£12 3/16 sellers) £12 3/16 sellers
Linseed La Plata November (£11 1/8 sellers) £11 1/8 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal December (£10 1/4 sellers) £10 1/8 sellers

BULLION

Influx (£288) nil
Withdrawal (nil) nil
Gold (£7-10-0) £7-9-9 1/2
Silver (20 1/8d.) 20 1/16d.

METALS

Tin (£216 buyers £216 1/8 sellers. Steady) £214 1/2 buyers £214 3/4 sellers. Easier
Lead (£16 5/16 buyers £16 3/8 sellers. Steady) £15 13/16 buyers £15 7/8 sellers. Easy
Electrolytic Copper (£51 1/4 to £51 3/4) £49 to £50
Iron (112) 112

EXCHANGES

CROSS RATES

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, Nov 28

Previous closing	4.62 11/16
To-day's opening	4.64 1/2
At the time of New York cotton closing	4.65 1/16

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Nov 28

Previous closing	4.62.87
To-day's opening	4.62.62
To-day's closing	4.65.12

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS

London, Nov 28

Previous closing	178.71
To-day's opening	178.71
To-day's closing	178.59

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Nov 28

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.62.62 and then improved to 4.63.37 on general buying prompted by rumours of impending dollar devaluation with the rate eventually rising to 4.64

Franc opened at 178.71 and then appreciated to 178.69 on scattered support with the trend generally steadier.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-5 15/16) 1-5 15/16
Paris on Bombay (13.335) 13.332
New York on Bombay (34.66) 34.56
Berlin on Bombay (86 3/8) 86 1/2
London on Milan (88.06) 88.30
London on Shanghai (0-8 1/4 nominal) 0-8 1/4 nominal.
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

DISCOUNTS

3 months (7/8 to 7/8 per cent) 7/8 to 7/8 per cent
4 months (7/8 to 7/8 per cent) 7/8 to 7/8 per cent
6 months (7/8 to 1 per cent) 7/8 to 1 per cent.

LONDON SILVER CABLE

Bombay, Nov 28

The following cable regarding silver market was received in Bombay tonight:—

"Speculators sold. American trade bought at the decline. Market steady".

LONDON SILVER

London, Nov 28

Spot	(20 1/8d.) 20 1/16d.—1/16
Forward	(19 5/8d.) 19 9/16d.—1/16

LONDON GOLD

London, Nov 28

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-10-0) £7-9-9 1/2

BOMBAY BULLION Latest Quotations

Bombay, Nov 28

SILVER

Silver ready	51	3	6
Silver Magsar	51	2	6
Silver Posh	51	1	6

GOLD

Gold ready	37	7	0
Gold Magsar	37	7	3
Gold Posh	37	7	6
Sovereign	23	14	0

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Nov 28

Liverpool wheat opened steady with March at 54 1/2d. After displaying steadiness following better north American cables the market became quiet and uninteresting with operators holding off.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Nov 28

Chicago wheat opened steady with December at 0.61 1/2. Prices improved slightly on scattered mill buying with some foreign enquiry influenced by better outside markets with the price rising to 0.61 3/4.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT Closing Quotations

Liverpool, Nov 28

Liverpool wheat closing quotations for December is 54 1/4d. The previous close was 54 3/4d.

3½% GOVT. PAPER Closing Quotations

Bombay, Nov 28

3 1/2 per cent Government paper closed at Rs. 98/7 at 5 p.m.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

Bombay, Nov 28

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £90 3/4.

Closing quotations on the previous days were:—

Thursday, November 17, £91 3/4
Friday, November 18, £91 3/4
Monday, November 21, £91 3/4
Tuesday, November 22, £91 3/4
Wednesday, November 23, £91 3/8
Thursday, November 24, £91 1/4
Friday, November 25, £91 1/4

INDIAN LOANS

London, Nov 28
3-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian (£98 1/2) £98 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£91 1/4) £90 3/4
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£111 1/2) £111 1/4
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£115 1/4) £115 1/4
4 per cent Indian Stock 1948-53 (£105 3/4) £105 3/4
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£107 1/2) £107 1/2
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1945/59 (£101 3/4) £101 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent Australian Loan 1945-70 (£105 3/8) £105 3/8

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£71 3/8) £71 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£99 5/8) £99 1/4
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£103 1/8 ex div) £103
5 per cent Funding Loan (£108 7/8) £108 3/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£98 7/8) £98 3/4
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£108) £107 3/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Nov 28

London Stock Exchange was very quiet in the absence of any important news.

Gilt-edged securities came under pressure following week-end developments in France Three and half per cent. was quoted at £90 3/4 i.e. ten shillings lower than the last close.

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (17-1 1/2) 16-10 1/2
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (57-6) 56-10 1/2
Hydro Electric (dol 4 3/4) dol 4 3/4
Elec Music Industry (11-7 1/2) 11-7 1/2
Princhin Johnson (26) 25-7 1/2
Imperial Chemical (31-4 1/2) 31-4 1/2
Woolsworth New Ordinary (58-0) 57-6
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1930 (£19) £19
Dunlop Rubber (23-10 1/2) 23-6
Unilever Ordinary (37-6) 37-6
Ford Motors (17-4 1/2) 17-4 1/2
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£39) £38
British American Tobacco Ordinary (99-4 1/2) 99-4 1/2
Carreas A (£8 1/8) £8 1/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (132-6) 131-3
P. and O. S N Company Deferred (22-4 1/2) 22-4 1/2
Distillers (91-3) 90-10 1/2
Bredford Dyes (3-6) 3-6
British Celanese (3-6) 3-3
J and P Coates Ordinary (36-10 1/2) 36-10 1/2
Courtaulds Ordinary (28-10 1/2) 28-6
Fine Cotton Spinning (2-9) 2-9
Vickers Limited Ordinary (23-10 1/2) 23-10 1/2
Inter Nickels (dol 57 1/4) dol 56 1/4
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (48-1 1/2) 48-1 1/2

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (16-6) 16-6
Donaro Tea (36.3) 36.3
Empire of India (23-1 1/2) 23-1 1/2

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£9) £9

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (27-3) 27-3
Gula Kelampong (23-1 1/2) 23-1 1/2
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (29-3) 29-3

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (40-7 1/2) 40-7 1/2
Burma Corporation (9-4 1/2) 9-1 1/2
Rio Tintos (£14 1/8) £14 1/8
East Rand Proprietors (57-6) 57-6
Rand Mines (£9) £9

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£17) £17
Associated Portland Cement (75-0) 73-9
Trinidad Leasehold (93-6) 92-6
Sub Nigal (£12 1/2) £12 1/2
Spring Mines Split Shares (31-10 1/2) 31-10 1/2
Union Corporation (£8 5/8) £8 5/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (23-1 1/2) 22-6
Anglo Iranian (96-3) 94-4 1/2
Burma Oil (88-9) 88-9
Mexican Eagle (5-4 1/2) 5-1 1/2
Shell Transport (85) 85
Royal Dutch (£38) £38

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£28) £27 5/8
London Midland and Ordinary (£12 1/2) £12 1/8
London North Eastern Def. (£2 3/8) £2 3/8
Southern Def (£13 3/8) £13
London Transport 5 per cent (£118) £118
London Transport 'C' (£79) £78 3/4

LOWER DRIFT ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Covering Demand For Sterling

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Nov 28

On Stock Exchange all sections drifted lower in quiet trading on selling induced by disturbed French political situation together with Saturday's reaction in Wall Street. Cements were outstanding with further losses but Kaffirs were relatively steady. In commodities base metals, especially copper, eased in sympathy with week-end American advices.

Foreign Exchanges were active with substantial covering demand for sterling. Developments in France did not affect Franc which met more buyers than sellers.

Wall Street opened irregular.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Jutes Better: Speculatives Steady

CALCUTTA, Nov 28

In Jutes slightly better tone was observed after week-end, particularly in speculative counters. Howrah marked up on good buying support, while Kamarhatty remained more or less at their previous level. The volume of business however, was on a limited scale. Coals remained more or less unaltered. Teas were rather dull. In the miscellaneous section, Indian Iron and other speculative issues kept steady. Government securities were quiet but steady.

The following were the closing quotations:—

Securities: 3 1/2 per cent G P 98/4; 4 per cent loan 1960/70 111/1.

Banks: Imperial Bank fully paid 1578 small odd lot.

Railways: Dheri Rohtas Railway 16/6 small odd lot; Howrah Amta 118; Tezpore Balipara pref 70; Muir Mills pref 68 small odd lot.

Coals: Baraboni annas 3; Burrakur 13/14; do pref 138; Dhent Main 13/2; East Indian 24/13; Mundulpoor 9/9; New Beerbhoom 18/10; Raneegunge 34/4; Seobpore 21/4 prem; Talcher 1/5; Union 23, West Jamuria 33/8.

Jutes: Alliance pref 103; Bally pref 137; Barnagore 132; Belvedere 320 small lot; Dalhousie 300 small lot; Hooghly pref 16/4; Howrah 50/12 ex div; Kamarhatty 472; Naihati pref 145; Orient 155.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corpn 6/3; Indian Copper 2/7; Rhodesia Copper 1/10; Dalmia Cement ord 9/8 small lot; do pref 95 small lot; Alkali and Chemical pref 114 small lot; Bareilly Electric 13/8; Benares Electric 13/6; Bengal Telephone ord 18/8; Arthur Butler ord 9/4; Britannia Building and Iron 7/2; Burn and Co ord 277; do 6 per cent 126; Hukumchand Steel ord 8/4; Indian Galvanizing 20/4; Indian Iron 31/12; Indian St. Wagon ord 55; Indian Malleable Casting defd 2; Kumardhubi Eng. pref 68; Marshalls 1/14; Steel Corpn ord 9/6; Balmer Lawrie 262/8; Birds Investment pref 101; B I Corpn ord 3/5; do pref 158 small lot; Bararee Coke 18/8; Britannia Biscuits 6/12; Calcutta Trams 16/14; Dunlop Rubber ord 16/2; Indian Cables 10/8; Kalimpong Ropeway 10/4; Moola Oil 1/3; India Paper Pulp 107; Orient Paper 7/14; Titaghur paper A ord 14/12; India General Navigation ord 93; Carew and Co old 12/12; do six per cent pref 113.

Teas: Barduar Tea and Timber 3; Dehra Dun 205; Hansqya 10/4; Hasimara 38.

Debentures: 3 1/4 per cent 1966/76 Rangoon Municipal 100/3; 5 1/4 per cent 1938/50 Rohtas Industries 102/2.—A. P.

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Nov 28

Wheat January	3	14	3
Wheat May	3	2	6
Linseed May	4	15	0

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Nov 28

General Motors (unquoted) dol 48 1/4
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 34 3/4) dol 35 3/4
U S Common New Stock (dol 65 5/8) dol 63 1/2
U S Steel Preference (unquoted) dol 115 1/2

RAILWAY RATES FOR HIDES AND SKINS

Bombay Dealers Demand Reduction

The Railway Rates Advisory Committee started its deliberations to-day, at the Legislative Council Hall. The Committee was composed of Sir Zahid Suhrawardy, Bar-at-Law, President, Rai Bahadur P. C. Bose and Mr. Rahimtoola Chinoy.

Messrs. D. Abraham and Sons. presented an application of behalf of Mr. S. Mohamin Haji Kader Bakhsh, Managing Director of the Indian Goat-Skin Corporation Ltd., and other commercial concerns dealing in the export of Hides and Skins to foreign markets.

It was contended by the applicants that the raising of the rates for the transport of hides and skins between Bombay and Delhi, which was considered to be 20 per cent. by the Railway Companies, worked out in actual practice to 60 per cent. This point was accepted by the representatives of the Railway Companies, the petitioners contended that this increase in the rates was unwarranted, and the present condition of the trade and world economic situation did not justify the move.

In support, the petitioners stated that the price of hides and skins had depreciated in American Markets to the extent of 100 per piece, and shippers from Africa and elsewhere could compete favourably with them and cut their foreign trade. By the operation of the higher rates from the beginning of this year their approximate loss of trade amounted to about 25 per cent.

The B. B. & C. I., E. I. and N. W. Railways, were all represented.

All-India Weather

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA, Nov. 28.

The following are the maximum minimum temparature and rainfall figures recorded at various stations during twenty-four hours ending 8 a.m. to-day:—

Station	Temperature Max	Temperature Min	Rainfall Past 24 Hours	Rainfall Total Since 1st Nov.	Rainfall Difference to Normal
Agra	78	41	—	...	—0.1
Amraoti	83	63	—	..	—0.5
Akola	87	63	—	...	—0.5
Ahmedabad	89	55	—	...	—0.1
Ajmer	77	43	—	..	—0.2
Ahmednagar	85	58	—	...	—0.6
Ambala	77	40	—	...	—0.3
Allahabad	78	52	—	...	—0.3
Benares	79	53	—	...	—0.3
Bareilly	77	45	—	...	—0.2
BOMBAY	85	68	—	1.1	+0.7
Bangalore	84	63	—	0.1	—2.8
Bhopal	81	52	—	...	
Baroda	88	47	—	...	—
Belgaum	86	64	—	0.4	—.13
Bahawalpur	78	40	—	...	—
Bijapur	88	65	—	0.1	—1.0
Bellary	—	—	—	—	—
Bhavnagar	87	56	—	...	—0.1
Chittagong	85	64	—	4.4	+2.6
Calcutta	83	63	—	0.1	—0.6
Cuttack	84	65	—	0.1	—1.4
Cawnpore	82	48	—	...	—0.4
Calicut	89	73	--	1.4	3.7
Colombo	87	73	0.8	3.9	—8.1
Cheerapunji	67	50	—	3.7	+0.5
Cocanada	79	72	0.7	10.0	+4.7
Cochin	85	76	—	5.9	—0.4
Dehra Dun	73	40	—	0.1	—0.3
Delhi	75	39	—	...	—0.1
Dehra I. Khan	70	50	—	...	—0.1
Darjeeling	57	38	—	0.1	—0.6
Desa	85	46	—	...	—0.1
Dalhousie	—	—	—	0.1	—0.8
Fort Sandeman	51	28	—	...	—0.2
Gorakhpur	78	55	—	...	—0.2
Hyderabad (Dn.)	87	60	—	...	—1.0
Hyderabad (Sd.)	77	50	—	...	...
Indore	83	53	—	...	—0.4
Jhansi —	81	47	—	...	—0.2
Jubbulpore	84	55	—	...	—0.5
Jacobabad	77	49	—	...	—0.1
Jaipur	77	48	—	...	—0.1
Karwar	87	71	—	1.8	—0.1
Karachi	82	58	—	...	...
Kodaikanal	—	—	—	—	—
Khandwa	89	54	—	...	—0.5
Lucknow	79	45	—	...	—0.2
Ludhiana	77	43	—	...	—0.1
Lahore	78	45	—	...	—0.1
Lyallpur	74	44	—	...	—0.2
Multan	74	42	—	...	—0.1
Mysore	87	63	—	0.4	—2.0
Madras	84	72	—	0.3	—13.3
Marmagoa	85	73	—	1.0	—
Malegaon	88	59	—	0.1	—0.5
Mussoorie	55	41	—	0.3	+0.2
Mahableshwar	76	58	—	1.3	—0.1
Murree	51	33	—	0.1	—0.6
Mount Abu	68	48	—	...	—0.2
Masulipatam	—	—	—	—	—
Mandalay	84	63	—	4.0	+2.0
Mangalore	86	72	—	2.1	—1.0
Meerut	—	—	—	...	—0.1
Mercara	73	59	—	1.2	—1.9
Nagpur	80	62	—	...	—0.7
Ootacamund	65	42	—	0.9	—4.7
Patna	79	56	—	...	—0.3
Peshawar	67	45	0.1	0.1	—0.2
Pachmarhi	74	52	—	0.1	—0.6
Port Blair	84	75	—	12.3	+3.7
Quetta	41	20	—	0.3	—
Ranchi	79	60	—	0.2	—0.2
Rawalpindi	73	41	—	...	—0.2
Rangoon	88	72	—	9.9	+7.2
Ratnagiri	90	71	—	2.9	+2.0
Rajkot	85	50	—	...	—0.2
Sialkot	75	47	—	...	—0.1
Srinagar	55	20	—	...	—0.4
Sholapur	90	63	—	...	—1.1
Shillong	66	41	—	4.1	+2.5
Simla	51	40	—	0.7	+0.1
Surat	91	61	—	...	—0.2
Salem	93	75	—	...	—3.6
Trichinopoly	90	75	—	0.6	—4.7
Trivandrum	87	73	—	3.3	—3.0
Vizagaptam	73	70	0.9	12.1	+8.5

T indicates rainfall of 1 to 4 Cents.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 28-11-1938.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours plus .048 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 74.0 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 64.0 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 85.0 degrees 3.0 (below normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 68.2 degrees 2.1 (below normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 55 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. N

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 3 miles per hour

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 152 miles

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 25 miles per hour

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 3

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING

DATED 28-11-38

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 77.0 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.19 inches and a compensated aneroid 30.00 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVED

Bombay, Nov 28

B I S N ss Gurna of 3228 reg tons, Captain A Russell arrived from Calcutta via Madras, Pondicherry, Colombo, Malabar Coast Ports and Mangalore with general cargo.

T Morrison ss Akbar of 2479 reg tons, Captain H Morini arrived from Rangoon via Calcutta Red Sea Ports and Jeddah in water ballast.

Scindia Steam Nvg ss Jalakrishna of 3075 reg tons, Captain J Williams arrived from Calcutta via Colombo, Tuticorin and Cochin with general cargo.

N Y Kaisha ss Tango Maru of 4238 reg tons, Captain C Ishida arrived from Yokohama via Japan Ports, Singapore, Penang and Colombo with general cargo.

B I S N Orna of 4030 reg tons, Captain W H Hemmings arrived from Calcutta with coal and general cargo.

T Morrison ss Islami of 3617 reg tons Captain A Kevi arrived from Calcutta via Porebunder and Bhavnagar in water ballast.

T Morrison ss Subadar of 3397 reg tons, Captain H W Palmer arrived from Calcutta via Madras, Pondicherry, Tuticorin and Cochin with coal and general cargo.

SAILED

Anchor Line ss Circassia of 6580 reg tons, Captain W Gemmell sailed for Marseilles, Liverpool via Karachi with local cargo.

P and O ss Lahore 3161 reg tons, Captain J H Hollow sailed for Karachi via Cutch, Kundla and Kathiawar Coast Ports with same bottom cargo.

T Morrison ss Rizwani of 3329 reg tons, Captain P M Mirriess sailed for Jeddah and Red Sea Ports via Karachi with pilgrims and local cargo.

LOADING

The following vessels booked for loading on 28-11-38.

S S City of Canterbury (K N) for Karachi, Port Said, Marseilles, Antwerp, Dunkerk and Liverpool.

S S Garbeta (M M) for Mangalore, Quilon, Colombo and Rangoon.

S S Tango Maru (N Y K) for Karachi, Colombo and China Japan Ports.

STEAMERS IN DOCKS

ALEXANDRA DOCK

Bombay, Nov 28

8 Toyama Maru 4386 Kobe 1-12 N Y Kaisha.
8 Orna 4030 Calcutta 3-12 M M
12 Circassia 6580 Glasgow 28-11 Anchor Line
14 Treuenfels 5196 Antwerp 6-12 L Edwards
18 Cathay 8746 London 4-3-39 M M

VICTORIA DOCK

1 Jalakrishna 3075 Karachi 29-11 Scindia S N
3 Barala 1899 Persian Gulf 30-11 M M

PRINCE'S DOCK

B Jehangir 2157 Jeddah 2-12 T Morrison
P/R El Madina 1628 Jeddah 3-12 Scindia S N
H Hashemi 298 tons N F N F S Hasum
F Rizwani 3306 Jeddah 28-11 T Morrison
K Islami 3617 Jeddah 12-12 T Morrison
M Akbar 2479 N F N F T Morrison
N/O Jalamohan 3146 Rangoon 3-12 Scindia S N

Steamers Expected

FROM LONDON

Viceroy of India 5-12-38 P and O
Narkunda 1-12-38 P and O S N
Carthage 8-12-38 P and O S N
Bhutan 3-12-38 P and O S N
Comorin 15-12-38 P and O S N
Nagpore 21-12-38 P and O S N
Rajputana 22-12-38 P and O S N

FROM HULL

Kioto 2-12-38 J Finlay

FROM LIVERPOOL

City of Canterbury 28-11-38 K Nixon
Castalia 3-12-38 Anchor Line

FROM HAMBURG

Weissenfels 29-11-38 L Edwards
Trifels 8-12-38 L Edwards

FROM GOTHENBURG

Simla 16-12-38 L Edwards

FROM NEW YORK

Atlanta City 30-11-38 M M
Pres Monroe 22-12-38 F F Campbell
City of Bath 28-11-38 F F Campbell
Marken 14-12-38 L Edward

FROM TRIESTE

Conte Rosso 19-12-38 L Triestino

FROM GENOA

Villar Perosa 29-11-38 L Triestino
Conte Biancamano 5-12-38 Lloyd Triestino

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Canton 24-12-38 P and O S N
Conte Rosso 16-11-38 L Triestino
Burdwan 21-11-38 P and O S N
Ryfuku Maru 29-11-38 O S Kaisya
Victoria 30-11-38 L Triestino
Nagato Maru 14-12-39 N Y Kaisha
Tango Maru 29-11-38 N Y Kaisha
Kawato Maru 1-12-38 O S K

FROM RANGOON

Jalamani 29-11-38 Sc. S N

FROM BASRA

Barpeta 1-12-38 M M
Varsova 26-11-38 M M

FROM SYDNEY

Strathallan 2-12-38 P and O S N
Strathmore 16-12-38 P and O S N

FROM CALCUTTA

Jalakrishna 27-11-38 Sc. S N
Jalarajan 29-11-38 Sc S N

FROM DURBAN

Karanja 10-12-38 M M
Tairea 24-12-38 M M

FROM KARACHI

Vita 1-12-38 M M
Wartenfels 1-12-38 L Edwards
Baroda 29-11-38 M M

Sailing Dates

FOR LONDON

Strathallan 3-12-38 P and O S N
Viceroy of India 10-12-38 P and O S N
Somali 30-12-38 P and O S N
Strathmore 17-12-38 P and O S N
Dalgoma 24-11-38 P and O S N
Mooltan 31-12-38 P and O S N
Canton 24-12-38 P and O S N

FOR LIVERPOOL

Circassia 2-12-38 Anchor Line
Celicia 23-12-38 Anchor Line
City of Benares 2-12-38 K Nixon

FOR HAMBURG

Lustenfels 3-12-38 L Edward
Treuenfels 6-12-38 L Edwards

FOR NEW YORK

City of Auckland 4-12-38 F F Campbell
Pres. Monroe 24-12-38 F F Campbell
City of Bath 29-11-38 F F Campbell

FOR SAIGON

Villar Perosa 30-11-38 L Triestino

FOR TRIESTE

Conte Verde 23-12-38 L Triestino

FOR GENOA

Victoria 30-11-38 L Triestino

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Conte Rosso 19-12-38 L Triestino
Conte Biancamano 5-12-38 L Triestino
Lahore 15-12-38 P and O
Bhutan 6-12-38 P and O S N
Rajputana 22-12-38 P and O
Toyama Maru 1-12-38 N Y Kaisya
Carthage 8-12-38 P and O S N

FOR CALCUTTA

Orna 3-12-38 M M

FOR SYDNEY

Narkunda 1-12-38 P and O S N
Comorin 15-12-38 P and O S N

FOR RANGOON

Jalamohan 3-12-38 Scindia S N

FOR BASRA

Barala 30-11-38 M M
Varsova 1-12-38 M M

FOR DURBAN

Karanja 21-12-38 M M
Takliwa 7-12-38 M M

FOR JEDDAH

Elmadina 3-12-38 Scindia S N
Jehangir 2-12-38 T Morrison
Islami 12-12-38 T Morrison

FOR KARACHI

Vita 3-12-38 M M
Weissenfels 3-12-38 L Edwards

B. P. T. GENERAL LANDING DATES

S S Treuenfels 25-11-38
S S Gogra 26-11-38
S S Barala 28-11-38
S S Subadar 28-11-38

EXPORTS

S S Truenfels for Rotterdam: 1340 bags crushed bones A Burjor; 55 bales cotton fly V P Maskai; 50 bales cotton twist waste P D Vora.

For Hamburg: 800 bags myrabollams H Bhagwandas; 1280 bags gr nut cake K Devchand; 3988 bags gr nut cake K Prasad; 1400 bags gr nut cake F H Kassam; 163 bales cotton waste M Chandulal; 55 bales cotton waste T Laxmidas.

For Ghent: 55 bales raw cotton H Nensey

For Thessaloniki: 75 bales cotton raw S R Tulshan; 225 bales cotton raw S Jhunjhanwalla.

For Antwerp: 50 bales cotton waste P D Vora; 95 bags metal boring Indian Standard Metal; 30 bags fennel seeds A P Gupta.

For Gothenburg: 28 bales cotton fly L O Vora; 52 bales cotton waste M Chandulal; 37 bales ctn thread waste Champaklal.

For Jinsen: 200 bales raw cotton G K Kaisha

For Osaka: 600 bundles tin clippings G Gabriel.

S S City of Canterbury for Liverpool: 2100 bags linseed oil cake L Dreyfus; 8400 bags gr nut oil cake L Dreyfus.

For Antwerp: 31 bales hemp raw K Tricamji.

S S City of Bath for Philadelphia: 10 bags dill seeds D Abraham.

For Halifax: 27 bags niger seeds M Bhuta.

IMPORTS

S S Stratheden Agents M Mackenzie from Melbourne: 204 cases dried milk powder; 35 cases jam; 145 cases cud fruit; 51 cases dried milk;

From Sydney: 70 casks tallow; 130 cases skin milk powder; 65 boxes butter.

From Hobart: 109 cases jam;

From Fremantle: 71 barrels tallow.

From Adelaide: 43 bars silver; 89 casks tallow.

From Brisbane: 150 cases beef dripping.

From Colombo: 109 bars refined silver;

From Shanghai: 46 cases silk piecegoods; 181 bales raw silk.

S S Elephanta Agents M Mackenzie from Busra: 1652 bags dry dates; 22358 bundles wet dates; 533 bags wheat; 3188 bundles zahdi dates; 589 bags barley; 53 bags dry beans; 44 bags sheep skins.

From Karachi: 2854 bags wheat; 125 bag gram chuni; 72 bags gram flour; 170 bags almonds; 36 bags rice raw; 1361 bales cotton.

S S Bamora Agents M Mackenzie and Co from K'shahr: 277 bags gum; 100 bundles attari.

From Bahrein: 639 bundles wet dates; 174 bags hassa dates.

From Dubai: 40 bags attari.

From B'Abbas: 200 bags raisins.

From Jask: 100 bags fish manure.

From Muscat: 303 cts pomegranates 39 bundles salted fish; 1648 bags of dates; 427 boxes wet dates.

From Gwadur: 34 bundles mats.

From Karachi: 5541 bags cement; 533 drums liquid asphalt;

From Porebunder: 32 bales ctn piecegoods; 22 cases art silk piecegoods.

DEVELOPMENT OF FISHERIES IN SACHIN

Baroda Expert's Visit To Dumas

DUMAS, Nov. 24.

Mr. S. T. Moses the Director of Fisheries, Baroda, whose services have been placed at the disposal of the Sachin Darbar, for tendering expert advice to develop the fishery resources of the State, arrived at Dumas the summer capital of the Sachin State yesterday

During his stay here he will inspect the sea-board and the estuaries of the Tapti and the Mindola with a view to ascertain at first hand the present condition of the fishing industries there and to make what recommendations seem desirable for their development.

He visited the two fishing centres Bhimpore and Dumas to-day with Major B P. Pande the Prime Minister of the State.

Decrease In Movement Of Cotton Into Loan

PRODUCERS HOLDING FOR HIGHER PRICES

Short Covering And Trade Buying

BOMBAY: NOV. 28.

THE NEW YORK COTTON MARKET WAS UNINTERESTING ON SATURDAY.

FOREIGN ORDERS WERE ON BOTH SIDES, BUT THERE WAS BUYING ON BALANCE.

THE MOVEMENT OF COTTON INTO THE LOAN IS DECREASING SOMEWHAT, BUT PRODUCERS ARE HOLDING FOR HIGHER PRICES.

The market opened steady. Trading was moderately active but narrow early with trade covering in December and hedging of distants. Prices later eased on increased liquidation in sympathy with the easiness of the Stock market but the decline met renewed covering and trade buying.

WEEKLY REVIEW

Prices moved slightly higher on the firmness of December as spot house shorts covered while longs were less inclined to liquidate except on advances. Trading was largely technical based on exchanges from December to forward at slightly widening December premiums. Outside speculative interest was very small.

With numerous Bills to be submitted, uncertainty is increasing over the nature of farm legislation at the next session of Congress. The administration favours the retention of the principles of the present Act but there is a possibility that a coalition of Conservatives may supersede the New Deal.

Small supplies of textiles are appearing at slight concessions but mills are reported to be considering curtailment after the end of the year unless prices become more attractive.

In the meanwhile, apart from stressing the general stabilising influence of the loan programme, there is little disposition to express definite views regarding the outlook.

NEW YORK PRICES

At the opening March delivery was quoted one point up at 8.45 but under scattered selling prices declined to 8.42 which was the lowest level. Later on there was improved demand March was quoted 8.47 which was the highest level. The market closed at a rise of one point to a decline of two points. Spot cotton prices declined 4 points at 9.04c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was quiet but steady and closed unchanged to one point higher. Spot cotton remained unchanged at 8.65c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a decline of 2 points with March 4.86. There was long liquidation on easier Bombay and New York which met scattered support on strength of dollar. Later on there was trade calling and the market closed at a rise of one point to a decline of one point. Middling American spot cotton prices declined 2 points at 5.20d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Under increased selling Giza futures declined 5 ponits while Uppers closed 3 to 5 points down. The Alexandria cotton market was quiet and Sakels futures closed 11 to 3 points down while Ashmouni futures lost 10 to 6 points.

Messrs. Ratilal and Co., state:—

November 25th was the first notice day for December delivery in the New York market. On that day tenders for 4,900 bale were issued, which were readily taken up. On this the December delivery became more firm. To-day the difference between the prices for December 1938 delivery and October 1939 delivery has widened to 96 points.

GINNING FIGURES

In this week on the 21st instant the Ginning Report for U. S. A. crop was published, which shows that 1,07,52,000 bales have been ginned till the 14th November. Considering the time that is still left before last ginnings are over it is likely that about 15 lacs bales more will be added to these figures. If that is so, this year's crop can totally be placed at 122 lacs bales. America to mean more cotton going into the loan the considered to be large—too large—yet as the larger crop is considered in America to mean cotton going into the market there at present seem to act with disregard to statistical position. However, sooner or later this statistical position will have its effect on the market to some extent.

How much crop should be produced there. Yet correct and incorrect prenext year is still an undecided fact sumptions are being drawn about that. One such presumption shows that the crop next year will be of 1 crore bales. It is in the hands of Nature as to how much will be cotton production, though it remains in the hands of President Roosevelt what should be the acreage.

OFFICIAL WARNING

Secretary Wallace has uttered a note of warning aganist increasing stocks of Loan cotton and has stressed the necessity of reducing the Loan stock. It may be just inferred that in the depth of this warning of Secretary Wallace, there is as if a red signal against the prices advancing too much.

Despite the strong resentment shown by the world against oppression of the Jews in Germany, Hitler has not yielded to it in the belief that the dogs may bark but his caravan will go on.

A new agreement has been reached between France and Britain after these two countries accommodated Germany about Czechoslovakia at the Munich Conference. Before this agreement took place there were talks of an agreement between France & Germany also. From the statement made by the Prime Minister of Britain, as regards the latest agreement between France and Britain, it is understood that the French Govt. have either completed an agreement with Germany or is about to do so. If in this way agreements have been arrived at that will be helpful in removing uncertainty from the political situation for the time-being.

LOCAL MARKET

The trend of this market for the whole of this week has remained on the whole steady and towards an advance.

Is the Oomra crop really small? If so, to what extent? On this there are divergent opinions. Reports that are being received from Amraoti side emphasize that the crop there will be half of the last year's crop. Experts of ready cotton refuse to believe this; however even these experts have to concede that the Oomra crop will be less.

The difference between Broach A/May delivery and Oomra December/January price which remained around Rs. 10 about a month ago had narrowed to Rs. 10-1/2 yesterday. This difference has begun to widen again on the belief that there is not so much decrease in Oomra crop as is shown to be.

From the very beginning of this week the market here had continued to advance especially on the strength of Oomra cotton. At advancing prices those shorts who believed that the advance was not real either covered their sales or applied tejis against the same. Along with this the option acceptors were compulsorily buying, and as the prices advanced scattered application of tejis also began. As a result of all these prices rose to high level yesterday when Broach A/May prices touched Rs. 160/14. After this the trend of the market to-day has become less confident.

PRIVATE CABLES.

N. Y. March Highest
(12 noon) ..... 8.47+03
N. Y. March Lowest
(11-22 a.m.) ..... 8.42—02
Liverpool March Highest 4.88
Liverpool March Lowest 4.86—02

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

New York:—Loan deliveries amount to about three million bales. Expect finally between 3 1/2 to four million bales and increasing strength each old crop month as approaches maturity.

Messrs. Bishwambharlal Maheshwari have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

New York:—

1. Principal feature December fixing on buyers call hedge selling October rallied on shorts covering.
2. Advance seems checked for the present due to unfavourable situation of France think buyers will do better by waiting.
3. Continued weakness foreign currencies depressing our market large well connected spot house advocate putting shorts in October believing loan unlikely next season.
4. Indications further special strength December with relative firmness other old crops speculation and hedges depressing October.
5. Cotton situation unchanged December delivery continues firm expect March do likewise textile business quiet which likely continue until New Year.

Messrs. Langley and Co. have received the following cables:—

Cotton—(New York) No. 1. Firm nears until December liquidated then moderate easing. Bearish on distance.

Cotton—(New York) No. 2. Continued weakness foreign currencies depressing our market. Large well connected spot house advocates putting shorts in October believing loan unlikely next season.

Wheat (Liverpool):—Market featureless but at this level shows resistance. If any weakness of plate pressure would advise investment buying.

Messrs. Ratilal and Co., have received the following cable:—

Garside.—Domestic business still rising. Commodities slightly easier. Loan stock about 32,50,000 may ultimately total 35,00,000 to 37,50,000. Decrease consumption American abroad may approximately offset increase this country this season compared last.

BOMBAY YARN EXCHANGE LTD.

Bombay, Nov. 28.

Yarn No. 6 1/2s—			
December	97	0	0
February	97	0	0
April	98	0	0
Yarn No. 10 1/2s—			
December	109	0	0
February	110	0	0
April	110	0	0
Yarn No. 20 1/2s—			
December	149	0	0
February	150	0	0
April	150	0	0
Yarn No. 40s.—			
December	233	0	0
February	233	0	0
April	232	0	0

OSAKA COTTON

Osaka, Nov. 28.

February 53.70

Alexandria Cotton

Alexandria, Nov. 26.

SAKEL—	
January	14.07—11
March	14.27— 9
ASHMOUNI—	
December	11.01—10
February	11.09—10
April	11.15— 9
CIZA—	
January	13.90—15
March	13.99—14

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Nov. 28.

Following a rise of one point in New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 160/4 for Broach A/M. delivery and declined to Rs. 159/8 on selling by professional operators. The undertone of the market was good and it appears that with large short interest in the local market, prices will not show any important decline.

Liverpool market opened at a decline of 2 points and in the local market prices declined to Rs. 159/2. Later on Liverpool market was later on reported one point down and the market closed at 5 p.m.—

F. G. M. G.—			
Broach A/May ..... Rs.	159	2	0
Broach J/A.	160	6	0
Fine M. G.—			
Oomra D/J.	146	6	0
Oomra March	145	12	0
F. G. M. G.—			
Bengal D/J	120	4	0
Bengal March	121	10	0

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, Nov 28

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

In full-pressed bales	Since 1st Sept		
26-11-38	This year	Last year	
Khandesh	1,057	693	
Central India	78 35,041	57	
Barsi and Nagar	5,961	1,417	
Hyderabad Gaorani	254	111	
Berar	496 13,882	3,402	
Central Provinces	55 11,540	411	
Total Oomras	629 67,735	6,091	
Dholera	1,201 35,723	1,905	
N W Provinces	232	1,022	
Rajputana	3,577	3	
Sind Punjab	1,654 46,332	59,277	
Broach	10,830	1,406	
Coompta and Dharwar	9,231	5,750	
Westerns Northerns	4 6,976	727	
Cocoanada		12	
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	1,438	809	
American	512	649	
Egyptian, African and Sudan	182 101,047	94,331	
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	6	268	
Total	3,870 283,639	172,250	

Exports From Bombay

1st Sept to 24th Nov

In full-pressed bales			
26-11-38	This year	Last year	
Europe	30 45,160	41,979	
Japan and China	11,766 246,157	52,415	
Coast Ports	9,602	19,323	
Up-country by Rail	75,027	87,784	
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan	30,474	3,288	
Total	11,796 406,420	204,799	

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, Nov 28

Bengal Superfine 129/30 Dec +6 1/2 Jan +5
Bengal Fine 126/27 Dec +4 1/2 Jan +4
Bengal F G 124/25
C P 1 163/65 Dec +14 Jan +13 1/2
C P 2 153/54 Dec +8 Jan +7
Arvi 154/55
Amraoti 150/51
Ellichpur 153/54
Berar 151/52 Dec +4 Jan +3
Malkapur 150/51
Khandesh 143/45 Dec —3 Jan —5
Jalna Sailu 147/48
Burwah Sanavad 150/52
Khandwa 151/52
Mathia F G Dec —15 Jan —19
Broach March +2 1/2
Punjab 4 F Dec +26
Punjab 289F Dec +60
Sindh N T 207/09 Dec +48

American Cotton Figures

	1938-39	1937-38
F P Bales		
Receipts to date 25-11-38	2608000	4872000
Receipts yesterday 25-11-38	41000	44000
Exports to date 25-11-38	1541000	2458000
Stock at Ports 25-11-38	3170000	3314000
Stock at Interior Towns 25-11-38	3521000	2499000
Stock at Liverpool 25-11-38	1088000	866000
Visible Supply 25-11-38	8058000	7388000
Quantity in sight 25-11-38	6348000	9795000
Quantity out of sight 25-11-38	3925000	4288000

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, Nov 28

Extra Sprfine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M G—				
Bengal U P	128	125	122	119
Punjab	128	125	122	119
Rajputana	128	125	122	119
Oomra No. 3	156	153	150	147
C P No. 1	172	169	166	163
C P No. 2	163	160	157	154

Produce Receipts

Bombay, Nov. 28.

Wheat	3,923 cwts.
Linseed	798 cwts.
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	25 cwts.
Gingellyseed	936 cwts.
Groundnuts	12,107 cwts.
Rice	2,893 cwts.
Myrabollams	2,055 cwts.
Cottonseed	17,182 cwts.
Gram	2,331 cwts.
Joowar	798 cwts.
Bajree	4,054 cwts.
Indian Sugar	4,228 cwts.

Egyptian Cotton

Liverpool, Nov. 26.

GIZA—	
Spot	8.18—3.
November	7.57—5.
January	7.74—5.
March	7.68+5.
May	7.64—5.
Giza No. 2.—	
January	7.81—6.
March	7.84—5.
May	7.83—5.
UPPERS—	
Spot	6.39—2.
November	6.26—3.
January	6.28—4.
March	6.29—5.
May	6.31—4.
July	6.32—4.
October	6.21—4.
November	6.12—4.

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, Nov. 28.

On Saturday London gold prices advanced 1 1/2d. to £7-10-0. London Paris Exchange rate was 2 points up at 178.71 Dollar sterling cross rate was 4.62 11/16. London silver prices were unchanged at 20 1/8d. There was small American buying and speculative selling. Shanghai T. T. on London was quoted 0/8. London Bombay parity was Rs. 53 for ready and Rs. 51-14-0 for forward. The local market was fairly steady to-day with a moderate turnover and prices fluctuated within a narrow range. Gold was firm with active demand.

GOLD

Ready	37	9	3
Magsar delivery	37	9	6
Magsar Tejimandi	0	4	0
Posh delivery	37	9	9
Posh Tejimandi	0	7	3

SILVER

Ready	51	5	0
Magsar delivery	51	5	0
Magsar Tejimandi	0	6	0
Posh delivery	51	4	0
Posh Tejimandi	0	15	0

New York Sugar

New York, Nov. 26.

January	2.05.
March	2.08.
May	2.12.
July	2.14.

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, Nov. 26.

December	£10-5-0.
January	£10-3-9.

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, Nov. 26.

December	5 3/4d.
March	5 1/2d.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, Nov. 26.

December	dol 0.61 3/8.
May	dol 0.64 7/8.
July	dol 0.65 1/8.

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, Nov. 28.

Castorseeds May—			
Opening	28	14	0
Highest	29	0	0
Lowest	28	13	0
Closing	28	14	0
Groundnuts Feb—			
Opening	27	12	0
Highest	28	1	0
Lowest	27	10	6
Closing	27	13	9
Cottonseeds Jan.—			
Opening	20	10	0
Highest	20	12	3
Lowest	20	9	6
Closing	20	11	6

Bombay Metals

Bombay, Nov. 28.

Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 40/8
Copper sheets	Rs. 50/4

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York—Liverpool:—
Dec. 71 Jan. 93 March 97 May 111 July 128 Oct. 130 at Cross Rate 4.62 11/16.
Bombay—Liverpool:—
Broach A/M. 1939 159/12—Liverpool May 1939 4.86 Rs. 51 3/4 at Exchange 1/6
Bombay—Liverpool:—
Broach J/A. 1939 161—Liverpool July 1939 4.83 Rs. 49 1/4 at Exchange 1/6.
Bombay—New York:—
Broach A/M. 1939 159/12—New York May 8.15 Rs. 36 1/2 at Cross Rate 4.62 11/16.
Bombay—New York:—
Broach J/A. 1939 161—New York July 8.02 Rs. 29 1/2 at Cross Rate 4.62 11/16.

Cotton Arrivals

Receipts into Bombay on 24th/25th Nov.	10,637
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1938	279,969
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	169,974
Increase	109,995

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, Nov. 28

GOVT. SECURITIES.

3 1/2 per cent Paper	95/6
4 per cent 1960-70	111/8
5 per cent 1945-55	116/11

BANKS

Bank of Baroda	116
Bank of Hindusthan	30
Bank of India	148/8
Central Bank	29/14
Imperial Bank F.P.	1576/4
Imperial Bank P.P.	384/6
Indian Overseas Bank	45
Reserve Bank	115
Union Bank	5/12

TEXTILES

Ahmd. New Textiles	510
Ambica	243/12
Arun	228/12
Arvind	1320
Asok	223/12
Bharatkhand	2515
Bombay Dyeing	892/8
Buckingham and Carnatics	202
Calico	611/4
Central India	239/6
Century	254/6
Colaba	147/8
Delhi Cloth and Gen. Mills	32
Elgin	212/8
Gokak	155
Hukumchand	168/2
Indore	55
Jubilee	205
Khatau Makanji	117/8
Kohinoor	257/8
Laxmi Cotton	522/8
Madhusudan	200
Masden	101/4
Morarji	136/14
Mysore	83/12
Nandlal Bhandari	77/4
New Great	229/6
Rajpur	75
Sholapur	229/4
Sirpur	97/8

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Nov. 28.

3 1/2 per cent G P Notes (Cash)	98/8		
2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 Loan	99/8		
3 per cent 1951/54 Loan	101/10		
3 per cent 1941 Bonds	102/13		
3 per cent 1963/65	98/2		
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50	105/4		
4 per cent 1940/43 Bonds	108/6		
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan	111/3		
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan	119		
5 per cent U P Bonds	98		
5 per cent 1939/44 Loan	102/4		
5 per cent 1940/43 Loan	106/2		
TAX FREES.			
5 per cent 1945/55 Loan	116/11		
4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore	111/8		
5 per cent 1955 Mysore	124		
CORPORATION DEBENTURES			
4 per cent 1974 B P T	110/4		
4 per cent 1974 M Deb	109/8		
4 per cent 1974 M Deb	119		
5 per cent 1954 M Deb	130		

Note:—3 1/2 per cent G P Notes opened at Rs. 98-7-0 to close better at Rs. 98/8. Budli difference quote about

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, Nov. 28.

B C RATES—
T T D D 1/5 27/32
LONDON—
Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 29/32
Bank's buying T T 1/5 15/16
Bank's buying D D 1/5 31/32
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 1/32 to March 1/6 1/16 April/October
NEW YORK—
Bank's selling T T 290 3/4
Bank's buying T T 287 3/4
Bank's buying D D 287
PARIS—
Bank's selling T T 1,313
Bank's buying T T 1,347
JAPAN—
Bank's selling T T 78 5/8
Bank's buying T T 78
Bank's buying 60 days 77
AMSTERDAM—
Bank's selling D D 62 7/8
JAVA—
Bank's selling D D 62 3/4
HONGKONG—
Bank's selling D D 85 1/4
SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D D 48
SINGAPORE—
Bank's selling D D 157 1/2
BERLIN—
Bank's selling D D 85 1/8
CROSS RATE—
New York/London 4.62.93 26th instant.
Japan/London 1/2 1/64 28th instant.
Hongkong/London 1/2 31/32 28th instant.
Shanghai/London 0/8 28th instant.
Java/London 8.49 28th instant.
London/Paris 178.71 26th instant.
London/Belgium 27.36 26th instant.
London/Switzerland 20.38 26th instant.
London/Berlin 11.57 1/2 26th inst.
London/Stockholm 19.41 1/2 26th instant.
London/New York 4.62.87 26th instant
London/Amsterdam 8.50 3/4 26th instant.
London/Italy 88.06 26th instant.
Tone of Sterling Exchange.—Firm Near. Quiet Forward.
Gold £7-9-10 1/2 25th instant.
Gold £7-10-0 26th instant.
Silver London Ready 20 1/8 25th instant.
Silver London Ready 20 1/8 26th instant.
Silver London Forward 19 5/8 25th instant.
Silver London Forward 19 5/8 26th instant.
Silver New York Ready 43 25th instant.
Silver New York Ready 43 26th instant.
London Discounts 3 months 7/8 per cent 25th instant.
London Discounts 3 months 7/8 per cent 26th instant.
London Discounts 6 months 7/8 to 1 per cent 25th instant.
London Discounts 6 months 7/8 per cent 26th instant.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent
Money:—
Call 1/4 per cent.
3 months 1 per cent.
6 months 1 1/4 per cent.
Tone:—Easy.

Sassoon and Alliance	72/12	
Sholapur	3200	
Simplex	79/6	
Swadeshi	218/12	
Vishnu	1950	
HYDRO ELECTRICS		
Andhra Valley Ord.	1432/8	
Tata Hydro Ord.	156/14	
Tata Power Ord.	1305	
ELECTRICS		
Ahmedabad Electrics	139/6	
Ajmer Electrics	12/8	
Amalgamated	12/2	
Bombay Suburban	142/8	
Bombay Tram.	123/2	
Surat Electrics	172/8	
MISCELLANEOUS		
Air Services of India	5/8	
Alcock Ashdown	347/8	
Associated Cements	168/8	
Belapur	183/2	
Bombay Burma New	183/12	
Bombay Burma Old	525	
Bombay Steam	215	
Bombay Telephone	82/4	
Br B. Petrol	3/12	
Burma Corporation	6/3	
Dalmia Cement	9/14	
Indian Bleaching	125/10	
Industrial Investment Tr.	41/4	
Indian Radio Ord.	385/10	
Indian Radio Defd	390	
Indian Copper	2/5	
Indian Iron	31/12	
Mysore Sugar	31/8	
Port Canning	74/8	
Premier Construction	65	
Rohtas Industries	25/12	
Scindia Steam	20/1	
Shivrajpur	52/8	
Tata Oil	49/8	
Tata Steel Ordy.	320	
Tata Steel Defd	1545	
JUTES.		
Birla Jute	15/4	
Howrah	50/4	
Hukumchand	6/8	
Kamarhatty	470	
Kankanarrah	356	
Lawrence	333	
Reliance	59	

DELIVERY OF SHARES

Following delivery slips have been issued to-day:—

Tata Ordinaries	585
Tata Deferreds	15
Indian Irons	709
Bombay Dyeings	29
Nagpur	5
Associated Cements	20

Share Bazar Rules Steady With Small Business

DECLINE IN U. S. STEELS IGNORED

Narrow Fluctuations And Tata Steels Steady

BOMBAY: NOV. 28.

On Saturday the Wall-Street Market declined on increased selling pressure despite satisfactory trade reports. It is believed that selling was induced by year-end adjustments and the clouded European situation. U. S. Steel shares declined dollars two and Anaconda Copper shares closed dol. 1-1/8 down. Dow Industrial averages were 148.45 against 150.10 on Friday.

The firmness of dollar in the face of the Tripartite Agreement, seems to have some sound reason as to control intervention is found ineffective and with the depreciation of sterling, Gold prices are soaring.

The improvement in dollar is bound to have adverse effect on America's foreign trade. It may be interesting to know that some countries with limited means are able enough to stabilise exchange rates, while the richest countries like the United States of America, are unable to stabilise dollar-sterling cross-rates seems curious.

It is difficult to name the direct cause behind the present movement and it will be interesting to watch further changes.

The local market took no notice of the decline in U. S. Steel shares and after opening steady prices hardened and reached Saturday's closing level.

Later on there was some realising and prices declined, but the tone of the market was very steady throughout the session. In view of business commencing for the next settlement to-morrow, there was not much fresh business.

Prices fluctuated within a narrow range with Tata Dfds. highest Rs. 1,557 and lowest Rs. 1,545. Cotton Mill shares were also fairly steady.

TEXTILE SHARES

BOMBAY, Nov. 28.

100 Ahmd. Advance	421	4
200 BOMBAY DYEING	893	12
100 CENTURY	254	8
100 CENTRAL INDIA	239	8
100 COLABA	148	0
100 Coorla	95	0
250 David	75	0
250 Dawn	325	0
1 E. D. Sassoon	0	5 6
100 Finlay	116	14
100 GOKAK	155	8
1,000 Hindustan	1,705	0
100 Indore	55	0
100 Khatau	117	8
100 KOHINOOR	258	0
150 Laxmi	522	8
250 Madras United	35	0
100 Morarji	137	0
250 Model	46	12
50 MYSORE	89	0
200 NEW GREAT	230	0
100 Osmanshahi	40	0
100 PHOENIX	222	8
25 Sassoon Silk	71	0
1,000 Sholapur	3,222	8
50 SIMPLEX	79	8
100 SWEDESHI	219	0
100 Swan	103	2
500 Vishnu	1250	0
1,000 Westerns	860	0
BANKS.		
50-100 Baroda	116	0
25-50 Central	29	14
500 Imperial	1,576	4
125-500 Imp. Conty.	384	6
50-100 India	148	8
100 Reserve Bank	115	0
5 Unions	5	12
CEMENTS.		
100 Associated	108	12
INSURANCE.		
100-500 Empire	696	4
15-100 Jupitor	13	0
20 Mercantile	52	4
15-100 New India	38	14
200 Oriental	4325	0
10-50 Vulcan	7	2
ELECTRIC		
100 Ah. Old	139	6
1,000 ANDHRA VALLEY	1,435	0
10 Ajmer	12	2
10 Amalgmd.	13	0
50 Bombay Tram	123	4
100 Bombay Suburban	142	8
10 Broach	10	4
100 Karachi	185	0
100 Poona	170	10
100 Surat	172	8
100 TATA HYDRO	157	0
1,000 TATA POWERS	1,307	8
RAILWAYS.		
100 Ahmedabad Prantij	942	8
100 C Province	101	0
100 Dn Baramati	103	4
100 Gujarat	100	4
100 Mandra Bhon	99	8
100 Pachora Jamner	97	4
100 Sara Serajgunj	101	4

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, Nov. 28.

Bombay Dyeing (893/12) 897 900 892 891 893
Century (256/8) 256 257 254/8
Central India (241/8) 239 240 239/8
Kohinoor (260/8) 260 259 258 257/8 258
New Great (231) 231 231 232 230
Simplex (80) 80
Swadeshi (222) 222 220/8 219/8 219
Associated Cement (108/8) 108/12 109/4 108/8 108/12
Andhra (1430) 1435
Tram. Ord. (123/8) 123/4
Tata Hydro (157) 157
Tata Power (1307/8) 1307 1312 1315 1307
T. Steel Dfd. (1555) 1540 1550 1557 1542 1545
T. Steel Ord (320/8) 320 322 321 320 319/8
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (160/4) 159/4 160
Bellapur (183/8) 183/8 184 183/8
B. Steam (217) 217 216
B. Burma (528/12) 527 530 527 526

500 Tapti Valley	732	8
MINING.		
9 Burma Corp.	6	3
8sh. Indian Copper	2	0
10 Indian Iron and Steel	31	12
10 Shivrajpur	52	12
76 TATA STEEL DEFDS.	1,545	0
75 TATA STEEL ORD.	319	8
MISCELLANEOUS		
100 ALCOCK	343	0
60 BELAPUR SUGAR	183	8
200 250 Bombay Safe Dep.	340	0
250 BOMBAY STEAM	216	0
125 B. BURMA	526	4
50 Bombay Conty.	183	12
8sh. Br. B. Petrol	3	12 6
50 BOMBAY TELEPHONE	82	8
100 I. BLEACHING	126	0
50 Invest Trust	41	4
100 I. Radio Defd	390	0
100 I. Radio Ord.	385	10
100 Port Canning	74	4
30 Premier Com. XD.	63	0
15 Scindia	20	1
25 Tata Oil Mill (nil)	49	8
PREFERENCE		
5 1/2 Amalgmad (T. F.)	106	0
7 p.c. Andhra Valley	1515	0
6 p.c Bombay Steam XD	283	12
5 p.c. Bombay Tram (T.F.)	73	4
5 p.c. Central India (T.F)	575	0
6¼ p.c. Prem. Const 1st.	103	0
6-1/4 p.c. Prem. Const. 2nd	97	0
7 p.c Tata Hydro	150	10
7½ p.c. Tata Power	1602	12
6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st	203	0
7-1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd.	160	0
7 p.c Vishnu	717	8
DEBENTURES		
3-3/4 p.c Andhra Valley	102	8
6 p.c Andhra Valley	107	12
4 p.c Bombay Telephone	52	12
7 p.c. Sholapur	80	8
6 p.c. Tata Hydro.	108	8

(Capital Letters indicate Shares on Forward List.)

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Nov. 26.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dol.	
Amr. Water Works Com.	13	
Amr. Forn Power Gold D 5 p.c.	34	
Amr. Forn Power Pfd. 7 p.c.	17	
Electric Bond Common	10	1/4
Electric Bond 5 p.c. Pfd.	58	
American Tel and Tel.	147	1/2
Western Union Tely.	24	1/2
Great North Pfd Rly.	25	
New York Central Rly.	18	1/4
Union Pacific Rly.	92	
Texas Corp.	43	1/4
Amr. Tobacco B	85	
Union Carbide	86	1/4
Allis Chalmers	47	
United States Steel	63	1/2
Crucible Steel	38	
Ludlum Steel	25	
National Steel	78	
Republic Steel	23	
Steel Co., of Canada	70	
Anaconda Copper Mining	33	1/2
Int. Nickel of Canada	52	
Chrysler Motors	79	
General Motors	48	1/2
General Electric	42	
Radio Corp	7	1/2
Boeing Airplane	32	
Consolidated Oil	85	1/2
Imperial Oil of Canada	18	
Socony Oil	13	1/2
Chase Bank	23	1/4
National City Bank	23	

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Nov. 25.

Broach A/M. 1939 on 160 1/8 highest 160 5/8 lowest 159 1/2 closing 159 5/8.
Broach J/A. on 161 5/8 highest 161 3/4 lowest 160 5/8 closing 160 7/8
Oomra D/J on 148 1/4 highest 148 1/4 lowest 146 7/8 closing 146 7/8
Oomra March on 147 1/4 highest 147 1/4 lowest 146 1/4 closing 146 3/8
Bengal D/J on 122 highest 122 lowest 120 1/2 closing 120 1/2
Bengal March on 123 highest 123 lowest 121 1/2 closing 121 1/2
Teji/Mandi for Broach A/May 1939 (21-12-38) Rs. 4.
Teji/Mandi for Broach A/May 1939 (24-3-39) Rs. 9 1/4
Teji/Mandi for Broach J/Aug. 1939 (24-6-39) Rs. 13 3/4.

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, Nov. 28.

December	204.70+30.
February	203.90+00.
March	203.90+00.

Alaska Juneau 10

Turnover 703,000 shares. Unsettled owing to international situation; business news is encouraging. Carloadings up 20787. Dow Jones average 148.45 against 150.10 yes

Regd. No. B 1065

ASK FOR INDO-BALM CURES ALL ACHES & PAINS KARNIK BROS, BOMBAY 4

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

Regd. No. B 1065

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1938

INCOME-TAX BILL TO DIE

'Father Grigg' As Its Undertaker

TALKS WITH JINNAH PROVE ABORTIVE

Viceroy's Action Stiffens Opposition

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

NEW DELHI: NOV. 28.

IT APPEARS VERY LIKELY THAT THE INCOME-TAX BILL WILL DIE A PREMATURE DEATH.

WEEK-END TALKS BETWEEN SIR JAMES GRIGG AND MR. A. JINNAH DO NOT APPEAR TO HAVE RESULTED IN ANY AGREEMENT ON CLAUSE IV.

I understand that the suggestion mooted by the Muslim League was that income from Indian business abroad should be exempted from taxation under Accrual Clause, and that, on this understanding, they might agree to exemption of investment income of foreign residents in India.

This suggestion is the latest compromise made with a view to secure that the proposed taxation of the foreign income on accrual basis does not touch business interests—particularly, small traders, who have dealings outside India.

I am told, however, that this is not acceptable to Sir James Grigg and according to lobby reports, there will be a definite break between the Government and the non-official Groups when Clause IV is reached and Sir James Grigg will probably have to withdraw the Bill and close this special session abruptly.

Great resentment prevails in the lobby over Governor-General's decision not to permit any amendments to Clause IV or 53, which affects foreign interests. It is considered strange that the Governor-General did not consider it expedient to grant sanction for even a single amendment to be moved. This has stiffened lobby position against the Bill.

GOVERNOR AT VENGURLA

Don't Overcrowd Ministry With Demands

Replying to Venguria Municipal address Sir Roger Lumley, Governor of Bombay, said:—

Let me assure you that it has been a great pleasure to Lady Lumley and myself to break our journey along the Konkan Coast to visit your historic town and the picturesque country in its neighbourhood. We thank you most sincerely for the loyal sentiments you have expressed and for the very friendly welcome you have accorded us.

You may rest assured that every legitimate demand will receive the most careful and sympathetic consideration of my Government, but it must be borne in mind that the demands from all sides on the Finance Minister are very great. I recommend you, therefore, to use your own sources of taxation to the greatest extent possible before approaching Government

RELEASE OF POLITICALS

Bose's Plan For All-India Committee

LAHORE, Nov. 27.

The "United Press" learns that Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, Congress President, proposes to set up soon an All-India Committee to take up agitation seriously for the release of political prisoners all over the country.

This Committee, it is learnt, will co-ordinate under its auspices all work in respect of the agitation to secure the release of political prisoners.—United Press.

HINDUSTAN BUILDING OPENED

NEW DELHI, Nov. 27.

Sir Nripendra Sirkar, Law Member to the Government of India, opened the Hindustan Building at New Delhi this evening.—United Press.

STATEMENT ON FEDERATION

Linlithgow May Make Pronouncement In Associated Chamber Of Commerce

CALCUTTA, Nov. 28.

The New Delhi Correspondent of the "Amrita Bazar Patrika" understands that an authoritative statement on Federation which has lately been the subject of much speculation will be made by H. E. Viceroy at Calcutta, while addressing the Associated Chamber of Commerce on December, 19.

The occasion will also provide Lord Linlithgow to make his first public pronouncement since his return from England which His Excellency will follow up with speeches in the States to be visited later.—United Press.

BIHAR GOVERNMENT'S LITERACY DRIVE

Reference At Senate Meeting

PATNA, Nov. 28.

The question of securing endowments from the public for expanding the scope of the work of the Patna University, the educational activities of the Bihar Government and the recent activities of the student organisations were referred to by Dr. Sachchidananda Sinha, Vice-Chancellor of the Patna University in his address before the University Senate to-day.

The first of the educational activities of the Bihar Government that the Vice-Chancellor touched upon was the drive against illiteracy which, he said, was bound in the fulness of time to have a reaction on the fortunes of the University and its work.

Proposal For Kala Azar Commission

PATNA, Nov. 26.

The Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Bihar, will, it is understood, attend the Sixth Conference of Medical Research Workers expected to be held at New Delhi from December 12 to 17. It is further understood he will move a resolution from the constitution of a Kala Azar Commission under the Indian Research Fund Association to be sent to Bihar to investigate the epidemic areas and the spread of Kala Azar in Bihar and to connect up these investigations with observations on similar areas in Assam, Bengal and the United Provinces.—A.P

Amarnath being mobbed by cricket-fans on the pitch on his scoring the second century on Sunday.

ANTI-TUBERCULOSIS FUND

Grand Total Now Rs. 63,46,981

The twenty-third list of subscriptions actually received up to November 15, 1938 in response to Her Excellency the Marchioness of Linlithgow's appeal for the King Emperor's Anti-Tuberculosis Fund, amounts to Rs. 1,55,729-14-7 which brings the grand total of cash in hand to Rs. 63,46,981-14-1.

Bear Near Council Chamber

LUCKNOW, Nov. 26

A bear with a sore head is at large in Lucknow. It has defied all attempts at capture, mauled a person who ventured too close to it, and has at present taken refuge in the drain near the Council Chamber.—A. P.

Flood Conference To Meet At Lucknow

(From Our Correspondent)

PATNA, Nov. 28.

It is understood that a Joint Flood Conference with Government of the United Province will be held on December 9th & 10th. at Lucknow. Following the Conference at Lucknow a further conference will be held at Saran, Bihar.

British Policy Criticised

Burmans Urge Neutrality In Sino-Japanese Conflict

RANGOON, Nov. 26.

That the Government of Burma should declare a neutral foreign policy has been urged by the Myochit, Party (patriotic) Parliamentary Opposition Party in a letter addressed to the Governor by its Secretary. The occasion was the presence of the cargoship "Stanhall" in Rangoon with 6,000 tons of arms intended for China to be carried overland Burma across to Central China.

In the course of the letter the Secretary says:

"In view of the fact that Burma and the British Government are not participants or combatants in the unfortunate Sino-Japanese conflict, a general impression has been caused that the British Government is 'asking for trouble' for Burma, by not associating itself with a strict policy of non-intervention in the Sino-Japanese conflict and permitting arms to be transported to China across Burma." The Party, he says, must strongly protest and dissociate itself with the decision of the Government which could not be discribed as having been dictated by the true interests of Burma. Though having every sympathy with the Chinese people, Myochit Party must at the same time look first to the interests and safety of the people of Burma, the letter concludes.—A. P.

Innings Defeat For 'Rest'

C. S. Naidu Takes 5 Wkts.

Harris' Effort For "The Rest"

A FEATURE OF THE THIRD DAY'S PLAY, IN THE MATCH, BETWEEN THE HINDUS AND "THE REST" XI, IN THE PENTANGULAR CRICKET TOURNAMENT, WAS HARRIS' GOOD EFFORT FOR HIS 100, JUST AFTER GETTING WHICH HE WAS BOWLED. HARRIS, IN THE "REST" SECOND INNINGS, CARRIED HIS BAT FOR A WELL-MADE 48 AND PROVED THAT HE WAS NOT ONLY IN BOWLING BUT BATTING FORM ALSO.

Enforced Follow-on

THE "REST" FIRST INNINGS TERMINATED WITH A TOTAL OF 349 AND THE HINDU SKIPPER ENFORCED THE 'FOLLOW-ON'. IN THEIR SECOND INNINGS "REST" XI WERE ALL OUT FOR 195, GIVING THE HINDUS, AN INNINGS AND 16 RUNS.

C. S. NAYUDU WAS THE MOST SUCCESSFUL HINDU BOWLER, HIS BAG BEING FIVE FOR 99 IN THE FIRST INNINGS AND FOUR FOR 73 IN THE SECOND.

HINDUS	*(For 7 wickets Declared)*	*560*
REST	*(1st Innings)*	*349*
REST	*(2nd Innings)*	*195*

Harris and Fernandes, the overnight out-outs resumed the 'Rest' XI first innings, on Monday morning facing the bowling of Bannerjee and Amarsing.

In his second over Amarsing dismissed Fernandes, uprooting his off-stump when the batsman had 12 runs to his name and the total stood at 215, (215—7—12).

HARRIS 50

E. Shaw was the next batsman in. Exactly at 11 a.m. Harris, with a single off Amarsing, reached his 50, for which he batted for 95 minutes. the Kirkee batsman's half century having 4 boundary strokes in it.

At 241 Amar Nath replaced Bannerjee from the Club House end.

250 UP

250 of the innings was telegraphed after 41 minutes play this morning, the batsmen having kept the rate of 1-minute-a-run. 41 runs having been added to the overnight total in as many minutes.

'C. K.' took up the Marine Drive end from Amarsing. Harris had now got past his 60. The Kirkee player continued to bat steadily this morning and 2 runs off Amar Nath put him in his seventies, while the total was raised to 270. Shaw, who was dropped by Nimbalkar, had now reached his individual 30.

The Hindu Captain took off Amar Nath in favour of C. S. Nayudu. Harris leg-glided the new bowler for a four. Shaw, coming opposite 'C. K.' steered him through the slips for a four and then taking 1 run on the last ball of the same bowler, reached his 40, while 290 was also signalled.

300 UP

300 was telegraphed when Harris drove C. S. Nayudu straight to the pavilion for a four, this having put the batsman in his eighties also. The 'Rest' innings had now been in progress for 268 minutes. Harris was attacking the bowlers fearlessly and with 2 fours off the Hindu captain had reached his 90. Shaw got past his 50 with a 2 off C. S. Nayudu. Shaw was at the crease for exactly 65 minutes and hit 5 fours.

HARRIS 100 AND BOWLED.

Harris with a single off 'C.K.' got his 100, in a stay of 150 minutes and reached the boundary 11 times. The Kirkee batsman can be well proud of his achievement, especially because he scored his 100 against India's Test bowlers. It is very creditable, indeed and I am sure he will be considered for the next Indian team. Harris is also a first class hockey player and is a member of the Kirkee United. Coming opposite 'C. S.' Harris was clean bowled by the Indore bowler, who dislodged his off-stump. (330—8—100).

D'Mello joined Shaw but the latter was out 1 run later, being

(Continued on page 10, col. 1)

Roshan Lal, the Punjab University 'Blue', who substituted for V. M. Merchant on the Hindu side due to Vijay's knee trouble. Roshan Lal is a candidate for the Hindu side for the final match in place of Amarnath, who is unable to play and is leaving for Lahore to-night.

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE

GUNMAN'S BLUFF

BLIMEY, SIR, IT'S ARF AN HOUR SINCE TH' HINSPECTOR WENT IN THERE!
I TOLD WADE NOT TO TRUST THAT DAME! WE BETTER GO IN!
8-29
DONAVAN LIFTS HIS ARM AS A SIGNAL TO THE CORDON OF POLICE....
LET'S GO!
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